107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1510

AN ACT

- To deter and punish terrorist acts in the United States and around the world, to enhance law enforcement investigatory tools, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS.
 - 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
 - 5 "Uniting and Strengthening America Act" or the "USA
- 6 Act of 2001".

1 (b) Table of Contents.— The table of contents

2 for this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title and table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Construction; severability.

TITLE I—ENHANCING DOMESTIC SECURITY AGAINST TERRORISM

- Sec. 101. Counterterrorism fund.
- Sec. 102. Sense of Congress condemning discrimination against Arab and Muslim Americans.
- Sec. 103. Increased funding for the technical support center at the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- Sec. 104. Requests for military assistance to enforce prohibition in certain emergencies.
- Sec. 105. Expansion of national electronic crime task force initiative.
- Sec. 106. Presidential authority.

TITLE II—ENHANCED SURVEILLANCE PROCEDURES

- Sec. 201. Authority to intercept wire, oral, and electronic communications relating to terrorism.
- Sec. 202. Authority to intercept wire, oral, and electronic communications relating to computer fraud and abuse offenses.
- Sec. 203. Authority to share criminal investigative information.
- Sec. 204. Clarification of intelligence exceptions from limitations on interception and disclosure of wire, oral, and electronic communications
- Sec. 205. Employment of translators by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- Sec. 206. Roving surveillance authority under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.
- Sec. 207. Duration of FISA surveillance of non-United States persons who are agents of a foreign power.
- Sec. 208. Designation of judges.
- Sec. 209. Seizure of voice-mail messages pursuant to warrants.
- Sec. 210. Scope of subpoenas for records of electronic communications.
- Sec. 211. Clarification of scope.
- Sec. 212. Emergency disclosure of electronic communications to protect life and limb.
- Sec. 213. Authority for delaying notice of the execution of a warrant.
- Sec. 214. Pen register and trap and trace authority under FISA.
- Sec. 215. Access to records and other items under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act.
- Sec. 216. Modification of authorities relating to use of pen registers and trap and trace devices.
- Sec. 217. Interception of computer trespasser communications.
- Sec. 218. Foreign intelligence information.
- Sec. 219. Single-jurisdiction search warrants for terrorism.
- Sec. 220. Nationwide service of search warrants for electronic evidence.
- Sec. 221. Trade sanctions.
- Sec. 222. Assistance to law enforcement agencies.

TITLE III—INTERNATIONAL MONEY LAUNDERING ABATEMENT AND ANTI-TERRORIST FINANCING ACT OF 2001

- Sec. 301. Short title.
- Sec. 302. Findings and purposes.
- Sec. 303. 4-Year congressional review-expedited consideration.

SUBTITLE A—INTERNATIONAL COUNTER MONEY LAUNDERING AND RELATED MEASURES

- Sec. 311. Special measures for jurisdictions, financial institutions, or international transactions of primary money laundering concern.
- Sec. 312. Special due diligence for correspondent accounts and private banking accounts.
- Sec. 313. Prohibition on United States correspondent accounts with foreign shell banks.
- Sec. 314. Cooperative efforts to deter money laundering.
- Sec. 315. Inclusion of foreign corruption offenses as money laundering crimes.
- Sec. 316. Anti-terrorist forfeiture protection.
- Sec. 317. Long-arm jurisdiction over foreign money launderers.
- Sec. 318. Laundering money through a foreign bank.
- Sec. 319. Forfeiture of funds in United States interbank accounts.
- Sec. 320. Proceeds of foreign crimes.
- Sec. 321. Exclusion of aliens involved in money laundering.
- Sec. 322. Corporation represented by a fugitive.
- Sec. 323. Enforcement of foreign judgments.
- Sec. 324. Increase in civil and criminal penalties for money laundering.
- Sec. 325. Report and recommendation.
- Sec. 326. Report on effectiveness.
- Sec. 327. Concentration accounts at financial institutions.

SUBTITLE B—CURRENCY TRANSACTION REPORTING AMENDMENTS AND RELATED IMPROVEMENTS

- Sec. 331. Amendments relating to reporting of suspicious activities.
- Sec. 332. Anti-money laundering programs.
- Sec. 333. Penalties for violations of geographic targeting orders and certain recordkeeping requirements, and lengthening effective period of geographic targeting orders.
- Sec. 334. Anti-money laundering strategy.
- Sec. 335. Authorization to include suspicions of illegal activity in written employment references.
- Sec. 336. Bank Secrecy Act advisory group.
- Sec. 337. Agency reports on reconciling penalty amounts.
- Sec. 338. Reporting of suspicious activities by securities brokers and dealers; investment company study.
- Sec. 339. Special report on administration of Bank Secrecy provisions.
- Sec. 340. Bank Secrecy provisions and anti-terrorist activities of United States intelligence agencies.
- Sec. 341. Reporting of suspicious activities by hawala and other underground banking systems.
- Sec. 342. Use of Authority of the United States Executive Directors.

SUBTITLE C—CURRENCY CRIMES

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SUBTITLE D—ANTICORRUPTION MEASURES

Sec. 361. Corruption of foreign governments and ruling elites.

- Sec. 362. Support for the financial action task force on money laundering.
- Sec. 363. Terrorist funding through money laundering.

TITLE IV—PROTECTING THE BORDER

Subtitle A—Protecting the Northern Border

- Sec. 401. Ensuring adequate personnel on the northern border.
- Sec. 402. Northern border personnel.
- Sec. 403. Access by the Department of State and the INS to certain identifying information in the criminal history records of visa applicants and applicants for admission to the United States.
- Sec. 404. Limited authority to pay overtime.
- Sec. 405. Report on the integrated automated fingerprint identification system for points of entry and overseas consular posts.

Subtitle B—Enhanced Immigration Provisions

- Sec. 411. Definitions relating to terrorism.
- Sec. 412. Mandatory detention of suspected terrorists; habeas corpus; judicial review.
- Sec. 413. Multilateral cooperation against terrorists.

TITLE V—REMOVING OBSTACLES TO INVESTIGATING TERRORISM

- Sec. 501. Professional Standards for Government Attorneys Act of 2001.
- Sec. 502. Attorney General's authority to pay rewards to combat terrorism.
- Sec. 503. Secretary of State's authority to pay rewards.
- Sec. 504. DNA identification of terrorists and other violent offenders.
- Sec. 505. Coordination with law enforcement.
- Sec. 506. Miscellaneous national security authorities.
- Sec. 507. Extension of Secret Service jurisdiction.
- Sec. 508. Disclosure of educational records.
- Sec. 509. Disclosure of information from NCES surveys.

TITLE VI—PROVIDING FOR VICTIMS OF TERRORISM, PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICERS, AND THEIR FAMILIES

Subtitle A—Aid to Families of Public Safety Officers

- Sec. 601. Expedited payment for public safety officers involved in the prevention, investigation, rescue, or recovery efforts related to a terrorist attack.
- Sec. 602. Technical correction with respect to expedited payments for heroic public safety officers.
- Sec. 603. Public Safety Officers Benefit Program payment increase.
- Sec. 604. Office of justice programs.

Subtitle B—Amendments to the Victims of Crime Act of 1984

- Sec. 621. Crime Victims Fund.
- Sec. 622. Crime victim compensation.
- Sec. 623. Crime victim assistance.
- Sec. 624. Victims of terrorism.

TITLE VII—INCREASED INFORMATION SHARING FOR CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION

Sec. 701. Expansion of regional information sharing system to facilitate Federal-State-local law enforcement response related to terrorist attacks.

TITLE VIII—STRENGTHENING THE CRIMINAL LAWS AGAINST TERRORISM

- Sec. 801. Terrorist attacks and other acts of violence against mass transportation systems.
- Sec. 802. Expansion of the biological weapons statute.
- Sec. 803. Definition of domestic terrorism.
- Sec. 804. Prohibition against harboring terrorists.
- Sec. 805. Jurisdiction over crimes committed at U.S. facilities abroad.
- Sec. 806. Material support for terrorism.
- Sec. 807. Assets of terrorist organizations.
- Sec. 808. Technical clarification relating to provision of material support to terrorism.
- Sec. 809. Definition of Federal crime of terrorism.
- Sec. 810. No statute of limitation for certain terrorism offenses.
- Sec. 811. Alternate maximum penalties for terrorism offenses.
- Sec. 812. Penalties for terrorist conspiracies.
- Sec. 813. Post-release supervision of terrorists.
- Sec. 814. Inclusion of acts of terrorism as racketeering activity.
- Sec. 815. Deterrence and prevention of cyberterrorism.
- Sec. 816. Additional defense to civil actions relating to preserving records in response to government requests.
- Sec. 817. Development and support of cybersecurity forensic capabilities.

TITLE IX—IMPROVED INTELLIGENCE

- Sec. 901. Responsibilities of Director of Central Intelligence regarding foreign intelligence collected under Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978.
- Sec. 902. Inclusion of international terrorist activities within scope of foreign intelligence under National Security Act of 1947.
- Sec. 903. Sense of Congress on the establishment and maintenance of intelligence relationships to acquire information on terrorists and terrorist organizations.
- Sec. 904. Temporary authority to defer submittal to Congress of reports on intelligence and intelligence-related matters.
- Sec. 905. Disclosure to director of central intelligence of foreign intelligence-related information with respect to criminal investigations.
- Sec. 906. Foreign terrorist asset tracking center.
- Sec. 907. National virtual translation center.
- Sec. 908. Training of government officials regarding identification and use of foreign intelligence.

1 SEC. 2. CONSTRUCTION; SEVERABILITY.

- 2 Any provision of this Act held to be invalid or unen-
- 3 forceable by its terms, or as applied to any person or cir-
- 4 cumstance, shall be construed so as to give it the max-

imum effect permitted by law, unless such holding shall be one of utter invalidity or unenforceability, in which 3 event such provision shall be deemed severable from this 4 Act and shall not affect the remainder thereof or the appli-5 cation of such provision to other persons not similarly situated or to other, dissimilar circumstances. 6 TITLE I—ENHANCING DOMESTIC 7 SECURITY AGAINST TERRORISM 8 SEC. 101. COUNTERTERRORISM FUND. 10 (a) ESTABLISHMENT; AVAILABILITY.—There is hereby established in the Treasury of the United States a separate fund to be known as the "Counterterrorism Fund", 12 amounts in which shall remain available without fiscal year limitation— 14 15 (1) to reimburse any Department of Justice 16 component for any costs incurred in connection 17 with— 18 (A) reestablishing the operational capa-19 bility of an office or facility that has been dam-20 aged or destroyed as the result of any domestic 21 or international terrorism incident; 22 (B) providing support to counter, inves-23 tigate, or prosecute domestic or international 24 terrorism, including, without limitation, paying

rewards in connection with these activities; and

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1	(C) conducting terrorism threat assess-
2	ments of Federal agencies and their facilities;
3	and
4	(2) to reimburse any department or agency of
5	the Federal Government for any costs incurred in
6	connection with detaining in foreign countries indi-
7	viduals accused of acts of terrorism that violate the
8	laws of the United States.
9	(b) No Effect on Prior Appropriations.—Sub-
10	section (a) shall not be construed to affect the amount
11	or availability of any appropriation to the
12	Counterterrorism Fund made before the date of enact-
12	ment of this Act.
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13	SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONDEMNING DISCRIMINA-
14	SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONDEMNING DISCRIMINA-
14 15	SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONDEMNING DISCRIMINA- TION AGAINST ARAB AND MUSLIM AMERI-
14 15 16 17	SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONDEMNING DISCRIMINA- TION AGAINST ARAB AND MUSLIM AMERI- CANS.
14 15 16 17	SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONDEMNING DISCRIMINA- TION AGAINST ARAB AND MUSLIM AMERI- CANS. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONDEMNING DISCRIMINATION AGAINST ARAB AND MUSLIM AMERICANS. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONDEMNING DISCRIMINA- TION AGAINST ARAB AND MUSLIM AMERI- CANS. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings: (1) Arab Americans, Muslim Americans, and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONDEMNING DISCRIMINA- TION AGAINST ARAB AND MUSLIM AMERI- CANS. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find- ings: (1) Arab Americans, Muslim Americans, and Americans from South Asia play a vital role in our
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONDEMNING DISCRIMINA- TION AGAINST ARAB AND MUSLIM AMERI- CANS. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find- ings: (1) Arab Americans, Muslim Americans, and Americans from South Asia play a vital role in our Nation and are entitled to nothing less than the full
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONDEMNING DISCRIMINA- TION AGAINST ARAB AND MUSLIM AMERI- CANS. (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings: (1) Arab Americans, Muslim Americans, and Americans from South Asia play a vital role in our Nation and are entitled to nothing less than the full rights of every American.

- should be and are condemned by all Americans who value freedom.
- 3 (3) The concept of individual responsibility for 4 wrongdoing is sacrosanct in American society, and 5 applies equally to all religious, racial, and ethnic 6 groups.
 - (4) When American citizens commit acts of violence against those who are, or are perceived to be, of Arab or Muslim descent, they should be punished to the full extent of the law.
 - (5) Muslim Americans have become so fearful of harassment that many Muslim women are changing the way they dress to avoid becoming targets.
 - (6) Many Arab Americans and Muslim Americans have acted heroically during the attacks on the United States, including Mohammed Salman Hamdani, a 23-year-old New Yorker of Pakistani descent, who is believed to have gone to the World Trade Center to offer rescue assistance and is now missing.
- 21 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-22 gress that—
- 23 (1) the civil rights and civil liberties of all 24 Americans, including Arab Americans, Muslim 25 Americans, and Americans from South Asia, must

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I	be protected, and that every effort must be taken to
2	preserve their safety;
3	(2) any acts of violence or discrimination
4	against any Americans be condemned; and
5	(3) the Nation is called upon to recognize the
6	patriotism of fellow citizens from all ethnic, racial,
7	and religious backgrounds.
8	SEC. 103. INCREASED FUNDING FOR THE TECHNICAL SUP-
9	PORT CENTER AT THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF
10	INVESTIGATION.
11	There are authorized to be appropriated for the Tech-
12	nical Support Center established in section 811 of the
13	Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996
14	(Public Law 104–132) to help meet the demands for ac-
15	tivities to combat terrorism and support and enhance the
16	technical support and tactical operations of the FBI,
17	\$200,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2002, 2003, and
18	2004.
19	SEC. 104. REQUESTS FOR MILITARY ASSISTANCE TO EN-
20	FORCE PROHIBITION IN CERTAIN EMER-
21	GENCIES.
22	Section 2332e of title 18, United States Code, is
23	amended—
24	(1) by striking "2332c" and inserting "2332a";
25	and

1	(2) by striking "chemical".
2	SEC. 105. EXPANSION OF NATIONAL ELECTRONIC CRIME
3	TASK FORCE INITIATIVE.
4	The Director of the United States Secret Service
5	shall take appropriate actions to develop a national net-
6	work of electronic crime task forces, based on the New
7	York Electronic Crimes Task Force model, throughout the
8	United States, for the purpose of preventing, detecting,
9	and investigating various forms of electronic crimes, in-
10	cluding potential terrorist attacks against critical infra-
11	structure and financial payment systems.
12	SEC. 106. PRESIDENTIAL AUTHORITY.
13	Section 203 of the International Emergency Powers
14	Act (50 U.S.C. 1702) is amended—
15	(1) in subsection $(a)(1)$ —
16	(A) at the end of subparagraph (A) (flush
17	to that subparagraph), by striking "; and" and
18	inserting a comma and the following:
19	"by any person, or with respect to any property,
20	subject to the jurisdiction of the United States;";
21	(B) in subparagraph (B)—
22	(i) by inserting ", block during the
23	pendency of an investigation" after "inves-
24	tigate"; and

1	(ii) by striking "interest;" and insert-
2	ing "interest by any person, or with re-
3	spect to any property, subject to the juris-
4	diction of the United States; and"; and
5	(C) by inserting at the end the following:
6	"(C) when the United States is engaged in
7	armed hostilities or has been attacked by a for-
8	eign country or foreign nationals, confiscate any
9	property, subject to the jurisdiction of the
10	United States, of any foreign person, foreign
11	organization, or foreign country that he deter-
12	mines has planned, authorized, aided, or en-
13	gaged in such hostilities or attacks against the
14	United States; and all right, title, and interest
15	in any property so confiscated shall vest, when,
16	as, and upon the terms directed by the Presi-
17	dent, in such agency or person as the President
18	may designate from time to time, and upon
19	such terms and conditions as the President may
20	prescribe, such interest or property shall be
21	held, used, administered, liquidated, sold, or
22	otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for
23	the benefit of the United States, and such des-
24	ignated agency or person may perform any and

1	all acts incident to the accomplishment or fur
2	therance of these purposes."; and
3	(2) by inserting at the end the following:
4	"(c) Classified Information.—In any judicial re
5	view of a determination made under this section, if the
6	determination was based on classified information (as de
7	fined in section 1(a) of the Classified Information Proce
8	dures Act) such information may be submitted to the re
9	viewing court ex parte and in camera. This subsection does
10	not confer or imply any right to judicial review.".
11	TITLE II—ENHANCED
12	SURVEILLANCE PROCEDURES
12	SCHOOL THOULD IN THE STATE OF T
	SEC. 201. AUTHORITY TO INTERCEPT WIRE, ORAL, ANI
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13 14	SEC. 201. AUTHORITY TO INTERCEPT WIRE, ORAL, ANI
13 14 15	SEC. 201. AUTHORITY TO INTERCEPT WIRE, ORAL, AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS RELATING
13 13 14 15 16	SEC. 201. AUTHORITY TO INTERCEPT WIRE, ORAL, AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS RELATING TO TERRORISM.
13 14 15 16	SEC. 201. AUTHORITY TO INTERCEPT WIRE, ORAL, AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS RELATING TO TERRORISM. Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
13 14 15 16 17	SEC. 201. AUTHORITY TO INTERCEPT WIRE, ORAL, AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS RELATING TO TERRORISM. Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
13 14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 201. AUTHORITY TO INTERCEPT WIRE, ORAL, AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS RELATING TO TERRORISM. Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraph (p), as so redesignating paragraph (p), as so redesignating paragraph (p).
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 201. AUTHORITY TO INTERCEPT WIRE, ORAL, AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS RELATING TO TERRORISM. Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraph (p), as so redesignated by section 434(2) of the Antiterrorism and
13 14 15 16	SEC. 201. AUTHORITY TO INTERCEPT WIRE, ORAL, AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS RELATING TO TERRORISM. Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraph (p), as so redes ignated by section 434(2) of the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 (Public Law)
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 201. AUTHORITY TO INTERCEPT WIRE, ORAL, AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS RELATING TO TERRORISM. Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraph (p), as so redes ignated by section 434(2) of the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–132; 110 Stat. 1274), as paragraph (r); and

1	1996 (division C of Public Law 104–208; 110 Stat.
2	3009–565), the following new paragraph:
3	"(q) any criminal violation of section 229 (relating
4	to chemical weapons); or sections 2332, 2332a, 2332b,
5	2332d, 2339A, or 2339B of this title (relating to ter-
6	rorism); or".
7	SEC. 202. AUTHORITY TO INTERCEPT WIRE, ORAL, AND
8	ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS RELATING
9	TO COMPUTER FRAUD AND ABUSE OF-
10	FENSES.
11	Section 2516(1)(c) of title 18, United States Code,
12	is amended by striking "and section 1341 (relating to mail
13	fraud)," and inserting "section 1341 (relating to mail
14	fraud), a felony violation of section 1030 (relating to com-
15	puter fraud and abuse),".
16	SEC. 203. AUTHORITY TO SHARE CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIVE
17	INFORMATION.
18	(a) Authority to Share Grand Jury Informa-
19	TION.—
20	(1) In general.—Rule 6(e)(3)(C) of the Fed-
21	eral Rules of Criminal Procedure is amended—
22	(A) in clause (iii), by striking "or" at the
23	end;
24	(B) in clause (iv), by striking the period at
25	the end and inserting "; or"; and

1	(C) by inserting at the end the following:
2	"(v) when the matters involve foreign
3	intelligence or counterintelligence (as de-
4	fined in section 3 of the National Security
5	Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a)), or foreign
6	intelligence information (as defined in Rule
7	6(e)(3)(C)(ii)) to any other Federal law en-
8	forcement, intelligence, protective, immi-
9	gration, national defense, or national secu-
10	rity official in order to assist the official
11	receiving that information in the perform-
12	ance of his official duties.
13	Any Federal official who receives information
14	pursuant to clause (v) may use that information
15	only as necessary in the conduct of that per-
16	son's official duties subject to any limitations
17	on the unauthorized disclosure of such informa-
18	tion.".
19	(2) Definition.—Rule 6(e)(3)(C) of the Fed-
20	eral Rules of Criminal Procedure, as amended by
21	paragraph (1), is amended by—
22	(A) inserting "(i)" after "(C)";
23	(B) redesignating clauses (i) through (v)
24	as subclauses (I) through (IV), respectively; and
25	(C) inserting at the end the following:

1	"(ii) In this subparagraph, the term 'for-
2	eign intelligence information' means—
3	"(I) information, whether or not con-
4	cerning a United States person, that re-
5	lates to the ability of the United States to
6	protect against—
7	"(aa) actual or potential attack
8	or other grave hostile acts of a foreign
9	power or an agent of a foreign power;
10	"(bb) sabotage or international
11	terrorism by a foreign power or an
12	agent of a foreign power; or
13	"(cc) clandestine intelligence ac-
14	tivities by an intelligence service or
15	network of a foreign power or by an
16	agent of a foreign power; or
17	"(II) information, whether or not con-
18	cerning a United States person, with re-
19	spect to a foreign power or foreign terri-
20	tory that relates to—
21	"(aa) the national defense or the
22	security of the United States; or
23	"(bb) the conduct of the foreign
24	affairs of the United States.".

1	(b) AUTHORITY TO SHARE ELECTRONIC, WIRE, AND
2	ORAL INTERCEPTION INFORMATION.—
3	(1) Law enforcement.—Section 2517 of title
4	18, United States Code, is amended by inserting at
5	the end the following:
6	"(6) Any investigative or law enforcement officer, or
7	attorney for the Government, who by any means author-
8	ized by this chapter, has obtained knowledge of the con-
9	tents of any wire, oral, or electronic communication, or
10	evidence derived therefrom, may disclose such contents to
11	any other Federal law enforcement, intelligence, protec-
12	tive, immigration, national defense, or national security of-
13	ficial to the extent that such contents include foreign intel-
14	ligence or counterintelligence (as defined in section 3 of
15	the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a)), or
16	foreign intelligence information (as defined in subsection
17	(19) of section 2510 of this title), to assist the official
18	who is to receive that information in the performance of
19	his official duties. Any Federal official who receives infor-
20	mation pursuant to this provision may use that informa-
21	tion only as necessary in the conduct of that person's offi-
22	cial duties subject to any limitations on the unauthorized
23	disclosure of such information.".
24	(2) Definition.—Section 2510 of title 18,
25	United States Code, is amended by—

1	(A) in paragraph (17), by striking "and"
2	after the semicolon;
3	(B) in paragraph (18), by striking the pe-
4	riod and inserting "; and"; and
5	(C) by inserting at the end the following:
6	"(19) 'foreign intelligence information' means—
7	"(A) information, whether or not con-
8	cerning a United States person, that relates to
9	the ability of the United States to protect
10	against—
11	"(i) actual or potential attack or other
12	grave hostile acts of a foreign power or an
13	agent of a foreign power;
14	"(ii) sabotage or international ter-
15	rorism by a foreign power or an agent of
16	a foreign power; or
17	"(iii) clandestine intelligence activities
18	by an intelligence service or network of a
19	foreign power or by an agent of a foreign
20	power; or
21	"(B) information, whether or not con-
22	cerning a United States person, with respect to
23	a foreign power or foreign territory that relates
24	to—

1	"(i) the national defense or the secu-
2	rity of the United States; or
3	"(ii) the conduct of the foreign affairs
4	of the United States.".
5	(c) Procedures.—The Attorney General shall es-
6	tablish procedures for the disclosure of information pursu-
7	ant to section 2517(6) and Rule $6(e)(3)(C)(v)$ of the Fed-
8	eral Rules of Criminal Procedure that identifies a United
9	States person, as defined in section 101 of the Foreign
10	Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801)).
11	(d) Foreign Intelligence Information.—
12	(1) In general.—Notwithstanding any other
13	provision of law, it shall be lawful for foreign intel-
14	ligence or counterintelligence (as defined section 3 of
15	the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
16	401a)) or foreign intelligence information obtained
17	as part of a criminal investigation to be disclosed to
18	any Federal law enforcement, intelligence, protective,
19	immigration, national defense, or national security
20	official in order to assist the official receiving that
21	information in the performance of his official duties.
22	Any Federal official who receives information pursu-
23	ant to this provision may use that information only
24	as necessary in the conduct of that person's official

1	duties subject to any limitations on the unauthorized
2	disclosure of such information.
3	(2) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
4	"foreign intelligence information" means—
5	(A) information, whether or not concerning
6	a United States person, that relates to the abil-
7	ity of the United States to protect against—
8	(i) actual or potential attack or other
9	grave hostile acts of a foreign power or an
10	agent of a foreign power;
11	(ii) sabotage or international ter-
12	rorism by a foreign power or an agent of
13	a foreign power; or
14	(iii) clandestine intelligence activities
15	by an intelligence service or network of a
16	foreign power or by an agent of a foreign
17	power; or
18	(B) information, whether or not concerning
19	a United States person, with respect to a for-
20	eign power or foreign territory that relates to—
21	(i) the national defense or the security
22	of the United States; or
23	(ii) the conduct of the foreign affairs
24	of the United States.

1	SEC. 204. CLARIFICATION OF INTELLIGENCE EXCEPTIONS
2	FROM LIMITATIONS ON INTERCEPTION AND
3	DISCLOSURE OF WIRE, ORAL, AND ELEC-
4	TRONIC COMMUNICATIONS.
5	Section 2511(2)(f) of title 18, United States Code,
6	is amended—
7	(1) by striking "this chapter or chapter 121"
8	and inserting "this chapter or chapter 121 or 206
9	of this title"; and
10	(2) by striking "wire and oral" and inserting
11	"wire, oral, and electronic".
12	SEC. 205. EMPLOYMENT OF TRANSLATORS BY THE FED-
13	ERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.
14	(a) Authority.—The Director of the Federal Bu-
15	reau of Investigation is authorized to expedite the employ-
16	ment of personnel as translators to support
17	counterterrorism investigations and operations without re-
18	gard to applicable Federal personnel requirements and
19	limitations.
20	(b) SECURITY REQUIREMENTS.—The Director of the
21	Federal Bureau of Investigation shall establish such secu-
22	rity requirements as are necessary for the personnel em-
23	ployed as translators under subsection (a).
24	(c) Report.—The Attorney General shall report to
25	the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-

1	(1) the number of translators employed by the
2	FBI and other components of the Department of
3	Justice;
4	(2) any legal or practical impediments to using
5	translators employed by other Federal, State, or
6	local agencies, on a full, part-time, or shared basis;
7	and
8	(3) the needs of the FBI for specific translation
9	services in certain languages, and recommendations
10	for meeting those needs.
11	SEC. 206. ROVING SURVEILLANCE AUTHORITY UNDER THE
12	FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT
13	OF 1978.
14	Section $105(c)(2)(B)$ of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
15	veillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1805(c)(2)(B)) is amend-
16	ed by inserting ", or in circumstances where the Court
17	finds that the actions of the target of the application may
18	have the effect of thwarting the identification of a speci-
19	fied person, such other persons," after "specified person".
	ned person, such other persons, arter specified person.
20	SEC. 207. DURATION OF FISA SURVEILLANCE OF NON-
20 21	
	SEC. 207. DURATION OF FISA SURVEILLANCE OF NON-

1	(1) Surveillance.—Section 105(d)(1) of the
2	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
3	U.S.C. 1805(d)(1)) is amended by—
4	(A) inserting "(A)" after "except that";
5	and
6	(B) inserting before the period the fol-
7	lowing: ", and (B) an order under this Act for
8	a surveillance targeted against an agent of a
9	foreign power, as defined in section 101(b)(A)
10	may be for the period specified in the applica-
11	tion or for 120 days, whichever is less".
12	(2) Physical Search.—Section 304(d)(1) of the
13	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
14	1824(d)(1)) is amended by—
15	(A) striking "forty-five" and inserting "90";
16	(B) inserting "(A)" after "except that"; and
17	(C) inserting before the period the following: ",
18	and (B) an order under this section for a physical
19	search targeted against an agent of a foreign power
20	as defined in section 101(b)(A) may be for the pe-
21	riod specified in the application or for 120 days,
22	whichever is less".
23	(b) Extension.—

1	(1) In General.—Section $105(d)(2)$ of the
2	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
3	U.S.C. 1805(d)(2)) is amended by—
4	(A) inserting "(A)" after "except that";
5	and
6	(B) inserting before the period the fol-
7	lowing: ", and (B) an extension of an order
8	under this Act for a surveillance targeted
9	against an agent of a foreign power as defined
10	in section 101(b)(1)(A) may be for a period not
11	to exceed 1 year".
12	(2) Defined Term.—Section 304(d)(2) of the
13	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
14	U.S.C. 1824(d)(2) is amended by inserting after
15	"not a United States person," the following: "or
16	against an agent of a foreign power as defined in
17	section 101(b)(1)(A)".
18	SEC. 208. DESIGNATION OF JUDGES.
19	Section 103(a) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
20	lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803(a)) is amended by—
21	(1) striking "seven district court judges" and
22	inserting "11 district court judges"; and
23	(2) inserting "of whom no less than 3 shall re-
24	side within 20 miles of the District of Columbia"
25	after "circuits".

1	SEC. 209. SEIZURE OF VOICE-MAIL MESSAGES PURSUANT
2	TO WARRANTS.
3	Title 18, United States Code, is amended—
4	(1) in section 2510—
5	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking beginning
6	with "and such" and all that follows through
7	"communication"; and
8	(B) in paragraph (14), by inserting "wire
9	or" after "transmission of"; and
10	(2) in subsections (a) and (b) of section 2703—
11	(A) by striking "Contents of elec-
12	TRONIC" and inserting "Contents of wire or
13	ELECTRONIC" each place it appears;
14	(B) by striking "contents of an electronic"
15	and inserting "contents of a wire or electronic"
16	each place it appears; and
17	(C) by striking "any electronic" and in-
18	serting "any wire or electronic" each place it
19	appears.
20	SEC. 210. SCOPE OF SUBPOENAS FOR RECORDS OF ELEC-
21	TRONIC COMMUNICATIONS.
22	Section 2703(e)(2) of title 18, United States Code,
23	as redesignated by section 212, is amended—
24	(1) by striking "entity the name, address, local
25	and long distance telephone toll billing records, tele-
26	phone number or other subscriber number or iden-

1	tity, and length of service of the subscriber" and in-
2	serting the following: "entity the—
3	"(A) name;
4	"(B) address;
5	"(C) local and long distance telephone connec-
6	tion records, or records of session times and dura-
7	tions;
8	"(D) length of service (including start date)
9	and types of service utilized;
10	"(E) telephone or instrument number or other
11	subscriber number or identity, including any tempo-
12	rarily assigned network address; and
13	"(F) means and source of payment (including
14	any credit card or bank account number),
15	of a subscriber"; and
16	(2) by striking "and the types of services the
17	subscriber or customer utilized,".
18	SEC. 211. CLARIFICATION OF SCOPE.
19	Section 631 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
20	U.S.C. 551) is amended—
21	(1) in subsection $(c)(2)$ —
22	(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking "or";
23	(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking the
24	period at the end and inserting"; or"; and
25	(C) by inserting at the end the following:

1	"(D) authorized under chapters 119, 121, or
2	206 of title 18, United States Code, except that such
3	disclosure shall not include records revealing cus-
4	tomer cable television viewing activity."; and
5	(2) in subsection (h) by striking "A govern-
6	mental entity" and inserting "Except as provided in
7	subsection (c)(2)(D), a governmental entity".
8	SEC. 212. EMERGENCY DISCLOSURE OF ELECTRONIC COM-
9	MUNICATIONS TO PROTECT LIFE AND LIMB.
10	(a) Disclosure of Contents.—
11	(1) In General.—Section 2702 of title 18,
12	United States Code, is amended—
13	(A) by striking the section heading and in-
14	serting the following:
15	"§ 2702. Voluntary disclosure of customer commu-
16	nications or records";
17	(B) in subsection (a)—
18	(i) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking
19	"and" at the end;
20	(ii) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking
21	the period and inserting "; and; and
22	(iii) by inserting after paragraph (2)
23	the following:
24	"(3) a provider of remote computing service or
25	electronic communication service to the public shall

1	not knowingly divulge a record or other information
2	pertaining to a subscriber to or customer of such
3	service (not including the contents of communica-
4	tions covered by paragraph (1) or (2)) to any gov-
5	ernmental entity.";
6	(C) in subsection (b), by striking "Excep-
7	TIONS.—A person or entity" and inserting "Ex-
8	CEPTIONS FOR DISCLOSURE OF COMMUNICA-
9	TIONS.— A provider described in subsection
10	(a)";
11	(D) in subsection (b)(6)—
12	(i) in subparagraph (A)(ii), by strik-
13	ing "or";
14	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
15	the period and inserting "; or"; and
16	(iii) by adding after subparagraph (B)
17	the following:
18	"(C) if the provider reasonably believes
19	that an emergency involving immediate danger
20	of death or serious physical injury to any per-
21	son requires disclosure of the information with-
22	out delay."; and
23	(E) by inserting after subsection (b) the
24	following:

1	"(c) Exceptions for Disclosure of Customer
2	RECORDS.—A provider described in subsection (a) may di-
3	vulge a record or other information pertaining to a sub-
4	scriber to or customer of such service (not including the
5	contents of communications covered by subsection (a)(1)
6	or $(a)(2)$ —
7	"(1) as otherwise authorized in section 2703;
8	"(2) with the lawful consent of the customer or
9	subscriber;
10	"(3) as may be necessarily incident to the ren-
11	dition of the service or to the protection of the rights
12	or property of the provider of that service;
13	"(4) to a governmental entity, if the provider
14	reasonably believes that an emergency involving im-
15	mediate danger of death or serious physical injury to
16	any person justifies disclosure of the information; or
17	"(5) to any person other than a governmental
18	entity.".
19	(2) Technical and conforming amend-
20	MENT.—The table of sections for chapter 121 of
21	title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking
22	the item relating to section 2702 and inserting the
23	following:
	"2702. Voluntary disclosure of customer communications or records.".

24 (b) Requirements for Government Access.—

1	(1) In General.—Section 2703 of title 18,
2	United States Code, is amended—
3	(A) by striking the section heading and in-
4	serting the following:
5	"§ 2703. Required disclosure of customer communica-
6	tions or records";
7	(B) in subsection (c) by redesignating
8	paragraph (2) as paragraph (3);
9	(C) in subsection (c)(1)—
10	(i) by striking "(A) Except as pro-
11	vided in subparagraph (B), a provider of
12	electronic communication service or remote
13	computing service may" and inserting "A
14	governmental entity may require a provider
15	of electronic communication service or re-
16	mote computing service to";
17	(ii) by striking "covered by subsection
18	(a) or (b) of this section) to any person
19	other than a governmental entity.
20	"(B) A provider of electronic communica-
21	tion service or remote computing service shall
22	disclose a record or other information per-
23	taining to a subscriber to or customer of such
24	service (not including the contents of commu-
25	nications covered by subsection (a) or (b) of

1	this section) to a governmental entity" and in-
2	serting ")";
3	(iii) by redesignating subparagraph
4	(C) as paragraph (2);
5	(iv) by redesignating clauses (i), (ii),
6	(iii), and (iv) as subparagraphs (A), (B),
7	(C), and (D), respectively;
8	(v) in subparagraph (D) (as redesig-
9	nated) by striking the period and inserting
10	"; or"; and
11	(vi) by inserting after subparagraph
12	(D) (as redesignated) the following:
13	"(E) seeks information under paragraph
14	(2)."; and
15	(D) in paragraph (2) (as redesignated) by
16	striking "subparagraph (B)" and insert "para-
17	graph (1)".
18	(2) Technical and conforming amend-
19	MENT.—The table of sections for chapter 121 of
20	title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking
21	the item relating to section 2703 and inserting the
22	following:

"2703. Required disclosure of customer communications or records.".

1	SEC. 213. AUTHORITY FOR DELAYING NOTICE OF THE EXE-
2	CUTION OF A WARRANT.
3	Section 3103a of title 18, United States Code, is
4	amended—
5	(1) by inserting "(a) In General.—" before
6	"In addition"; and
7	(2) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(b) Delay.—With respect to the issuance of any
9	warrant or court order under this section, or any other
0	rule of law, to search for and seize any property or mate-
1	rial that constitutes evidence of a criminal offense in viola-
2	tion of the laws of the United States, any notice required,
3	or that may be required, to be given may be delayed if—
4	"(1) the court finds reasonable cause to believe
5	that providing immediate notification of the execu-
6	tion of the warrant may have an adverse result (as
7	defined in section 2705);
8	"(2) the warrant prohibits the seizure of any
9	tangible property, any wire or electronic communica-
20	tion (as defined in section 2510), or, except as ex-
21	pressly provided in chapter 121, any stored wire or
22	electronic information, except where the court finds
23	reasonable necessity for the seizure; and
24	"(3) the warrant provides for the giving of such
25	notice within a reasonable period of its execution

1	which period may thereafter be extended by the
2	court for good cause shown.".
3	SEC. 214. PEN REGISTER AND TRAP AND TRACE AUTHOR-
4	ITY UNDER FISA.
5	(a) Applications and Orders.—Section 402 of the
6	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
7	1842) is amended—
8	(1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking "for any in-
9	vestigation to gather foreign intelligence information
10	or information concerning international terrorism"
11	and inserting "for any investigation to protect
12	against international terrorism or clandestine intel-
13	ligence activities, provided that such investigation of
14	a United States person is not conducted solely upon
15	the basis of activities protected by the first amend-
16	ment to the Constitution";
17	(2) by amending subsection $(c)(2)$ to read as
18	follows:
19	"(2) a certification by the applicant that the in-
20	formation likely to be obtained is relevant to an on-
21	going investigation to protect against international
22	terrorism or clandestine intelligence activities, pro-
23	vided that such investigation of a United States per-

son is not conducted solely upon the basis of activi-

24

1	ties protected by the first amendment to the Con-
2	stitution.";
3	(3) by striking subsection (c)(3); and
4	(4) by amending subsection (d)(2)(A) to read
5	as follows:
6	"(A) shall specify—
7	"(i) the identity, if known, of the per-
8	son who is the subject of the investigation
9	"(ii) the identity, if known, of the per-
10	son to whom is leased or in whose name is
11	listed the telephone line or other facility to
12	which the pen register or trap and trace
13	device is to be attached or applied;
14	"(iii) the attributes of the communica-
15	tions to which the order applies, such as
16	the number or other identifier, and, it
17	known, the location of the telephone line or
18	other facility to which the pen register or
19	trap and trace device is to be attached or
20	applied and, in the case of a trap and trace
21	device, the geographic limits of the trap
22	and trace order.".
23	(b) Authorization During Emergencies.—Sec-
24	tion 403 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
25	1978 (50 H S C 1843) is amended—

- 1 (1) in subsection (a), by striking "foreign intel2 ligence information or information concerning inter3 national terrorism" and inserting "information to
 4 protect against international terrorism or clandestine
 5 intelligence activities, provided that such investiga6 tion of a United States person is not conducted sole7 ly upon the basis of activities protected by the first
 8 amendment to the Constitution"; and
- 9 (2) in subsection (b)(1), by striking "foreign in-10 telligence information or information concerning 11 international terrorism" and inserting "information 12 to protect against international terrorism or clandes-13 tine intelligence activities, provided that such inves-14 tigation of a United States person is not conducted 15 solely upon the basis of activities protected by the 16 first amendment to the Constitution".

17 SEC. 215. ACCESS TO RECORDS AND OTHER ITEMS UNDER

- 18 THE FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEIL-
- 19 LANCE ACT.
- Title V of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
- 21 of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1861 et seq.) is amended by striking
- 22 sections 501 through 503 and inserting the following:

1	"SEC. 501. ACCESS TO CERTAIN BUSINESS RECORDS FOR
2	FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE AND INTER
3	NATIONAL TERRORISM INVESTIGATIONS.
4	"(a)(1) The Director of the Federal Bureau of Inves-
5	tigation or a designee of the Director (whose rank shall
6	be no lower than Assistant Special Agent in Charge) may
7	make an application for an order requiring the production
8	of any tangible things (including books, records, papers
9	documents, and other items) for an investigation to pro-
10	tect against international terrorism or clandestine intel-
11	ligence activities, provided that such investigation of a
12	United States person is not conducted solely upon the
13	basis of activities protected by the first amendment to the
14	Constitution.
15	"(2) An investigation conducted under this section
16	shall—
17	"(A) be conducted under guidelines approved by
18	the Attorney General under Executive Order 12333
19	(or a successor order); and
20	"(B) not be conducted of a United States per-
21	son solely upon the basis of activities protected by
22	the first amendment to the Constitution of the
23	United States.
24	"(b) Each application under this section—
25	"(1) shall be made to—

- "(A) a judge of the court established by
 section 103(a); or
 "(B) a United States Magistrate Judge
- "(B) a United States Magistrate Judge
 under chapter 43 of title 28, United States
 Code, who is publicly designated by the Chief
 Justice of the United States to have the power
 to hear applications and grant orders for the
 production of tangible things under this section
 on behalf of a judge of that court; and
- "(2) shall specify that the records concerned are sought for an authorized investigation conducted in accordance with subsection (a)(2) to protect against international terrorism or clandestine intelligence activities.
- "(c)(1) Upon an application made pursuant to this section, the judge shall enter an ex parte order as requested, or as modified, approving the release of records if the judge finds that the application meets the requirements of this section.
- 20 "(2) An order under this subsection shall not disclose 21 that it is issued for purposes of an investigation described 22 in subsection (a).
- "(d) No person shall disclose to any other person (other than those persons necessary to produce the tangible things under this section) that the Federal Bureau

- 1 of Investigation has sought or obtained tangible things
- 2 under this section.
- 3 "(e) A person who, in good faith, produces tangible
- 4 things under an order pursuant to this section shall not
- 5 be liable to any other person for such production. Such
- 6 production shall not be deemed to constitute a waiver of
- 7 any privilege in any other proceeding or context.
- 8 "SEC. 502. CONGRESSIONAL OVERSIGHT.
- 9 "(a) On a semiannual basis, the Attorney General
- 10 shall fully inform the Permanent Select Committee on In-
- 11 telligence of the House of Representatives and the Select
- 12 Committee on Intelligence of the Senate concerning all re-
- 13 quests for the production of tangible things under section
- 14 402.
- 15 "(b) On a semiannual basis, the Attorney General
- 16 shall provide to the Committees on the Judiciary of the
- 17 House of Representatives and the Senate a report setting
- 18 forth with respect to the preceding 6-month period—
- 19 "(1) the total number of applications made for
- orders approving requests for the production of tan-
- gible things under section 402; and
- "(2) the total number of such orders either
- 23 granted, modified, or denied.".

1	SEC. 216. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITIES RELATING TO
2	USE OF PEN REGISTERS AND TRAP AND
3	TRACE DEVICES.
4	(a) General Limitations.—Section 3121(c) of title
5	18, United States Code, is amended—
6	(1) by inserting "or trap and trace device"
7	after "pen register";
8	(2) by inserting ", routing, addressing," after
9	"dialing"; and
10	(3) by striking "call processing" and inserting
11	"the processing and transmitting of wire or elec-
12	tronic communications so as not to include the con-
13	tents of any wire or electronic communications".
14	(b) Issuance of Orders.—
15	(1) In general.—Section 3123(a) of title 18,
16	United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
17	"(a) In General.—
18	"(1) Attorney for the government.—
19	Upon an application made under section 3122(a)(1),
20	the court shall enter an ex parte order authorizing
21	the installation and use of a pen register or trap and
22	trace device anywhere within the United States, if
23	the court finds that the attorney for the Government
24	has certified to the court that the information likely
25	to be obtained by such installation and use is rel-
26	evant to an ongoing criminal investigation. The

order, upon service of that order, shall apply to any person or entity providing wire or electronic communication service in the United States whose assistance may facilitate the execution of the order. Whenever such an order is served on any person or entity not specifically named in the order, upon request of such person or entity, the attorney for the Government or law enforcement or investigative officer that is serving the order shall provide written or electronic certification that the order applies to the person or entity being served.

- "(2) STATE INVESTIGATIVE OR LAW ENFORCE-MENT OFFICER.—Upon an application made under section 3122(a)(2), the court shall enter an ex parte order authorizing the installation and use of a pen register or trap and trace device within the jurisdiction of the court, if the court finds that the State law enforcement or investigative officer has certified to the court that the information likely to be obtained by such installation and use is relevant to an ongoing criminal investigation.".
- (2) Contents of order.—Section 3123(b)(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
- 24 (A) in subparagraph (A)—

1	(i) by inserting "or other facility"
2	after "telephone line"; and
3	(ii) by inserting before the semicolon
4	at the end "or applied"; and
5	(B) by striking subparagraph (C) and in-
6	serting the following:
7	"(C) the attributes of the communications
8	to which the order applies, including the num-
9	ber or other identifier and, if known, the loca-
10	tion of the telephone line or other facility to
11	which the pen register or trap and trace device
12	is to be attached or applied, and, in the case of
13	an order authorizing installation and use of a
14	trap and trace device under subsection (a)(2),
15	the geographic limits of the order; and".
16	(3) Nondisclosure requirements.—Section
17	3123(d)(2) of title 18, United States Code, is
18	amended—
19	(A) by inserting "or other facility" after
20	"the line"; and
21	(B) by striking ", or who has been ordered
22	by the court" and inserting "or applied, or who
23	is obligated by the order".
24	(c) Definitions.—

1	(1) Court of competent jurisdiction.—
2	Section 3127(2) of title 18, United States Code, is
3	amended by striking subparagraph (A) and inserting
4	the following:
5	"(A) any district court of the United
6	States (including a magistrate judge of such a
7	court) or any United States court of appeals
8	having jurisdiction over the offense being inves-
9	tigated; or".
10	(2) Pen register.—Section 3127(3) of title
11	18, United States Code, is amended—
12	(A) by striking "electronic or other im-
13	pulses" and all that follows through "is at-
14	tached" and inserting "dialing, routing, ad-
15	dressing, or signaling information transmitted
16	by an instrument or facility from which a wire
17	or electronic communication is transmitted, pro-
18	vided, however, that such information shall not
19	include the contents of any communication";
20	and
21	(B) by inserting "or process" after "de-
22	vice" each place it appears.
23	(3) Trap and trace device.—Section
24	3127(4) of title 18, United States Code, is
25	amended—

1	(A) by striking "of an instrument" and all
2	that follows through the semicolon and insert-
3	ing "or other dialing, routing, addressing, and
4	signaling information reasonably likely to iden-
5	tify the source of a wire or electronic commu-
6	nication, provided, however, that such informa-
7	tion shall not include the contents of any com-
8	munication;"; and
9	(B) by inserting "or process" after "a de-
10	vice".
11	(4) Conforming Amendment.—Section
12	3127(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
13	amended—
14	(A) by striking "and"; and
15	(B) by inserting ", and 'contents'" after
16	"electronic communication service".
17	(5) Technical amendment.—Section 3124(d)
18	of title 18, United States Code, is amended by strik-
19	ing "the terms of".
20	SEC. 217. INTERCEPTION OF COMPUTER TRESPASSER COM-
21	MUNICATIONS.
22	Chapter 119 of title 18, United States Code, is
23	amended—
24	(1) in section 2510—

1	(A) in paragraph (17), by striking "and"
2	at the end;
3	(B) in paragraph (18), by striking the pe-
4	riod and inserting a semicolon; and
5	(C) by inserting after paragraph (18) the
6	following:
7	"(19) 'protected computer' has the meaning set
8	forth in section 1030; and
9	"(20) 'computer trespasser'—
10	"(A) means a person who accesses a pro-
11	tected computer without authorization and thus
12	has no reasonable expectation of privacy in any
13	communication transmitted to, through, or from
14	the protected computer; and
15	"(B) does not include a person known by
16	the owner or operator of the protected computer
17	to have an existing contractual relationship with
18	the owner or operator of the protected computer
19	for access to all or part of the protected com-
20	puter."; and
21	(2) in section 2511(2), by inserting at the end
22	the following:
23	"(i) It shall not be unlawful under this chapter for
24	a person acting under color of law to intercept the wire

or electronic communications of a computer trespasser, 2 if— 3 "(i) the owner or operator of the protected computer authorizes the interception of the computer 5 trespasser's communications on the protected com-6 puter; "(ii) the person acting under color of law is 7 8 lawfully engaged in an investigation; 9 "(iii) the person acting under color of law has 10 reasonable grounds to believe that the contents of 11 the computer trespasser's communications will be 12 relevant to the investigation; and 13 "(iv) such interception does not acquire commu-14 nications other than those transmitted to or from 15 the computer trespasser.". 16 SEC. 218. FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION. 17 Sections 104(a)(7)(B) and section 303(a)(7)(B) (50) U.S.C. 1804(a)(7)(B) and 1823(a)(7)(B)) of the Foreign 18 Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 are each amended 19 by striking "the purpose" and inserting "a significant pur-21 pose". SEC. 219. SINGLE-JURISDICTION SEARCH WARRANTS FOR 23 TERRORISM. 24 Rule 41(a) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure is amended by inserting after "executed" the fol-

1	lowing: "and (3) in an investigation of domestic terrorism
2	or international terrorism (as defined in section 2331 of
3	title 18, United States Code), by a Federal magistrate
4	judge in any district in which activities related to the ter-
5	rorism may have occurred, for a search of property or for
6	a person within or outside the district".
7	SEC. 220. NATIONWIDE SERVICE OF SEARCH WARRANTS
8	FOR ELECTRONIC EVIDENCE.
9	Chapter 121 of title 18, United States Code, is
10	amended—
11	(1) in section 2703, by striking "under the
12	Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure" every place it
13	appears and inserting "using the procedures de-
14	scribed in the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure
15	by a court with jurisdiction over the offense under
16	investigation"; and
17	(2) in section 2711—
18	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "and";
19	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking the pe-
20	riod and inserting "; and"; and
21	(C) by inserting at the end the following:
22	"(3) the term 'court of competent jurisdiction'
23	has the meaning assigned by section 3127, and in-
24	cludes any Federal court within that definition,
25	without geographic limitation.".

1 SEC. 221. TRADE SANCTIONS.

2	(a) In General.—The Trade Sanctions Reform and
3	Export Enhancement Act of 2000 (Public Law 106–387;
4	114 Stat. 1549A-67) is amended—
5	(1) by amending section 904(2)(C) to read as
6	follows:
7	"(C) used to facilitate the design, develop-
8	ment, or production of chemical or biological
9	weapons, missiles, or weapons of mass destruc-
10	tion.";
11	(2) in section 906(a)(1)—
12	(A) by inserting ", the Taliban or the ter-
13	ritory of Afghanistan controlled by the
14	Taliban," after "Cuba"; and
15	(B) by inserting ", or in the territory of
16	Afghanistan controlled by the Taliban," after
17	"within such country"; and
18	(3) in section 906(a)(2), by inserting ", or to
19	any other entity in Syria or North Korea" after
20	"Korea".
21	(b) Application of the Trade Sanctions Re-
22	FORM AND EXPORT ENHANCEMENT ACT.—Nothing in the
23	Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of
24	2000 shall limit the application or scope of any law estab-
25	lishing criminal or civil penalties, including any executive
26	order or regulation promulgated pursuant to such laws (or

- 1 similar or successor laws), for the unlawful export of any
- 2 agricultural commodity, medicine, or medical device to—
- 3 (1) a foreign organization, group, or person
- 4 designated pursuant to Executive Order 12947 of
- 5 June 25, 1995;
- 6 (2) a Foreign Terrorist Organization pursuant
- 7 to the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty
- 8 Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–132);
- 9 (3) a foreign organization, group, or person
- designated pursuant to Executive Order 13224 (Sep-
- 11 tember 23, 2001);
- 12 (4) any narcotics trafficking entity designated
- pursuant to Executive Order 12978 (October 21,
- 14 1995) or the Foreign Narcotics Kingpin Designation
- 15 Act (Public Law 106–120); or
- 16 (5) any foreign organization, group, or persons
- 17 subject to any restriction for its involvement in
- weapons of mass destruction or missile proliferation.

19 SEC. 222. ASSISTANCE TO LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES.

- Nothing in this Act shall impose any additional tech-
- 21 nical obligation or requirement on a provider of wire or
- 22 electronic communication service or other person to fur-
- 23 nish facilities or technical assistance. A provider of a wire
- 24 or electronic communication service, landlord, custodian,
- 25 or other person who furnishes facilities or technical assist-

- 1 ance pursuant to section 216 shall be reasonably com-
- 2 pensated for such reasonable expenditures incurred in pro-
- 3 viding such facilities or assistance.

4 TITLE III—INTERNATIONAL

- 5 **MONEY LAUNDERING ABATE-**
- 6 MENT AND ANTI-TERRORIST
- 7 FINANCING ACT OF 2001.
- 8 SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.
- 9 This title may be cited as the "International Money
- 10 Laundering Abatement and Anti-Terrorist Financing Act
- 11 of 2001".
- 12 SEC. 302. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
- 13 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—
- 14 (1) money laundering, estimated by the Inter-
- national Monetary Fund to amount to between 2
- and 5 percent of global gross domestic product,
- 17 which is at least \$600,000,000,000 annually, pro-
- vides the financial fuel that permits transnational
- criminal enterprises to conduct and expand their op-
- erations to the detriment of the safety and security
- of American citizens;
- 22 (2) money laundering, and the defects in finan-
- cial transparency on which money launderers rely,
- are critical to the financing of global terrorism and
- 25 the provision of funds for terrorist attacks;

- (3) money launderers subvert legitimate financial mechanisms and banking relationships by using them as protective covering for the movement of criminal proceeds and the financing of crime and terrorism, and, by so doing, can threaten the safety of United States citizens and undermine the integrity of United States financial institutions and of the global financial and trading systems upon which prosperity and growth depend;
 - (4) certain jurisdictions outside of the United States that offer "offshore" banking and related facilities designed to provide anonymity, coupled with special tax advantages and weak financial supervisory and enforcement regimes, provide essential tools to disguise ownership and movement of criminal funds, derived from, or used to commit, offenses ranging from narcotics trafficking, terrorism, arms smuggling, and trafficking in human beings, to financial frauds that prey on law-abiding citizens;
 - (5) transactions involving such offshore jurisdictions make it difficult for law enforcement officials and regulators to follow the trail of money earned by criminals, organized international criminal enterprises, and global terrorist organizations;

- (6) correspondent banking facilities are one of the banking mechanisms susceptible in some circumstances to manipulation by foreign banks to permit the laundering of funds by hiding the identity of real parties in interest to financial transactions;
 - (7) private banking services can be susceptible to manipulation by money launderers, for example corrupt foreign government officials, particularly if those services include the creation of offshore accounts and facilities for large personal funds transfers to channel funds into accounts around the globe;
 - (8) United States anti-money laundering efforts are impeded by outmoded and inadequate statutory provisions that make investigations, prosecutions, and forfeitures more difficult, particularly in cases in which money laundering involves foreign persons, foreign banks, or foreign countries;
 - (9) the ability to mount effective counter-measures to international money launderers requires national, as well as bilateral and multilateral action, using tools specially designed for that effort; and
 - (10) the Basle Committee on Banking Regulation and Supervisory Practices and the Financial Action Task Force on Money Laundering, of both of

which the United States is a member, have each adopted international anti-money laundering principles and recommendations.

(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this title are—

(1) to increase the strength of United States measures to prevent, detect, and prosecute international money laundering and the financing of terrorism;

(2) to ensure that—

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- (A) banking transactions and financial relationships and the conduct of such transactions and relationships, do not contravene the purposes of subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code, section 21 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, or chapter 2 of title I of Public Law 91–508 (84 Stat. 1116), or facilitate the evasion of any such provision; and
- (B) the purposes of such provisions of law continue to be fulfilled, and that such provisions of law are effectively and efficiently administered;
- (3) to strengthen the provisions put into place by the Money Laundering Control Act of 1986 (18 U.S.C. 981 note), especially with respect to crimes

- by non-United States nationals and foreign financial
 institutions;
- (4) to provide a clear national mandate for sub jecting to special scrutiny those foreign jurisdictions,
 financial institutions operating outside of the United
 States, and classes of international transactions that
 pose particular, identifiable opportunities for criminal abuse;
 - (5) to provide the Secretary of the Treasury (in this title referred to as the "Secretary") with broad discretion, subject to the safeguards provided by the Administrative Procedures Act under title 5, United States Code, to take measures tailored to the particular money laundering problems presented by specific foreign jurisdictions, financial institutions operating outside of the United States, and classes of international transactions;
 - (6) to ensure that the employment of such measures by the Secretary permits appropriate opportunity for comment by affected financial institutions;
 - (7) to provide guidance to domestic financial institutions on particular foreign jurisdictions, financial institutions operating outside of the United States, and classes of international transactions that

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- are of primary money laundering concern to the
 United States Government;
- 3 (8) to ensure that the forfeiture of any assets 4 in connection with the anti-terrorist efforts of the 5 United States permits for adequate challenge con-6 sistent with providing due process rights;
 - (9) to clarify the terms of the safe harbor from civil liability for filing suspicious activity reports;
 - (10) to strengthen the authority of the Secretary to issue and administer geographic targeting orders, and to clarify that violations of such orders or any other requirement imposed under the authority contained in chapter 2 of title I of Public Law 91–508 and subchapters II and III of chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code, may result in criminal and civil penalties;
 - (11) to ensure that all appropriate elements of the financial services industry are subject to appropriate requirements to report potential money laundering transactions to proper authorities, and that jurisdictional disputes do not hinder examination of compliance by financial institutions with relevant reporting requirements;

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1	(12) to fix responsibility for high level coordina-
2	tion of the anti-money laundering efforts of the De-
3	partment of the Treasury;
4	(13) to strengthen the ability of financial insti-
5	tutions to maintain the integrity of their employee
6	population; and
7	(14) to strengthen measures to prevent the use
8	of the United States financial system for personal
9	gain by corrupt foreign officials and to facilitate the
10	repatriation of any stolen assets to the citizens of
11	countries to whom such assets belong.
12	SEC. 303. 4-YEAR CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW-EXPEDITED
13	CONSIDERATION.
14	(a) In General.—Effective on and after the first
15	day of fiscal year 2005, the provisions of this title and
16	the amendments made by this title shall terminate if the
17	Congress enacts a joint resolution, the text after the re-

- 18 solving clause of which is as follows: "That provisions of
- 19 the International Money Laundering Abatement and Anti-
- 20 Terrorist Financing Act of 2001, and the amendments
- 21 made thereby, shall no longer have the force of law.".
- 22 (b) Expedited Consideration.—Any joint resolu-
- 23 tion submitted pursuant to this section shall be considered
- 24 in the Senate in accordance with the provisions of section
- 25 601(b) of the International Security Assistance and Arms

1	Control Act of 1976. For the purpose of expediting the
2	consideration and enactment of a joint resolution under
3	this section, a motion to proceed to the consideration of
4	any such joint resolution after it has been reported by the
5	appropriate committee, shall be treated as highly privi-
6	leged in the House of Representatives.
7	Subtitle A—International Counter
8	Money Laundering and Related
9	Measures
10	SEC. 311. SPECIAL MEASURES FOR JURISDICTIONS, FINAN-
11	CIAL INSTITUTIONS, OR INTERNATIONAL
12	TRANSACTIONS OF PRIMARY MONEY LAUN-
13	DERING CONCERN.
14	(a) In General.—Subchapter II of chapter 53 of
15	title 31, United States Code, is amended by inserting after
16	section 5318 the following new section:
17	"SEC. 5318A. SPECIAL MEASURES FOR JURISDICTIONS, FI-
18	NANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, OR INTERNATIONAL
19	TRANSACTIONS OF PRIMARY MONEY LAUN-
20	DERING CONCERN.
21	"(a) International Counter-Money Laun-
22	DERING REQUIREMENTS.—
23	"(1) In General.—The Secretary may require
24	domestic financial institutions and domestic financial
25	agencies to take 1 or more of the special measures

1	described in subsection (b) if the Secretary finds
2	that reasonable grounds exist for concluding that a
3	jurisdiction outside of the United States, 1 or more
4	financial institutions operating outside of the United
5	States, 1 or more classes of transactions within, or
6	involving, a jurisdiction outside of the United States,
7	or 1 or more types of accounts is of primary money
8	laundering concern, in accordance with subsection
9	(e).
10	"(2) Form of requirement.—The special
11	measures described in—
12	"(A) subsection (b) may be imposed in
13	such sequence or combination as the Secretary
14	shall determine;
15	"(B) paragraphs (1) through (4) of sub-
16	section (b) may be imposed by regulation,
17	order, or otherwise as permitted by law; and
18	"(C) subsection (b)(5) may be imposed
19	only by regulation.
20	"(3) Duration of orders; rulemaking.—
21	Any order by which a special measure described in
22	paragraphs (1) through (4) of subsection (b) is im-
23	posed (other than an order described in section
24	5326)—

1	"(A) shall be issued together with a notice
2	of proposed rulemaking relating to the imposi-
3	tion of such special measure; and
4	"(B) may not remain in effect for more
5	than 120 days, except pursuant to a rule pro-
6	mulgated on or before the end of the 120-day
7	period beginning on the date of issuance of
8	such order.
9	"(4) Process for selecting special meas-
10	URES.—In selecting which special measure or meas-
11	ures to take under this subsection, the Secretary—
12	"(A) shall consult with the Chairman of
13	the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve
14	System, any other appropriate Federal banking
15	agency, as defined in section 3 of the Federal
16	Deposit Insurance Act, the Securities and Ex-
17	change Commission, the National Credit Union
18	Administration Board, and in the sole discre-
19	tion of the Secretary such other agencies and
20	interested parties as the Secretary may find to
21	be appropriate; and
22	"(B) shall consider—
23	"(i) whether similar action has been
24	or is being taken by other nations or multi-
25	lateral groups;

1	"(ii) whether the imposition of any
2	particular special measure would create a
3	significant competitive disadvantage, in-
4	cluding any undue cost or burden associ-
5	ated with compliance, for financial institu-
6	tions organized or licensed in the United
7	States; and
8	"(iii) the extent to which the action or
9	the timing of the action would have a sig-
10	nificant adverse systemic impact on the
11	international payment, clearance, and set-
12	tlement system, or on legitimate business
13	activities involving the particular jurisdic-
14	tion, institution, or class of transactions.
15	"(5) No limitation on other authority.—
16	This section shall not be construed as superseding or
17	otherwise restricting any other authority granted to
18	the Secretary, or to any other agency, by this sub-
19	chapter or otherwise.
20	"(b) Special Measures.—The special measures re-
21	ferred to in subsection (a), with respect to a jurisdiction
22	outside of the United States, financial institution oper-
23	ating outside of the United States, class of transaction
24	within, or involving, a jurisdiction outside of the United
25	States, or 1 or more types of accounts are as follows:

1	"(1) Recordkeeping and reporting of
2	CERTAIN FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS.—
3	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may re-
4	quire any domestic financial institution or do-
5	mestic financial agency to maintain records, file
6	reports, or both, concerning the aggregate
7	amount of transactions, or concerning each
8	transaction, with respect to a jurisdiction out-
9	side of the United States, 1 or more financial
10	institutions operating outside of the United
11	States, 1 or more classes of transactions within,
12	or involving, a jurisdiction outside of the United
13	States, or 1 or more types of accounts if the
14	Secretary finds any such jurisdiction, institu-
15	tion, or class of transactions to be of primary
16	money laundering concern.
17	"(B) Form of records and reports.—
18	Such records and reports shall be made and re-
19	tained at such time, in such manner, and for
20	such period of time, as the Secretary shall de-
21	termine, and shall include such information as
22	the Secretary may determine, including—
23	"(i) the identity and address of the
24	participants in a transaction or relation-

1	ship, including the identity of the origi-
2	nator of any funds transfer;
3	"(ii) the legal capacity in which a par-
4	ticipant in any transaction is acting;
5	"(iii) the identity of the beneficial
6	owner of the funds involved in any trans-
7	action, in accordance with such procedures
8	as the Secretary determines to be reason-
9	able and practicable to obtain and retain
10	the information; and
11	"(iv) a description of any transaction.
12	"(2) Information relating to beneficial
13	OWNERSHIP.—In addition to any other requirement
14	under any other provision of law, the Secretary may
15	require any domestic financial institution or domes-
16	tic financial agency to take such steps as the Sec-
17	retary may determine to be reasonable and prac-
18	ticable to obtain and retain information concerning
19	the beneficial ownership of any account opened or
20	maintained in the United States by a foreign person
21	(other than a foreign entity whose shares are subject
22	to public reporting requirements or are listed and
23	traded on a regulated exchange or trading market),
24	or a representative of such a foreign person, that in-
25	volves a jurisdiction outside of the United States, 1

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or more financial institutions operating outside of the United States, 1 or more classes of transactions within, or involving, a jurisdiction outside of the United States, or 1 or more types of accounts if the Secretary finds any such jurisdiction, institution, or transaction to be of primary money laundering concern.

"(3) Information relating to certain pay-ABLE-THROUGH ACCOUNTS.—If the Secretary finds a jurisdiction outside of the United States, 1 or more financial institutions operating outside of the United States, or 1 or more classes of transactions within, or involving, a jurisdiction outside of the United States to be of primary money laundering concern, the Secretary may require any domestic financial institution or domestic financial agency that opens or maintains a payable-through account in the United States for a foreign financial institution involving any such jurisdiction or any such financial institution operating outside of the United States, or a payable through account through which any such transaction may be conducted, as a condition of opening or maintaining such account—

"(A) to identify each customer (and representative of such customer) of such financial

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institution who is permitted to use, or whose transactions are routed through, such payable-through account; and

"(B) to obtain, with respect to each such customer (and each such representative), information that is substantially comparable to that which the depository institution obtains in the ordinary course of business with respect to its customers residing in the United States.

"(4) Information relating to certain cor-RESPONDENT ACCOUNTS.—If the Secretary finds a jurisdiction outside of the United States, 1 or more financial institutions operating outside of the United States, or 1 or more classes of transactions within, or involving, a jurisdiction outside of the United States to be of primary money laundering concern, the Secretary may require any domestic financial institution or domestic financial agency that opens or maintains a correspondent account in the United States for a foreign financial institution involving any such jurisdiction or any such financial institution operating outside of the United States, or a correspondent account through which any such transaction may be conducted, as a condition of opening or maintaining such account—

"(A) to identify each customer (and representative of such customer) of any such financial institution who is permitted to use, or whose transactions are routed through, such correspondent account; and

"(B) to obtain, with respect to each such customer (and each such representative), information that is substantially comparable to that which the depository institution obtains in the ordinary course of business with respect to its customers residing in the United States.

"(5) Prohibitions or conditions on openING OR MAINTAINING CERTAIN CORRESPONDENT OR
PAYABLE-THROUGH ACCOUNTS.—If the Secretary
finds a jurisdiction outside of the United States, 1
or more financial institutions operating outside of
the United States, or 1 or more classes of transactions within, or involving, a jurisdiction outside of
the United States to be of primary money laundering concern, the Secretary, in consultation with
the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, and
the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, may prohibit, or impose conditions upon, the opening or maintaining in the United
States of a correspondent account or payable-

- 1 through account by any domestic financial institu-
- 2 tion or domestic financial agency for or on behalf of
- a foreign banking institution, if such correspondent
- 4 account or payable-through account involves any
- 5 such jurisdiction or institution, or if any such trans-
- 6 action may be conducted through such cor-
- 7 respondent account or payable-through account.
- 8 "(c) Consultations and Information To Be
- 9 Considered in Finding Jurisdictions, Institutions,
- 10 Types of Accounts, or Transactions To Be of Pri-
- 11 MARY MONEY LAUNDERING CONCERN.—
- 12 "(1) IN GENERAL.—In making a finding that
- reasonable grounds exist for concluding that a juris-
- diction outside of the United States, 1 or more fi-
- 15 nancial institutions operating outside of the United
- States, 1 or more classes of transactions within, or
- involving, a jurisdiction outside of the United States,
- or 1 or more types of accounts is of primary money
- laundering concern so as to authorize the Secretary
- to take 1 or more of the special measures described
- in subsection (b), the Secretary shall consult with
- the Secretary of State, and the Attorney General.
- 23 "(2) Additional considerations.—In mak-
- ing a finding described in paragraph (1), the Sec-
- retary shall consider in addition such information as

1	the Secretary determines to be relevant, including
2	the following potentially relevant factors:
3	"(A) JURISDICTIONAL FACTORS.—In the
4	case of a particular jurisdiction—
5	"(i) evidence that organized criminal
6	groups, international terrorists, or both,
7	have transacted business in that jurisdic-
8	tion;
9	(ii) the extent to which that jurisdic-
10	tion or financial institutions operating in
11	that jurisdiction offer bank secrecy or spe-
12	cial tax or regulatory advantages to non-
13	residents or nondomiciliaries of that juris-
14	diction;
15	"(iii) the substance and quality of ad-
16	ministration of the bank supervisory and
17	counter-money laundering laws of that ju-
18	risdiction;
19	"(iv) the relationship between the vol-
20	ume of financial transactions occurring in
21	that jurisdiction and the size of the econ-
22	omy of the jurisdiction;
23	"(v) the extent to which that jurisdic-
24	tion is characterized as a tax haven or off-
25	shore banking or secrecy haven by credible

1	international organizations or multilateral
2	expert groups;
3	"(vi) whether the United States has a
4	mutual legal assistance treaty with that ju-
5	risdiction, and the experience of United
6	States law enforcement officials, regulatory
7	officials, and tax administrators in obtain-
8	ing information about transactions origi-
9	nating in or routed through or to such ju-
10	risdiction; and
11	"(vii) the extent to which that juris-
12	diction is characterized by high levels of of-
13	ficial or institutional corruption.
14	"(B) Institutional factors.—In the
15	case of a decision to apply 1 or more of the spe-
16	cial measures described in subsection (b) only
17	to a financial institution or institutions, or to a
18	transaction or class of transactions, or to a type
19	of account, or to all 3, within or involving a
20	particular jurisdiction—
21	"(i) the extent to which such financial
22	institutions, transactions, or types of ac-
23	counts are used to facilitate or promote
24	money laundering in or through the juris-
25	diction;

1	"(ii) the extent to which such institu-
2	tions, transactions, or types of accounts
3	are used for legitimate business purposes
4	in the jurisdiction; and
5	"(iii) the extent to which such action
6	is sufficient to ensure, with respect to
7	transactions involving the jurisdiction and
8	institutions operating in the jurisdiction,
9	that the purposes of this subchapter con-
10	tinue to be fulfilled, and to guard against
11	international money laundering and other
12	financial crimes.
13	"(d) Notification of Special Measures In-
14	VOKED BY THE SECRETARY.—Not later than 10 days
15	after the date of any action taken by the Secretary under
16	subsection (a)(1), the Secretary shall notify, in writing,
17	the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
18	resentatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
19	Urban Affairs of the Senate of any such action.
20	"(e) Study and Report on Foreign Nation-
21	ALS.—
22	"(1) Study.—The Secretary, in consultation
23	with the appropriate Federal agencies, including the
24	Federal banking agencies (as defined in section 3 of

[the Federal Deposit Insurance Act), shall conduct a
2	study to—

"(A) determine the most timely and effective way to require foreign nationals to provide domestic financial institutions and agencies with appropriate and accurate information, comparable to that which is required of United States nationals, concerning their identity, address, and other related information necessary to enable such institutions and agencies to comply with the reporting, information gathering, and other requirements of this section; and

"(B) consider the need for requiring foreign nationals to apply for and obtain an identification number, similar to what is required for United States citizens through a social security number or tax identification number, prior to opening an account with a domestic financial institution.

"(2) Report.—The Secretary shall report to Congress not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section with recommendations for implementing such action referred to in paragraph (1) in a timely and effective manner.

1	"(f) Definitions.—Notwithstanding any other pro-
2	vision of this subchapter, for purposes of this section, the
3	following definitions shall apply:
4	"(1) Bank definitions.—The following defini-
5	tions shall apply with respect to a bank:
6	"(A) ACCOUNT.—The term 'account'—
7	"(i) means a formal banking or busi-
8	ness relationship established to provide
9	regular services, dealings, and other finan-
10	cial transactions; and
11	"(ii) includes a demand deposit, sav-
12	ings deposit, or other transaction or asset
13	account and a credit account or other ex-
14	tension of credit.
15	"(B) Correspondent account.—The
16	term 'correspondent account' means an account
17	established to receive deposits from, make pay-
18	ments on behalf of a foreign financial institu-
19	tion, or handle other financial transactions re-
20	lated to such institution.
21	"(C) PAYABLE-THROUGH ACCOUNT.—The
22	term 'payable-through account' means an ac-
23	count, including a transaction account (as de-
24	fined in section 19(b)(1)(C) of the Federal Re-
25	serve Act), opened at a depository institution by

a foreign financial institution by means of which the foreign financial institution permits its customers to engage, either directly or through a subaccount, in banking activities usual in connection with the business of banking in the United States.

- "(2) Definitions applicable to institutions other than a bank, the Secretary shall, after consultation with the Securities and Exchange Commission, define by regulation the term 'account', and shall include within the meaning of that term, to the extent, if any, that the Secretary deems appropriate, arrangements similar to payable-through and correspondent accounts.
- "(3) REGULATORY DEFINITION.—The Secretary shall promulgate regulations defining beneficial ownership of an account for purposes of this section. Such regulations shall address issues related to an individual's authority to fund, direct, or manage the account (including, without limitation, the power to direct payments into or out of the account), and an individual's material interest in the income or corpus of the account, and shall ensure that the identification of individuals under this sec-

- 1 tion does not extend to any individual whose bene-
- 2 ficial interest in the income or corpus of the account
- 3 is immaterial.".
- 4 "(4) OTHER TERMS.—The Secretary may, by
- 5 regulation, further define the terms in paragraphs
- 6 (1) and (2) and define other terms for the purposes
- 7 of this section, as the Secretary deems appro-
- 8 priate.".
- 9 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
- 10 for subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 31, United States
- 11 Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to
- 12 section 5318 the following new item:

"5318A. Special measures for jurisdictions, financial institutions, or international transactions of primary money laundering concern.".

- 13 SEC. 312. SPECIAL DUE DILIGENCE FOR CORRESPONDENT
- 14 ACCOUNTS AND PRIVATE BANKING AC-
- 15 COUNTS.
- 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 5318 of title 31, United
- 17 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 18 lowing:
- 19 "(i) Due Diligence for United States Private
- 20 Banking and Correspondent Bank Accounts In-
- 21 VOLVING FOREIGN PERSONS.—
- 22 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Each financial institution
- 23 that establishes, maintains, administers, or manages
- a private banking account or a correspondent ac-

1	count in the United States for a non-United States
2	person, including a foreign individual visiting the
3	United States, or a representative of a non-United
4	States person shall establish appropriate, specific,
5	and, where necessary, enhanced, due diligence poli-
6	cies, procedures, and controls to detect and report
7	instances of money laundering through those ac-
8	counts.
9	"(2) Minimum standards for cor-
10	RESPONDENT ACCOUNTS.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (B)
12	shall apply if a correspondent account is re-
13	quested or maintained by, or on behalf of, a
14	foreign bank operating—
15	"(i) under an offshore banking li-
16	cense; or
17	"(ii) under a banking license issued
18	by a foreign country that has been
19	designated—
20	"(I) as noncooperative with inter-
21	national anti-money laundering prin-
22	ciples or procedures by an intergov-
23	ernmental group or organization of
24	which the United States is a member;
25	or

1	"(II) by the Secretary as war-
2	ranting special measures due to
3	money laundering concerns.
4	"(B) Policies, procedures, and con-
5	TROLS.—The enhanced due diligence policies,
6	procedures, and controls required under para-
7	graph (1) shall, at a minimum, ensure that the
8	financial institution in the United States takes
9	reasonable steps—
10	"(i) to ascertain for any such foreign
11	bank, the shares of which are not publicly
12	traded, the identity of each of the owners
13	of the foreign bank, and the nature and
14	extent of the ownership interest of each
15	such owner;
16	"(ii) to conduct enhanced scrutiny of
17	such account to guard against money laun-
18	dering and report any suspicious trans-
19	actions under section 5318(g); and
20	"(iii) to ascertain whether such for-
21	eign bank provides correspondent accounts
22	to other foreign banks and, if so, the iden-
23	tity of those foreign banks and related due
24	diligence information, as appropriate under
25	paragraph (1).

1	"(3) Minimum standards for private bank-
2	ING ACCOUNTS.—If a private banking account is re-
3	quested or maintained by, or on behalf of, a non-
4	United States person, then the due diligence policies,
5	procedures, and controls required under paragraph
6	(1) shall, at a minimum, ensure that the financial
7	institution takes reasonable steps—
8	"(A) to ascertain the identity of the nomi-
9	nal and beneficial owners of, and the source of
10	funds deposited into, such account as needed to
11	guard against money laundering and report any
12	suspicious transactions under section 5318(g);
13	and
14	"(B) to conduct enhanced scrutiny of any
15	such account that is requested or maintained
16	by, or on behalf of, a senior foreign political fig-
17	ure, or any immediate family member or close
18	associate of a senior foreign political figure, to
19	prevent, detect, and report transactions that
20	may involve the proceeds of foreign corruption.
21	"(4) Definitions and regulatory author-
22	ITY.—
23	"(A) Offshore banking license.—For
24	purposes of this subsection, the term 'offshore
25	banking license' means a license to conduct

- banking activities which, as a condition of the license, prohibits the licensed entity from conducting banking activities with the citizens of, or with the local currency of, the country which issued the license.
- 6 "(B) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The Sec-7 retary, in consultation with the appropriate 8 functional regulators of the affected financial 9 institutions, may further delineate, by regula-10 tion the due diligence policies, procedures, and 11 controls required under paragraph (1).".
- 12 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
 13 this section shall take effect beginning 180 days after the
 14 date of enactment of this Act with respect to accounts cov15 ered by section 5318(i) of title 31, United States Code,
 16 as added by this section, that are opened before, on, or
 17 after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 18 SEC. 313. PROHIBITION ON UNITED STATES COR19 RESPONDENT ACCOUNTS WITH FOREIGN
 20 SHELL BANKS.
- 21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 5318 of title 31, United 22 States Code, is amended by inserting after section 5318(i),
- 23 as added by section 312 of this title, the following:

- 1 "(j) Prohibition on United States Cor-
- 2 RESPONDENT ACCOUNTS WITH FOREIGN SHELL
- 3 Banks.—
- 4 "(1) IN GENERAL.—A financial institution de-
- 5 scribed in subparagraphs (A) through (F) of section
- 6 5312(a)(2) (in this subsection referred to as a 'cov-
- 7 ered financial institution') shall not establish, main-
- 8 tain, administer, or manage a correspondent account
- 9 in the United States for, or on behalf of, a foreign
- bank that does not have a physical presence in any
- 11 country.
- 12 "(2) Prevention of indirect service to
- 13 FOREIGN SHELL BANKS.—A covered financial insti-
- tution shall take reasonable steps to ensure that any
- 15 correspondent account established, maintained, ad-
- ministered, or managed by that covered financial in-
- stitution in the United States for a foreign bank is
- not being used by that foreign bank to indirectly
- provide banking services to another foreign bank
- that does not have a physical presence in any coun-
- 21 try. The Secretary shall, by regulation, delineate the
- reasonable steps necessary to comply with this para-
- 23 graph.
- 24 "(3) Exception.—Paragraphs (1) and (2) do
- not prohibit a covered financial institution from pro-

1	viding a correspondent account to a foreign bank, if
2	the foreign bank—
3	"(A) is an affiliate of a depository institu-
4	tion, credit union, or foreign bank that main-
5	tains a physical presence in the United States
6	or a foreign country, as applicable; and
7	"(B) is subject to supervision by a banking
8	authority in the country regulating the affili-
9	ated depository institution, credit union, or for-
10	eign bank described in subparagraph (A), as
11	applicable.
12	"(4) Definitions.—For purposes of this
13	subsection—
14	"(A) the term 'affiliate' means a foreign
15	bank that is controlled by or is under common
16	control with a depository institution, credit
17	union, or foreign bank; and
18	"(B) the term 'physical presence' means a
19	place of business that—
20	"(i) is maintained by a foreign bank;
21	"(ii) is located at a fixed address
22	(other than solely an electronic address) in
23	a country in which the foreign bank is au-
24	thorized to conduct banking activities, at
25	which location the foreign bank—

1	"(I) employs 1 or more individ-
2	uals on a full-time basis; and
3	"(II) maintains operating records
4	related to its banking activities; and
5	"(iii) is subject to inspection by the
6	banking authority which licensed the for-
7	eign bank to conduct banking activities.".
8	SEC. 314. COOPERATIVE EFFORTS TO DETER MONEY LAUN-
9	DERING.
10	(a) Cooperation Among Financial Institutions,
11	REGULATORY AUTHORITIES, AND LAW ENFORCEMENT
12	Authorities.—
13	(1) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall, within
14	120 days after the date of enactment of this Act,
15	adopt regulations to encourage further cooperation
16	among financial institutions, their regulatory au-
17	thorities, and law enforcement authorities, with the
18	specific purpose of encouraging regulatory authori-
19	ties and law enforcement authorities to share with
20	financial institutions information regarding individ-
21	uals, entities, and organizations engaged in or rea-
22	sonably suspected based on credible evidence of en-
23	gaging in terrorist acts or money laundering activi-
24	ties.

1	(2) Contents.—The regulations promulgated
2	pursuant to paragraph (1) may—
3	(A) require that each financial institution
4	designate 1 or more persons to receive informa-
5	tion concerning, and to monitor accounts of in-
6	dividuals, entities, and organizations identified
7	pursuant to paragraph (1); and
8	(B) further establish procedures for the
9	protection of the shared information, consistent
10	with the capacity, size, and nature of the insti-
11	tution to which the particular procedures apply
12	(3) Rule of construction.—The receipt of
13	information by a financial institution pursuant to
14	this section shall not relieve or otherwise modify the
15	obligations of the financial institution with respect
16	to any other person or account.
17	(4) Use of information.—Information re-
18	ceived by a financial institution pursuant to this sec-
19	tion shall not be used for any purpose other than
20	identifying and reporting on activities that may in-
21	volve terrorist acts or money laundering activities.
22	(b) Cooperation Among Financial Institu-
23	TIONS.—Upon notice provided to the Secretary, 2 or more
24	financial institutions and any association of financial insti-

25 tutions may share information with one another regarding

- 1 individuals, entities, organizations, and countries sus-
- 2 pected of possible terrorist or money laundering activities.
- 3 A financial institution or association that transmits, re-
- 4 ceives, or shares such information for the purposes of
- 5 identifying and reporting activities that may involve ter-
- 6 rorist acts or money laundering activities shall not be lia-
- 7 ble to any person under any law or regulation of the
- 8 United States, any constitution, law, or regulation of any
- 9 State or political subdivision thereof, or under any con-
- 10 tract or other legally enforceable agreement (including any
- 11 arbitration agreement), for such disclosure or for any fail-
- 12 ure to provide notice of such disclosure to the person who
- 13 is the subject of such disclosure, or any other person iden-
- 14 tified in the disclosure, except where such transmission,
- 15 receipt, or sharing violates this section or regulations pro-
- 16 mulgated pursuant to this section.
- 17 (c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Compliance with the
- 18 provisions of this title requiring or allowing financial insti-
- 19 tutions and any association of financial institutions to dis-
- 20 close or share information regarding individuals, entities,
- 21 and organizations engaged in or suspected of engaging in
- 22 terrorist acts or money laundering activities shall not con-
- 23 stitute a violation of the provisions of title V of the
- 24 Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (Public Law 106–102).

1	SEC. 315. INCLUSION OF FOREIGN CORRUPTION OFFENSES
2	AS MONEY LAUNDERING CRIMES.
3	Section 1956(c)(7)(B) of title 18, United States
4	Code, is amended—
5	(1) in clause (ii), by striking "or destruction of
6	property by means of explosive or fire" and inserting
7	"destruction of property by means of explosive or
8	fire, or a crime of violence (as defined in section
9	16)";
10	(2) in clause (iii), by striking "1978" and in-
11	serting "1978)"; and
12	(3) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(iv) bribery of a public official, or
14	the misappropriation, theft, or embezzle-
15	ment of public funds by or for the benefit
16	of a public official;
17	"(v) smuggling or export control viola-
18	tions involving—
19	"(I) an item controlled on the
20	United States Munitions List estab-
21	lished under section 38 of the Arms
22	Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2778);
23	or
24	``(II) an item controlled under
25	regulations under the Export Admin-

1	istration Act of 1977 (15 C.F.R
2	Parts 730–774);
3	"(vi) an offense with respect to which
4	the United States would be obligated by a
5	multilateral treaty, either to extradite the
6	alleged offender or to submit the case for
7	prosecution, if the offender were found
8	within the territory of the United States
9	or
10	"(vii) the misuse of funds of, or pro-
11	vided by, the International Monetary Fund
12	in contravention of the Articles of Agree-
13	ment of the Fund or the misuse of funds
14	of, or provided by, any other international
15	financial institution (as defined in section
16	1701(c)(2) of the International Financia
17	Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262r(c)(2)) in
18	contravention of any treaty or other inter-
19	national agreement to which the United
20	States is a party, including any articles of
21	agreement of the members of the inter-
22	national financial institution;".
23	SEC. 316. ANTI-TERRORIST FORFEITURE PROTECTION.
24	(a) RIGHT TO CONTEST.—An owner of property that

25 is confiscated under any provision of law relating to the

- 1 confiscation of assets of suspected international terrorists,
- 2 may contest that confiscation by filing a claim in the man-
- 3 ner set forth in the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (Sup-
- 4 plemental Rules for Certain Admiralty and Maritime
- 5 Claims), and asserting as an affirmative defense that—
- 6 (1) the property is not subject to confiscation
- 7 under such provision of law; or
- 8 (2) the innocent owner provisions of section
- 9 983(d) of title 18, United States Code, apply to the
- 10 case.
- 11 (b) EVIDENCE.—In considering a claim filed under
- 12 this section, the Government may rely on evidence that
- 13 is otherwise inadmissible under the Federal Rules of Evi-
- 14 dence, if a court determines that such reliance is necessary
- 15 to protect the national security interests of the United
- 16 States.
- 17 (c) Other Remedies.—Nothing in this section shall
- 18 limit or otherwise affect any other remedies that may be
- 19 available to an owner of property under section 983 of
- 20 title 18, United States Code, or any other provision of law.
- 21 SEC. 317. LONG-ARM JURISDICTION OVER FOREIGN MONEY
- 22 LAUNDERERS.
- Section 1956(b) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 24 amended—

1	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as
2	subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively, and mov-
3	ing the margins 2 ems to the right;
4	(2) by inserting after "(b)" the following:
5	"Penalties.—
6	"(1) In general.—";
7	(3) by inserting ", or section 1957" after "or
8	(a)(3)"; and
9	(4) by adding at the end the following:
10	"(2) Jurisdiction over foreign persons.—
11	For purposes of adjudicating an action filed or en-
12	forcing a penalty ordered under this section, the dis-
13	trict courts shall have jurisdiction over any foreign
14	person, including any financial institution authorized
15	under the laws of a foreign country, against whom
16	the action is brought, if service of process upon the
17	foreign person is made under the Federal Rules of
18	Civil Procedure or the laws of the country in which
19	the foreign person is found, and—
20	"(A) the foreign person commits an offense
21	under subsection (a) involving a financial trans-
22	action that occurs in whole or in part in the
23	United States;
24	"(B) the foreign person converts, to his or
25	her own use, property in which the United

1	States has an ownership interest by virtue of
2	the entry of an order of forfeiture by a court
3	of the United States; or
4	"(C) the foreign person is a financial insti-
5	tution that maintains a bank account at a fi-
6	nancial institution in the United States.
7	"(3) Court authority over assets.—A
8	court described in paragraph (2) may issue a pre-
9	trial restraining order or take any other action nec-
10	essary to ensure that any bank account or other
11	property held by the defendant in the United States
12	is available to satisfy a judgment under this section.
13	"(4) Federal receiver.—
14	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A court described in
15	paragraph (2) may appoint a Federal Receiver,
16	in accordance with subparagraph (B) of this
17	paragraph, to collect, marshal, and take cus-
18	tody, control, and possession of all assets of the
19	defendant, wherever located, to satisfy a judg-
20	ment under this section or section 981, 982, or
21	1957, including an order of restitution to any
22	victim of a specified unlawful activity.
23	"(B) Appointment and authority.—A
24	Federal Receiver described in subparagraph
25	(A)—

1	"(i) may be appointed upon applica-
2	tion of a Federal prosecutor or a Federal
3	or State regulator, by the court having ju-
4	risdiction over the defendant in the case;
5	"(ii) shall be an officer of the court,
6	and the powers of the Federal Receiver
7	shall include the powers set out in section
8	754 of title 28, United States Code; and
9	"(iii) shall have standing equivalent to
10	that of a Federal prosecutor for the pur-
11	pose of submitting requests to obtain infor-
12	mation regarding the assets of the
13	defendant—
14	"(I) from the Financial Crimes
15	Enforcement Network of the Depart-
16	ment of the Treasury; or
17	"(II) from a foreign country pur-
18	suant to a mutual legal assistance
19	treaty, multilateral agreement, or
20	other arrangement for international
21	law enforcement assistance, provided
22	that such requests are in accordance
23	with the policies and procedures of the
24	Attorney General.".

1	SEC. 318. LAUNDERING MONEY THROUGH A FOREIGN
2	BANK.
3	Section 1956(c) of title 18, United States Code, is
4	amended by striking paragraph (6) and inserting the fol-
5	lowing:
6	"(6) the term 'financial institution' includes—
7	"(A) any financial institution, as defined in
8	section 5312(a)(2) of title 31, United States
9	Code, or the regulations promulgated there-
10	under; and
11	"(B) any foreign bank, as defined in sec-
12	tion 1 of the International Banking Act of 1978
13	(12 U.S.C. 3101).".
14	SEC. 319. FORFEITURE OF FUNDS IN UNITED STATES
15	INTERBANK ACCOUNTS.
16	(a) Forfeiture From United States Interbank
17	ACCOUNT.—Section 981 of title 18, United States Code,
18	is amended by adding at the end the following:
19	"(k) Interbank Accounts.—
20	"(1) In General.—
21	"(A) In general.—For the purpose of a
22	forfeiture under this section or under the Con-
23	trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.),
24	if funds are deposited into an account at a for-
25	eign bank, and that foreign bank has an inter-
26	bank account in the United States with a cov-

ered financial institution (as defined in section 5318A of title 31), the funds shall be deemed to have been deposited into the interbank account in the United States, and any restraining order, seizure warrant, or arrest warrant in rem regarding the funds may be served on the covered financial institution, and funds in the interbank account, up to the value of the funds deposited into the account at the foreign bank, may be restrained, seized, or arrested.

"(B) AUTHORITY TO SUSPEND.—The Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary, may suspend or terminate a forfeiture under this section if the Attorney General determines that a conflict of law exists between the laws of the jurisdiction in which the foreign bank is located and the laws of the United States with respect to liabilities arising from the restraint, seizure, or arrest of such funds, and that such suspension or termination would be in the interest of justice and would not harm the national interests of the United States.

"(2) NO REQUIREMENT FOR GOVERNMENT TO TRACE FUNDS.—If a forfeiture action is brought against funds that are restrained, seized, or arrested

1	under paragraph (1), it shall not be necessary for
2	the Government to establish that the funds are di-
3	rectly traceable to the funds that were deposited into
4	the foreign bank, nor shall it be necessary for the
5	Government to rely on the application of section
6	984.
7	"(3) Claims brought by owner of the
8	FUNDS.—If a forfeiture action is instituted against
9	funds restrained, seized, or arrested under para-
10	graph (1), the owner of the funds deposited into the
11	account at the foreign bank may contest the for-
12	feiture by filing a claim under section 983.
13	"(4) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
14	section, the following definitions shall apply:
15	"(A) Interbank account.—The term
16	'interbank account' has the same meaning as in
17	section $984(e)(2)(B)$.
18	"(B) Owner.—
19	"(i) In general.—Except as pro-
20	vided in clause (ii), the term 'owner'—
21	"(I) means the person who was
22	the owner, as that term is defined in
23	section 983(d)(6), of the funds that
24	were deposited into the foreign bank

1	at the time such funds were deposited;
2	and
3	"(II) does not include either the
4	foreign bank or any financial institu-
5	tion acting as an intermediary in the
6	transfer of the funds into the inter-
7	bank account.
8	"(ii) Exception.—The foreign bank
9	may be considered the 'owner' of the funds
10	(and no other person shall qualify as the
11	owner of such funds) only if—
12	"(I) the basis for the forfeiture
13	action is wrongdoing committed by
14	the foreign bank; or
15	"(II) the foreign bank estab-
16	lishes, by a preponderance of the evi-
17	dence, that prior to the restraint, sei-
18	zure, or arrest of the funds, the for-
19	eign bank had discharged all or part
20	of its obligation to the prior owner of
21	the funds, in which case the foreign
22	bank shall be deemed the owner of the
23	funds to the extent of such discharged
24	obligation.".

1	(b) Bank Records.—Section 5318 of title 31,
2	United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
3	following:
4	"(k) Bank Records Related to Anti-Money
5	Laundering Programs.—
6	"(1) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
7	section, the following definitions shall apply:
8	"(A) APPROPRIATE FEDERAL BANKING
9	AGENCY.—The term 'appropriate Federal bank-
10	ing agency' has the same meaning as in section
11	3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12
12	U.S.C. 1813).
13	"(B) Incorporated terms.—The terms
14	'correspondent account', 'covered financial insti-
15	tution', and 'foreign bank' have the same mean-
16	ings as in section 5318A.
17	"(2) 120-HOUR RULE.—Not later than 120
18	hours after receiving a request by an appropriate
19	Federal banking agency for information related to
20	anti-money laundering compliance by a covered fi-
21	nancial institution or a customer of such institution,
22	a covered financial institution shall provide to the
23	appropriate Federal banking agency, or make avail-
24	able at a location specified by the representative of
25	the appropriate Federal banking agency, information

1	and account documentation for any account opened,
2	maintained, administered or managed in the United
3	States by the covered financial institution.
4	"(3) Foreign bank records.—
5	"(A) Summons or subpoena of
6	RECORDS.—
7	"(i) In General.—The Secretary or
8	the Attorney General may issue a sum-
9	mons or subpoena to any foreign bank that
10	maintains a correspondent account in the
11	United States and request records related
12	to such correspondent account, including
13	records maintained outside of the United
14	States relating to the deposit of funds into
15	the foreign bank.
16	"(ii) Service of summons or sub-
17	POENA.—A summons or subpoena referred
18	to in clause (i) may be served on the for-
19	eign bank in the United States if the for-
20	eign bank has a representative in the
21	United States, or in a foreign country pur-
22	suant to any mutual legal assistance trea-
23	ty, multilateral agreement, or other request
24	for international law enforcement assist-
25	ance.

1	"(B) Acceptance of Service.—
2	"(i) Maintaining records in the
3	UNITED STATES.—Any covered financia
4	institution which maintains a cor-
5	respondent account in the United States
6	for a foreign bank shall maintain records
7	in the United States identifying the owners
8	of such foreign bank and the name and ad-
9	dress of a person who resides in the United
10	States and is authorized to accept service
11	of legal process for records regarding the
12	correspondent account.
13	"(ii) Law enforcement request.—
14	Upon receipt of a written request from a
15	Federal law enforcement officer for infor-
16	mation required to be maintained under
17	this paragraph, the covered financial insti-
18	tution shall provide the information to the
19	requesting officer not later than 7 days
20	after receipt of the request.
21	"(C) TERMINATION OF CORRESPONDENT
22	RELATIONSHIP.—
23	"(i) TERMINATION UPON RECEIPT OF
24	NOTICE.—A covered financial institution
25	shall terminate any correspondent relation-

1	ship with a foreign bank not later than 10
2	business days after receipt of written no-
3	tice from the Secretary or the Attorney
4	General that the foreign bank has failed—
5	"(I) to comply with a summons
6	or subpoena issued under subpara-
7	graph (A); or
8	"(II) to initiate proceedings in a
9	United States court contesting such
10	summons or subpoena.
11	"(ii) Limitation on liability.—A
12	covered financial institution shall not be
13	liable to any person in any court or arbi-
14	tration proceeding for terminating a cor-
15	respondent relationship in accordance with
16	this subsection.
17	"(iii) Failure to terminate rela-
18	TIONSHIP.—Failure to terminate a cor-
19	respondent relationship in accordance with
20	this subsection shall render the covered fi-
21	nancial institution liable for a civil penalty
22	of up to \$10,000 per day until the cor-
23	respondent relationship is so terminated.".
24	(c) Grace Period.—Financial institutions affected
25	by section 5333 of title 31 United States Code, as amend-

1	ed by this title, shall have 60 days from the date of enact-
2	ment of this Act to comply with the provisions of that sec-
3	tion.
4	(d) Requests for Records.—Section 3486(a)(1)
5	of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking
6	", or (II) a Federal offense involving the sexual exploi-
7	tation or abuse of children" and inserting ", (II) a Federal
8	offense involving the sexual exploitation or abuse of chil-
9	dren, or (III) money laundering, in violation of section
10	1956, 1957, or 1960 of this title".
11	(e) AUTHORITY TO ORDER CONVICTED CRIMINAL TO
12	RETURN PROPERTY LOCATED ABROAD.—
13	(1) Forfeiture of substitute property.—
14	Section 413(p) of the Controlled Substances Act (21
15	U.S.C. 853) is amended to read as follows:
16	"(p) Forfeiture of Substitute Property.—
17	"(1) In General.—Paragraph (2) of this sub-
18	section shall apply, if any property described in sub-
19	section (a), as a result of any act or omission of the
20	defendant—
21	"(A) cannot be located upon the exercise of
22	due diligence;
23	"(B) has been transferred or sold to, or
24	deposited with, a third party:

1	"(C) has been placed beyond the jurisdic-
2	tion of the court;
3	"(D) has been substantially diminished in
4	value; or
5	"(E) has been commingled with other
6	property which cannot be divided without dif-
7	ficulty.
8	"(2) Substitute property.—In any case de-
9	scribed in any of subparagraphs (A) through (E) of
10	paragraph (1), the court shall order the forfeiture of
11	any other property of the defendant, up to the value
12	of any property described in subparagraphs (A)
13	through (E) of paragraph (1), as applicable.
14	"(3) Return of property to jurisdic-
15	TION.—In the case of property described in para-
16	graph (1)(C), the court may, in addition to any
17	other action authorized by this subsection, order the
18	defendant to return the property to the jurisdiction
19	of the court so that the property may be seized and
20	forfeited.".
21	(2) Protective orders.—Section 413(e) of
22	the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 853(e)) is
23	amended by adding at the end the following:
24	"(4) Order to repatriate and deposit.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to its authority to enter a pretrial restraining order under this section, including its authority to restrain any property forfeitable as substitute assets, the court may order a defendant to repatriate any property that may be seized and forfeited, and to deposit that property pending trial in the registry of the court, or with the United States Marshals Service or the Secretary of the Treasury, in an interest-bearing account, if appropriate.

"(B) Failure to comply.—Failure to comply with an order under this subsection, or an order to repatriate property under subsection (p), shall be punishable as a civil or criminal contempt of court, and may also result in an enhancement of the sentence of the defendant under the obstruction of justice provision of the Federal Sentencing Guidelines.".

20 SEC. 320. PROCEEDS OF FOREIGN CRIMES.

- 21 Section 981(a)(1)(B) of title 18, United States Code,
- 22 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 "(B) Any property, real or personal, within the
- jurisdiction of the United States, constituting, de-
- 25 rived from, or traceable to, any proceeds obtained di-

1	rectly or indirectly from an offense against a foreign
2	nation, or any property used to facilitate such an of-
3	fense, if the offense—
4	"(i) involves the manufacture, importation,
5	sale, or distribution of a controlled substance
6	(as that term is defined for purposes of the
7	Controlled Substances Act), or any other con-
8	duct described in section 1956(c)(7)(B);
9	"(ii) would be punishable within the juris-
10	diction of the foreign nation by death or impris-
11	onment for a term exceeding 1 year; and
12	"(iii) would be punishable under the laws
13	of the United States by imprisonment for a
14	term exceeding 1 year, if the act or activity con-
15	stituting the offense had occurred within the ju-
16	risdiction of the United States.".
17	SEC. 321. EXCLUSION OF ALIENS INVOLVED IN MONEY
18	LAUNDERING.
19	Section 212(a)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality
20	Act of 1952 (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(2)) is amended by adding
21	at the end the following:
22	"(I) Money Laundering activities.—
23	Any alien who the consular officer or the Attor-
24	ney General knows or has reason to believe is
25	or has been engaged in activities which, if en-

- 1 gaged in within the United States would con-2 stitute a violation of section 1956 or 1957 of 3 title 18, United States Code, or has been a knowing assister, abettor, conspirator, colluder with others in any such illicit activity 6 is inadmissible.". 7 SEC. 322. CORPORATION REPRESENTED BY A FUGITIVE. 8 Section 2466 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by designating the present matter as subsection 10 (a), and adding at the end the following: 11 "(b) Subsection (a) may be applied to a claim filed by a corporation if any majority shareholder, or individual 13 filing the claim on behalf of the corporation is a person to whom subsection (a) applies.". 14 15 SEC. 323. ENFORCEMENT OF FOREIGN JUDGMENTS. amended— 17
- 16 Section 2467 of title 28, United States Code, is
- 18 (1) in subsection (d), by adding the following 19 after paragraph (2):
- "(3) Preservation of Property.—To pre-20 21 serve the availability of property subject to a foreign forfeiture or confiscation judgment, the Government 22 23 may apply for, and the court may issue, a restrain-24 ing order pursuant to section 983(j) of title 18, 25 United States Code, at any time before or after an

1	application is filed pursuant to subsection $(c)(1)$.
2	The court, in issuing the restraining order—
3	"(A) may rely on information set forth in
4	an affidavit describing the nature of the pro-
5	ceeding investigation underway in the foreign
6	country, and setting forth a reasonable basis to
7	believe that the property to be restrained will be
8	named in a judgment of forfeiture at the con-
9	clusion of such proceeding; or
10	"(B) may register and enforce a restrain-
11	ing order has been issued by a court of com-
12	petent jurisdiction in the foreign country and
13	certified by the Attorney General pursuant to
14	subsection $(b)(2)$.
15	No person may object to the restraining order on
16	any ground that is the subject to parallel litigation
17	involving the same property that is pending in a for-
18	eign court.";
19	(2) in subsection (b)(1)(C), by striking "estab-
20	lishing that the defendant received notice of the pro-
21	ceedings in sufficient time to enable the defendant"
22	and inserting "establishing that the foreign nation
23	took steps, in accordance with the principles of due
24	process, to give notice of the proceedings to all per-

1	sons with an interest in the property in sufficient
2	time to enable such persons";

- (3) in subsection (d)(1)(D), by striking "the defendant in the proceedings in the foreign court did not receive notice" and inserting "the foreign nation did not take steps, in accordance with the principles of due process, to give notice of the proceedings to a person with an interest in the property"; and
- 9 (4) in subsection (a)(2)(A), by inserting ", any 10 violation of foreign law that would constitute a violation of an offense for which property could be for-12 feited under Federal law if the offense were com-13 mitted in the United States" after "United Nations 14 Convention".

15 SEC. 324. INCREASE IN CIVIL AND CRIMINAL PENALTIES

- 16 FOR MONEY LAUNDERING.
- 17 (a) CIVIL PENALTIES.—Section 5321(a) of title 31, 18 United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the 19 following:
- 20 "(7) **PENALTIES** FOR INTERNATIONAL 21 COUNTER MONEY LAUNDERING VIOLATIONS.—The 22 Secretary may impose a civil money penalty in an 23 amount equal to not less than 2 times the amount 24 of the transaction, but not more than \$1,000,000, 25 on any financial institution or agency that violates

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- any provision of subsection (i) or (j) of section 5318
- 2 or any special measures imposed under section
- 3 5318A.".
- 4 (b) Criminal Penalties.—Section 5322 of title 31,
- 5 United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
- 6 following:
- 7 "(d) A financial institution or agency that violates
- 8 any provision of subsection (i) or (j) of section 5318, or
- 9 any special measures imposed under section 5318A, or any
- 10 regulation prescribed under subsection (i) or (j) of section
- 11 5318 or section 5318A, shall be fined in an amount equal
- 12 to not less than 2 times the amount of the transaction,
- 13 but not more than \$1,000,000.".

14 SEC. 325. REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION.

- Not later than 30 months after the date of enactment
- 16 of this Act, the Secretary, in consultation with the Attor-
- 17 ney General, the Federal banking agencies (as defined at
- 18 section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act), the Secu-
- 19 rities and Exchange Commission, and such other agencies
- 20 as the Secretary may determine, at the discretion of the
- 21 Secretary, shall evaluate the operations of the provisions
- 22 of this subtitle and make recommendations to Congress
- 23 as to any legislative action with respect to this subtitle
- 24 as the Secretary may determine to be necessary or advis-
- 25 able.

1 SEC. 326. REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS.

2	The Secretary shall report annually on measures
3	taken pursuant to this subtitle, and shall submit the re-
4	port to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban
5	Affairs of the Senate and to the Committee on Financial
6	Services of the House of Representatives.
7	SEC. 327. CONCENTRATION ACCOUNTS AT FINANCIAL IN-
8	STITUTIONS.
9	Section 5318(h) of title 31, United States Code, as
10	amended by section 202 of this title, is amended by adding
11	at the end the following:
12	"(3) Concentration accounts.—The Sec-
13	retary may issue regulations under this subsection
14	that govern maintenance of concentration accounts
15	by financial institutions, in order to ensure that such
16	accounts are not used to prevent association of the
17	identity of an individual customer with the move-
18	ment of funds of which the customer is the direct or
19	beneficial owner, which regulations shall, at a
20	minimum—
21	"(A) prohibit financial institutions from al-
22	lowing clients to direct transactions that move
23	their funds into, out of, or through the con-
24	centration accounts of the financial institution;
25	"(B) prohibit financial institutions and
26	their employees from informing customers of

1	the existence of, or the means of identifying,
2	the concentration accounts of the institution;
3	and
4	"(C) require each financial institution to
5	establish written procedures governing the doc-
6	umentation of all transactions involving a con-
7	centration account, which procedures shall en-
8	sure that, any time a transaction involving a
9	concentration account commingles funds belong-
10	ing to 1 or more customers, the identity of, and
11	specific amount belonging to, each customer is
12	documented.".
12	
	Subtitle B—Currency Transaction
	Subtitle B—Currency Transaction Reporting Amendments and Re-
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13 14	Reporting Amendments and Re-
13 14 15	Reporting Amendments and Related Improvements
13 14 15 16	Reporting Amendments and Related Improvements SEC. 331. AMENDMENTS RELATING TO REPORTING OF SUS-
13 14 15 16 17	Reporting Amendments and Related Improvements SEC. 331. AMENDMENTS RELATING TO REPORTING OF SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITIES.
13 14 15 16 17	Reporting Amendments and Related Improvements SEC. 331. AMENDMENTS RELATING TO REPORTING OF SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITIES. (a) AMENDMENT RELATING TO CIVIL LIABILITY IM-
13 14 15 16 17 18	Reporting Amendments and Related Improvements SEC. 331. AMENDMENTS RELATING TO REPORTING OF SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITIES. (a) AMENDMENT RELATING TO CIVIL LIABILITY IMMUNITY FOR DISCLOSURES.—Section 5318(g)(3) of title
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Reporting Amendments and Related Improvements SEC. 331. AMENDMENTS RELATING TO REPORTING OF SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITIES. (a) AMENDMENT RELATING TO CIVIL LIABILITY IMMUNITY FOR DISCLOSURES.—Section 5318(g)(3) of title 31, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Reporting Amendments and Related Improvements SEC. 331. AMENDMENTS RELATING TO REPORTING OF SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITIES. (a) AMENDMENT RELATING TO CIVIL LIABILITY IMMUNITY FOR DISCLOSURES.—Section 5318(g)(3) of title 31, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "(3) LIABILITY FOR DISCLOSURES.—
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Reporting Amendments and Related Improvements SEC. 331. AMENDMENTS RELATING TO REPORTING OF SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITIES. (a) AMENDMENT RELATING TO CIVIL LIABILITY IMMUNITY FOR DISCLOSURES.—Section 5318(g)(3) of title 31, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "(3) LIABILITY FOR DISCLOSURES.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—Any financial institu-

1	to this subsection or any other authority, and
2	any director, officer, employee, or agent of such
3	institution who makes, or requires another to
4	make any such disclosure, shall not be liable to
5	any person under any law or regulation of the
6	United States, any constitution, law, or regula-
7	tion of any State or political subdivision of any
8	State, or under any contract or other legally en-
9	forceable agreement (including any arbitration
10	agreement), for such disclosure or for any fail-
11	ure to provide notice of such disclosure to the
12	person who is the subject of such disclosure or
13	any other person identified in the disclosure.
14	"(B) Rule of Construction.—Subpara-
15	graph (A) shall not be construed as creating—
16	"(i) any inference that the term 'per-
17	son', as used in such subparagraph, may
18	be construed more broadly than its ordi-
19	nary usage so as to include any govern-
20	ment or agency of government; or
21	"(ii) any immunity against, or other-
22	wise affecting, any civil or criminal action
23	brought by any government or agency of
24	government to enforce any constitution.

1	law, or regulation of such government or
2	agency.".
3	(b) Prohibition on Notification of Disclo-
4	SURES.—Section 5318(g)(2) of title 31, United States
5	Code, is amended to read as follows:
6	"(2) Notification prohibited.—
7	"(A) In general.—If a financial institu-
8	tion or any director, officer, employee, or agent
9	of any financial institution, voluntarily or pur-
10	suant to this section or any other authority, re-
11	ports a suspicious transaction to a government
12	agency—
13	"(i) the financial institution, director,
14	officer, employee, or agent may not notify
15	any person involved in the transaction that
16	the transaction has been reported; and
17	"(ii) no officer or employee of the
18	Federal Government or of any State, local,
19	tribal, or territorial government within the
20	United States, who has any knowledge that
21	such report was made may disclose to any
22	person involved in the transaction that the
23	transaction has been reported, other than
24	as necessary to fulfill the official duties of
25	such officer or employee.

1	"(B) DISCLOSURES IN CERTAIN EMPLOY-
2	MENT REFERENCES.—
3	"(i) Rule of construction.—Not-
4	withstanding the application of subpara-
5	graph (A) in any other context, subpara-
6	graph (A) shall not be construed as prohib-
7	iting any financial institution, or any direc-
8	tor, officer, employee, or agent of such in-
9	stitution, from including information that
10	was included in a report to which subpara-
11	graph (A) applies—
12	"(I) in a written employment ref-
13	erence that is provided in accordance
14	with section 18(v) of the Federal De-
15	posit Insurance Act in response to a
16	request from another financial institu-
17	tion, except that such written ref-
18	erence may not disclose that such in-
19	formation was also included in any
20	such report or that such report was
21	made; or
22	"(II) in a written termination no-
23	tice or employment reference that is
24	provided in accordance with the rules
25	of the self-regulatory organizations

1	registered with the Securities and Ex-
2	change Commission, except that such
3	written notice or reference may not
4	disclose that such information was
5	also included in any such report or
6	that such report was made.
7	"(ii) Information not required.—
8	Clause (i) shall not be construed, by itself,
9	to create any affirmative duty to include
10	any information described in clause (i) in
11	any employment reference or termination
12	notice referred to in clause (i).".
13	SEC. 332. ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING PROGRAMS.
14	Section 5318(h) of title 31, United States Code, is
15	amended to read as follows:
1516	amended to read as follows: "(h) Anti-money Laundering Programs.—
16	"(h) Anti-money Laundering Programs.—
16 17	"(h) Anti-money Laundering Programs.— "(1) In general.—In order to guard against
16 17 18	"(h) Anti-money Laundering Programs.— "(1) In general.—In order to guard against money laundering through financial institutions,
16 17 18 19	"(1) In general.—In order to guard against money laundering through financial institutions, each financial institution shall establish anti-money
16 17 18 19 20	"(h) Anti-money Laundering Programs.— "(1) In general.—In order to guard against money laundering through financial institutions, each financial institution shall establish anti-money laundering programs, including, at a minimum—
16 17 18 19 20 21	"(h) Anti-money Laundering Programs.— "(1) In general.—In order to guard against money laundering through financial institutions, each financial institution shall establish anti-money laundering programs, including, at a minimum— "(A) the development of internal policies,

1	"(C) an ongoing employee training pro-
2	gram; and
3	"(D) an independent audit function to test
4	programs.
5	"(2) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary may pre-
6	scribe minimum standards for programs established
7	under paragraph (1), and may exempt from the ap-
8	plication of those standards any financial institution
9	that is not subject to the provisions of the rules con-
10	tained in part 103 of title 31, of the Code of Federal
11	Regulations, or any successor rule thereto, for so
12	long as such financial institution is not subject to
13	the provisions of such rules.".
14	SEC. 333. PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF GEOGRAPHIC
15	TARGETING ORDERS AND CERTAIN RECORD-
16	KEEPING REQUIREMENTS, AND LENGTH-
17	ENING EFFECTIVE PERIOD OF GEOGRAPHIC
18	TARGETING ORDERS.
19	(a) Civil Penalty for Violation of Targeting
20	Order.—Section 5321(a)(1) of title 31, United States
21	Code, is amended—
22	(1) by inserting "or order issued" after "sub-
23	chapter or a regulation prescribed"; and
24	(2) by inserting ", or willfully violating a regu-
25	lation prescribed under section 21 of the Federal

1	Deposit Insurance Act or section 123 of Public Law
2	91–508," after "sections 5314 and 5315)".
3	(b) Criminal Penalties for Violation of Tar-
4	GETING ORDER.—Section 5322 of title 31, United States
5	Code, is amended—
6	(1) in subsection (a)—
7	(A) by inserting "or order issued" after
8	"willfully violating this subchapter or a regula-
9	tion prescribed"; and
10	(B) by inserting ", or willfully violating a
11	regulation prescribed under section 21 of the
12	Federal Deposit Insurance Act or section 123
13	of Public Law 91–508," after "under section
14	5315 or 5324)"; and
15	(2) in subsection (b)—
16	(A) by inserting "or order issued" after
17	"willfully violating this subchapter or a regula-
18	tion prescribed"; and
19	(B) by inserting "or willfully violating a
20	regulation prescribed under section 21 of the
21	Federal Deposit Insurance Act or section 123
22	of Public Law 91–508," after "under section
23	5315 or 5324),".
24	(e) Structuring Transactions To Evade Tar-
25	GETING ORDER OR CERTAIN RECORDKEEPING REQUIRE-

MENTS.—Section 5324(a) of title 31, United States Code, 2 is amended— 3 (1) by inserting a comma after "shall"; (2) by striking "section—" and inserting "sec-4 5 tion, the reporting or recordkeeping requirements 6 imposed by any order issued under section 5326, or 7 the recordkeeping requirements imposed by any reg-8 ulation prescribed under section 21 of the Federal 9 Deposit Insurance Act or section 123 of Public Law 10 91–508—"; 11 (3) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", to file a 12 report or to maintain a record required by an order 13 issued under section 5326, or to maintain a record 14 required pursuant to any regulation prescribed 15 under section 21 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act or section 123 of Public Law 91–508" after 16 17 "regulation prescribed under any such section"; and (4) in paragraph (2), by inserting ", to file a 18 19 report or to maintain a record required by any order 20 issued under section 5326, or to maintain a record required pursuant to any regulation prescribed 21 22 under section 5326, or to maintain a record required 23 pursuant to any regulation prescribed under section

21 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act or section

- 1 123 of Public Law 91–508," after "regulation pre-
- 2 scribed under any such section".
- 3 (d) Lengthening Effective Period of Geo-
- 4 GRAPHIC TARGETING ORDERS.—Section 5326(d) of title
- 5 31, United States Code, is amended by striking "more
- 6 than 60" and inserting "more than 180".

7 SEC. 334. ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING STRATEGY.

- 8 (b) Strategy.—Section 5341(b) of title 31, United
- 9 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 10 lowing:
- 11 "(12) Data regarding funding of ter-
- 12 RORISM.—Data concerning money laundering efforts
- related to the funding of acts of international ter-
- rorism, and efforts directed at the prevention, detec-
- tion, and prosecution of such funding.".
- 16 SEC. 335. AUTHORIZATION TO INCLUDE SUSPICIONS OF IL-
- 17 LEGAL ACTIVITY IN WRITTEN EMPLOYMENT
- 18 REFERENCES.
- 19 Section 18 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12
- 20 U.S.C. 1828) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 21 lowing:
- 22 "(v) Written Employment References May
- 23 Contain Suspicions of Involvement in Illegal Ac-
- 24 TIVITY.—

- 1 "(1) AUTHORITY TO DISCLOSE INFORMA-2 TION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 3 any insured depository institution, and any director, officer, employee, or agent of such institution, may 5 disclose in any written employment reference relat-6 ing to a current or former institution-affiliated party 7 of such institution which is provided to another in-8 sured depository institution in response to a request 9 from such other institution, information concerning 10 the possible involvement of such institution-affiliated 11 party in potentially unlawful activity.
 - "(2) Information not required.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall be construed, by itself, to create any affirmative duty to include any information described in paragraph (1) in any employment reference referred to in paragraph (1).
 - "(3) Malicious intent.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, voluntary disclosure made by an insured depository institution, and any director, officer, employee, or agent of such institution under this subsection concerning potentially unlawful activity that is made with malicious intent, shall not be shielded from liability from the person identified in the disclosure.

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1	"(4) Definition.—For purposes of this sub-
2	section, the term 'insured depository institution' in-
3	cludes any uninsured branch or agency of a foreign
4	bank.".
5	SEC. 336. BANK SECRECY ACT ADVISORY GROUP.
6	Section 1564 of the Annunzio-Wylie Anti-Money
7	Laundering Act (31 U.S.C. 5311 note) is amended—
8	(1) in subsection (a), by inserting ", of non-
9	governmental organizations advocating financial pri-
10	vacy," after "Drug Control Policy"; and
11	(2) in subsection (c), by inserting ", other than
12	subsections (a) and (d) of such Act which shall
13	apply" before the period at the end.
	apply" before the period at the end. SEC. 337. AGENCY REPORTS ON RECONCILING PENALTY
13	
13 14	SEC. 337. AGENCY REPORTS ON RECONCILING PENALTY
13 14 15	SEC. 337. AGENCY REPORTS ON RECONCILING PENALTY AMOUNTS.
13 14 15 16	SEC. 337. AGENCY REPORTS ON RECONCILING PENALTY AMOUNTS. Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
13 14 15 16	SEC. 337. AGENCY REPORTS ON RECONCILING PENALTY AMOUNTS. Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Federal
113 114 115 116 117	SEC. 337. AGENCY REPORTS ON RECONCILING PENALTY AMOUNTS. Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Federal banking agencies (as defined in section 3 of the Federal
13 14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 337. AGENCY REPORTS ON RECONCILING PENALTY AMOUNTS. Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Federal banking agencies (as defined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)) shall each sub-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 337. AGENCY REPORTS ON RECONCILING PENALTY AMOUNTS. Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Federal banking agencies (as defined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)) shall each submit their respective reports to the Congress containing
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 337. AGENCY REPORTS ON RECONCILING PENALTY AMOUNTS. Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Federal banking agencies (as defined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)) shall each submit their respective reports to the Congress containing recommendations on possible legislation to conform the
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 337. AGENCY REPORTS ON RECONCILING PENALTY AMOUNTS. Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Federal banking agencies (as defined in section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813)) shall each submit their respective reports to the Congress containing recommendations on possible legislation to conform the penalties imposed on depository institutions (as defined in

1	under section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 $$
2	U.S.C. 1818).
3	SEC. 338. REPORTING OF SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITIES BY SECU-
4	RITIES BROKERS AND DEALERS; INVEST-
5	MENT COMPANY STUDY.
6	(a) 270-Day Regulation Deadline.—Not later
7	than 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act,
8	the Secretary of the Treasury, after consultation with the
9	Securities and Exchange Commission and the Board of
10	Governors of the Federal Reserve System, shall issue final
11	regulations requiring registered brokers and dealers to file
12	reports of suspicious financial transactions, consistent
13	with the requirements applicable to financial institutions,
14	and directors, officers, employees, and agents of financial
15	institutions under section 5318(g) of title 31, United
16	States Code.
17	(b) Report on Investment Companies.—
18	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
19	the date of enactment of this Act, Secretary of the
20	Treasury, the Board of Governors of the Federal
21	Reserve System, and the Securities and Exchange
22	Commission shall jointly submit a report to Con-
23	gress on recommendations for effective regulations

to apply the requirements of subchapter II of chap-

ter 53 of title 31, United States Code, to investment

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1	companies, pursuant to section 5312(a)(2)(I) of title
2	31, United States Code.
3	(2) Definition.—For purposes of this section,
4	the term "investment company"—
5	(A) has the same meaning as in section 3
6	of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
7	U.S.C. 80a-3); and
8	(B) any person that, but for the exceptions
9	provided for in paragraph (1) or (7) of section
10	3(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940
11	(15 U.S.C. 80a-3(c)), would be an investment
12	company.
13	(3) Additional recommendations.—In its
14	report, the Securities and Exchange Commission
15	may make different recommendations for different
16	types of entities covered by this section.
17	(4) Beneficial ownership of personal
18	HOLDING COMPANIES.—The report described in
19	paragraph (1) shall also include recommendations as
20	to whether the Secretary should promulgate regula-
21	tions to treat any corporation or business or other
22	grantor trust whose assets are predominantly securi-
23	ties, bank certificates of deposit, or other securities
24	or investment instruments (other than such as relate

to operating subsidiaries of such corporation or

1	trust) and that has 5 or fewer common shareholders
2	or holders of beneficial or other equity interest, as
3	a financial institution within the meaning of that
4	phrase in section 5312(a)(2)(I) and whether to re-
5	quire such corporations or trusts to disclose their
6	beneficial owners when opening accounts or initi-
7	ating funds transfers at any domestic financial insti-
8	tution.
9	SEC. 339. SPECIAL REPORT ON ADMINISTRATION OF BANK
10	SECRECY PROVISIONS.
11	(a) Report Required.—Not later than 6 months
12	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall
13	submit a report to the Congress relating to the role of
14	the Internal Revenue Service in the administration of sub-
15	chapter II of chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code
16	(commonly known as the "Bank Secrecy Act").
17	(b) Contents.—The report required by subsection
18	(a)—
19	(1) shall specifically address, and contain rec-
20	ommendations concerning—
21	(A) whether it is advisable to shift the
22	processing of information reporting to the De-
23	partment of the Treasury under the Bank Se-
24	crecy Act provisions to facilities other than

1	those managed by the Internal Revenue Services
2	and

(B) whether it remains reasonable and efficient, in light of the objective of both antimoney-laundering programs and Federal tax administration, for the Internal Revenue Service to retain authority and responsibility for audit and examination of the compliance of money services businesses and gaming institutions with those Bank Secrecy Act provisions; and

(2) shall, if the Secretary determines that the information processing responsibility or the audit and examination responsibility of the Internal Revenue Service, or both, with respect to those Bank Secrecy Act provisions should be transferred to other agencies, include the specific recommendations of the Secretary regarding the agency or agencies to which any such function should be transferred, complete with a budgetary and resources plan for expeditiously accomplishing the transfer.

	1	SEC. 3	340.	BANK	SECRECY	PROVISIONS	AND	ANTI-TER
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- 2 RORIST ACTIVITIES OF UNITED STATES IN-
- 3 TELLIGENCE AGENCIES.
- 4 (a) Amendment relating to the Purposes of
- 5 THE BANK SECRECY ACT.—Section 5311 of title 31,
- 6 United States Code, is amended by inserting before the
- 7 period at the end the following: ", or in the conduct of
- 8 intelligence or counterintelligence activities, including
- 9 analysis, to protect against international terrorism".
- 10 (b) Amendment Relating to Reporting of Sus-
- 11 PICIOUS ACTIVITIES.—Section 5318(g)(4)(B) of title 31,
- 12 United States Code, is amended by striking "or super-
- 13 visory agency" and inserting ", supervisory agency, or
- 14 United States intelligence agency for use in the conduct
- 15 of intelligence or counterintelligence activities, including
- 16 analysis, to protect against international terrorism".
- 17 (c) Amendment Relating to Availability of
- 18 Reports.—Section 5319 of title 31, United States Code,
- 19 is amended to read as follows:

20 "§ 5319. Availability of reports

- 21 "The Secretary of the Treasury shall make informa-
- 22 tion in a report filed under this subchapter available to
- 23 an agency, including any State financial institutions su-
- 24 pervisory agency or United States intelligence agency,
- 25 upon request of the head of the agency. The report shall
- 26 be available for a purpose that is consistent with this sub-

- 1 chapter. The Secretary may only require reports on the
- 2 use of such information by any State financial institutions
- 3 supervisory agency for other than supervisory purposes or
- 4 by United States intelligence agencies. However, a report
- 5 and records of reports are exempt from disclosure under
- 6 section 552 of title 5.".
- 7 (d) Amendment Relating to the Purposes of
- 8 THE BANK SECRECY ACT PROVISIONS.—Section 21(a) of
- 9 the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1829b(a))
- 10 is amended to read as follows:
- 11 "(a) Congressional Findings and Declaration
- 12 of Purpose.—
- 13 "(1) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- 14 "(A) adequate records maintained by in-
- sured depository institutions have a high degree
- of usefulness in criminal, tax, and regulatory
- investigations or proceedings, and that, given
- the threat posed to the security of the Nation
- on and after the terrorist attacks against the
- United States on September 11, 2001, such
- 21 records may also have a high degree of useful-
- 22 ness in the conduct of intelligence or counter-
- 23 intelligence activities, including analysis, to pro-
- 24 tect against domestic and international ter-
- 25 rorism; and

1 "(B) microfilm or other reproductions and 2 other records made by insured depository insti-3 tutions of checks, as well as records kept by 4 such institutions, of the identity of persons 5 maintaining or authorized to act with respect to 6 accounts therein, have been of particular value 7 in proceedings described in subparagraph (A).

- "(2) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this section to require the maintenance of appropriate types of records by insured depository institutions in the United States where such records have a high degree of usefulness in criminal, tax, or regulatory investigations or proceedings, recognizes that, given the threat posed to the security of the Nation on and after the terrorist attacks against the United States on September 11, 2001, such records may also have a high degree of usefulness in the conduct of intelligence or counterintelligence activities, including analysis, to protect against international terrorism.".
- 20 (e) AMENDMENT RELATING TO THE PURPOSES OF 21 THE BANK SECRECY ACT.—Section 123(a) of Public Law 22 91–508 (12 U.S.C. 1953(a)) is amended to read as fol-23 lows:
- 24 "(a) Regulations.—If the Secretary determines 25 that the maintenance of appropriate records and proce-

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- 1 dures by any uninsured bank or uninsured institution, or
- 2 any person engaging in the business of carrying on in the
- 3 United States any of the functions referred to in sub-
- 4 section (b), has a high degree of usefulness in criminal,
- 5 tax, or regulatory investigations or proceedings, and that,
- 6 given the threat posed to the security of the Nation on
- 7 and after the terrorist attacks against the United States
- 8 on September 11, 2001, such records may also have a high
- 9 degree of usefulness in the conduct of intelligence or coun-
- 10 terintelligence activities, including analysis, to protect
- 11 against international terrorism, he may by regulation re-
- 12 quire such bank, institution, or person.".
- 13 (f) Amendments to the Right to Financial Pri-
- 14 VACY ACT.—The Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978
- 15 is amended—
- 16 (1) in section 1112(a) (12 U.S.C. 3412(a)), by
- inserting ", or intelligence or counterintelligence ac-
- 18 tivity, investigation or analysis related to inter-
- 19 national terrorism" after "legitimate law enforce-
- 20 ment inquiry"; and
- 21 (2) in section 1114(a)(1) (12 U.S.C.
- 22 3414(a)(1))—
- 23 (A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "or"
- 24 at the end;

1	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking the
2	period at the end and inserting "; or"; and
3	(C) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(C) a Government authority authorized to
5	conduct investigations of, or intelligence or
6	counterintelligence analyses related to, inter-
7	national terrorism for the purpose of con-
8	ducting such investigations or analyses.".
9	(g) Amendment to the Fair Credit Reporting
10	Act.—The Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681
11	et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following
12	new section:
	"SEC. 626. DISCLOSURES TO GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES
13 14	"SEC. 626. DISCLOSURES TO GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES FOR COUNTERTERRORISM PURPOSES.
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13 14	FOR COUNTERTERRORISM PURPOSES.
13 14 15	FOR COUNTERTERRORISM PURPOSES. "(a) DISCLOSURE.—Notwithstanding section 604 or any other provision of this title, a consumer reporting
13 14 15 16 17	FOR COUNTERTERRORISM PURPOSES. "(a) DISCLOSURE.—Notwithstanding section 604 or any other provision of this title, a consumer reporting
13 14 15 16 17	FOR COUNTERTERRORISM PURPOSES. "(a) DISCLOSURE.—Notwithstanding section 604 or any other provision of this title, a consumer reporting agency shall furnish a consumer report of a consumer and
13 14 15 16 17	FOR COUNTERTERRORISM PURPOSES. "(a) DISCLOSURE.—Notwithstanding section 604 or any other provision of this title, a consumer reporting agency shall furnish a consumer report of a consumer and all other information in a consumer's file to a government
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	FOR COUNTERTERRORISM PURPOSES. "(a) DISCLOSURE.—Notwithstanding section 604 or any other provision of this title, a consumer reporting agency shall furnish a consumer report of a consumer and all other information in a consumer's file to a government agency authorized to conduct investigations of, or intel-
13 14 15 16 17 18	"(a) DISCLOSURE.—Notwithstanding section 604 or any other provision of this title, a consumer reporting agency shall furnish a consumer report of a consumer and all other information in a consumer's file to a government agency authorized to conduct investigations of, or intelligence or counterintelligence activities or analysis related
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) DISCLOSURE.—Notwithstanding section 604 or any other provision of this title, a consumer reporting agency shall furnish a consumer report of a consumer and all other information in a consumer's file to a government agency authorized to conduct investigations of, or intelligence or counterintelligence activities or analysis related to, international terrorism when presented with a written

- 1 "(b) FORM OF CERTIFICATION.—The certification
- 2 described in subsection (a) shall be signed by the Sec-
- 3 retary of the Treasury.
- 4 "(c) Confidentiality.—No consumer reporting
- 5 agency, or officer, employee, or agent of such consumer
- 6 reporting agency, shall disclose to any person, or specify
- 7 in any consumer report, that a government agency has
- 8 sought or obtained access to information under subsection
- 9 (a).
- 10 "(d) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in section
- 11 625 shall be construed to limit the authority of the Direc-
- 12 tor of the Federal Bureau of Investigation under this sec-
- 13 tion.
- 14 "(e) SAFE HARBOR.—Notwithstanding any other
- 15 provision of this subchapter, any consumer reporting
- 16 agency or agent or employee thereof making disclosure of
- 17 consumer reports or other information pursuant to this
- 18 section in good-faith reliance upon a certification of a gov-
- 19 ernmental agency pursuant to the provisions of this sec-
- 20 tion shall not be liable to any person for such disclosure
- 21 under this subchapter, the constitution of any State, or
- 22 any law or regulation of any State or any political subdivi-
- 23 sion of any State.".

1	SEC. 341. REPORTING OF SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITIES BY
2	HAWALA AND OTHER UNDERGROUND BANK-
3	ING SYSTEMS.
4	(a) Definition for Subchapter.—Section
5	5312(a)(2)(R) of title 31, United States Code, is amended
6	to read as follows:
7	"(R) a licensed sender of money or any
8	other person who engages as a business in the
9	transmission of funds, including through an in-
10	formal value transfer banking system or net-
11	work of people facilitating the transfer of value
12	domestically or internationally outside of the
13	conventional financial institutions system;".
14	(b) Money Transmitting Business.—Section
15	5330(d)(1)(A) of title 31, United States Code, is amended
16	by inserting before the semicolon the following: "or any
17	other person who engages as a business in the trans-
18	mission of funds, including through an informal value
19	transfer banking system or network of people facilitating
20	the transfer of value domestically or internationally out-
21	side of the conventional financial institutions system;".
22	(d) Applicability of Rules.—Section 5318 of title
23	31, United States Code, as amended by this title, is
24	amended by adding at the end the following:
25	"(l) Applicability of Rules.—Any rules promul-
26	gated pursuant to the authority contained in section 21

- 1 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1829b)
- 2 shall apply, in addition to any other financial institution
- 3 to which such rules apply, to any person that engages as
- 4 a business in the transmission of funds, including through
- 5 an informal value transfer banking system or network of
- 6 people facilitating the transfer of value domestically or
- 7 internationally outside of the conventional financial insti-
- 8 tutions system.".
- 9 (e) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
- 10 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury
- 11 shall report to Congress on the need for any additional
- 12 legislation relating to informal value transfer banking sys-
- 13 tems or networks of people facilitating the transfer of
- 14 value domestically or internationally outside of the conven-
- 15 tional financial institutions system, counter money laun-
- 16 dering and regulatory controls relating to underground
- 17 money movement and banking systems, such as the system
- 18 referred to as 'hawala', including whether the threshold
- 19 for the filing of suspicious activity reports under section
- 20 5318(g) of title 31, United States Code should be lowered
- 21 in the case of such systems.
- 22 SEC. 342. USE OF AUTHORITY OF UNITED STATES EXECU-
- 23 TIVE DIRECTORS.
- 24 (a) ACTION BY THE PRESIDENT.—If the President
- 25 determines that a particular foreign country has taken or

- 1 has committed to take actions that contribute to efforts
- 2 of the United States to respond to, deter, or prevent acts
- 3 of international terrorism, the Secretary of the Treasury
- 4 may, consistent with other applicable provisions of law, in-
- 5 struct the United States Executive Director of each inter-
- 6 national financial institution to use the voice and vote of
- 7 the Executive Director to support any loan or other utili-
- 8 zation of the funds of respective institutions for such coun-
- 9 try, or any public or private entity within such country.
- 10 (b) Use of Voice and Vote.—The Secretary of the
- 11 Treasury may instruct the United States Executive Direc-
- 12 tor of each international financial institution to aggres-
- 13 sively use the voice and vote of the Executive Director to
- 14 require an auditing of disbursements at such institutions
- 15 to ensure that no funds are paid to persons who commit,
- 16 threaten to commit, or support terrorism.
- 17 (c) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
- 18 term "international financial institution" means an insti-
- 19 tution described in section 1701(c)(2) of the International
- 20 Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262r(c)(2)).

21 Subtitle C—Currency Crimes

- 22 SEC. 351. BULK CASH SMUGGLING.
- 23 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- 24 (1) effective enforcement of the currency re-
- porting requirements of chapter 53 of title 31,

- United States Code (commonly referred to as the Bank Secrecy Act), and the regulations promulgated thereunder, has forced drug dealers and other criminals engaged in cash-based businesses to avoid using traditional financial institutions;
 - (2) in their effort to avoid using traditional financial institutions, drug dealers, and other criminals are forced to move large quantities of currency in bulk form to and through the airports, border crossings, and other ports of entry where it can be smuggled out of the United States and placed in a foreign financial institution or sold on the black market;
 - (3) the transportation and smuggling of cash in bulk form may, at the time of enactment of this Act, be the most common form of money laundering, and the movement of large sums of cash is one of the most reliable warning signs of drug trafficking, terrorism, money laundering, racketeering, tax evasion, and similar crimes;
 - (4) the intentional transportation into or out of the United States of large amounts of currency or monetary instruments, in a manner designed to circumvent the mandatory reporting provisions of chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code, is the equiva-

- lent of, and creates the same harm as, the smuggling of goods;
 - (5) the arrest and prosecution of bulk cash smugglers is an important part of law enforcement's effort to stop the laundering of criminal proceeds, but the couriers who attempt to smuggle the cash out of the United States are typically low-level employees of large criminal organizations, and are easily replaced, and therefore only the confiscation of the smuggled bulk cash can effectively break the cycle of criminal activity of which the laundering of bulk cash is a critical part;
 - (6) the penalties for violations of the currency reporting requirements of the chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code, are insufficient to provide a deterrent to the laundering of criminal proceeds;
 - (7) because the only criminal violation under Federal law before the date of enactment of this Act was a reporting offense, the law does not adequately provide for the confiscation of smuggled currency; and
 - (8) if the smuggling of bulk cash were itself an offense, the cash could be confiscated as the corpus delicti of the smuggling offense.
- 25 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this section are—

1	(1) to make the act of smuggling bulk cash
2	itself a criminal offense;
3	(2) to authorize forfeiture of any cash or instru-
4	ments of the smuggling offense;
5	(3) to emphasize the seriousness of the act of
6	bulk cash smuggling; and
7	(4) to prescribe guidelines for determining the
8	amount of property subject to such forfeiture in var-
9	ious situations.
10	(c) Bulk Cash Smuggling Offense.—
11	(1) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter II of chapter 53
12	of title 31, United States Code, is amended by add-
13	ing at the end the following:
14	"§ 5331. Bulk cash smuggling
15	"(a) Criminal Offense.—
16	"(1) In general.—Whoever, with the intent to
17	evade a currency reporting requirement under sec-
18	tion 5316, knowingly conceals more than \$10,000 in
19	currency or other monetary instruments on his or
20	her person or in any conveyance, article of luggage,
21	merchandise, or other container, and transports or
22	transfers or attempts to transport or transfer the
23	currency or monetary instruments from a place with-
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States, or from a place outside of the United States

to a place within the United States, shall be guilty
of a currency smuggling offense and subject to punishment under subsection (b).

"(b) Penalties.—

"(1) Prison term.—A person convicted of a currency smuggling offense under subsection (a), or a conspiracy to commit such an offense, shall be imprisoned for not more than 5 years.

"(2) Forfeiture.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—In addition to a prison term under paragraph (1), the court, in imposing sentence, shall order that the defendant forfeit to the United States any property, real or personal, involved in the offense, and any property traceable to such property, subject to subsection (d).

"(B) APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAWS.—
The seizure, restraint, and forfeiture of property under this section shall be governed by section 413 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 853). If the property subject to forfeiture is unavailable, and the defendant has no substitute property that may be forfeited pursuant to section 413(p) of that Act, the court shall enter a personal money judgment against

the defendant in an amount equal to the value of the unavailable property.

"(c) Seizure of Smuggling Cash.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Any property involved in a violation of subsection (a), or a conspiracy to commit such violation, and any property traceable thereto, may be seized and, subject to subsection (d), forfeited to the United States.
- "(2) APPLICABLE PROCEDURES.—A seizure and forfeiture under this subsection shall be governed by the procedures governing civil forfeitures under section 981(a)(1)(A) of title 18, United States Code.

"(d) Proportionality of Forfeiture.—

- "(1) MITIGATION.—Upon a showing by the property owner by a preponderance of the evidence that the currency or monetary instruments involved in the offense giving rise to the forfeiture were derived from a legitimate source and were intended for a lawful purpose, the court shall reduce the forfeiture to the maximum amount that is not grossly disproportional to the gravity of the offense.
- "(2) Considerations.—In determining the amount of the forfeiture under paragraph (1), the court shall consider all aggravating and mitigating

1	facts and circumstances that have a bearing on the
2	gravity of the offense, including—

- 3 "(A) the value of the currency or other 4 monetary instruments involved in the offense;
- "(B) efforts by the person committing the offense to structure currency transactions, conceal property, or otherwise obstruct justice; and
- 8 "(C) whether the offense is part of a pat-9 tern of repeated violations of Federal law.
- 10 "(e) Rule of Construction.—For purposes of
- 11 subsections (b) and (c), any currency or other monetary
- 12 instrument that is concealed or intended to be concealed
- 13 in violation of subsection (a) or a conspiracy to commit
- 14 such violation, any article, container, or conveyance used
- 15 or intended to be used to conceal or transport the currency
- 16 or other monetary instrument, and any other property
- 17 used or intended to be used to facilitate the offense, shall
- 18 be considered property involved in the offense.".
- 19 (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
- 20 for chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code, is amended
- 21 by inserting after the item relating to section 5330 the
- 22 following new item:

"5331. Bulk cash smuggling.".

- 23 (d) Currency Reporting Violations.—Section
- 24 5317(c) of title 31, United States Code, is amended to
- 25 read as follows:

1	"(c) Forfeiture of Property.—
2	"(1) In general.—
3	"(A) CRIMINAL FORFEITURE.—The court,
4	in imposing sentence for any violation of section
5	5313, 5316, or 5324, or any conspiracy to com-
6	mit such violation, shall order the defendant to
7	forfeit all property, real or personal, involved in
8	the offense and any property traceable thereto.
9	"(B) Applicable procedures.—Forfeit-
10	ures under this paragraph shall be governed by
11	the procedures set forth in section 413 of the
12	Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 853),
13	and the guidelines set forth in paragraph (3) of
14	this subsection.
15	"(2) CIVIL FORFEITURE.—Any property in-
16	volved in a violation of section 5313, 5316, or 5324,
17	or any conspiracy to commit such violation, and any
18	property traceable thereto, may be seized and, sub-
19	ject to paragraph (3), forfeited to the United States
20	in accordance with the procedures governing civil
21	forfeitures in money laundering cases pursuant to
22	section 981(a)(1)(A) of title 18, United States Code.
23	"(3) MITIGATION.—In a forfeiture case under
24	this subsection, upon a showing by the property
25	owner by a preponderance of the evidence that any

1	currency or monetary instruments involved in the of-
2	fense giving rise to the forfeiture were derived from
3	a legitimate source, and were intended for a lawful
4	purpose, the court shall reduce the forfeiture to the
5	maximum amount that is not grossly disproportional
6	to the gravity of the offense. In determining the
7	amount of the forfeiture, the court shall consider all
8	aggravating and mitigating facts and circumstances
9	that have a bearing on the gravity of the offense.
10	Such circumstances include, but are not limited to
11	the following: the value of the currency or other
12	monetary instruments involved in the offense; efforts
13	by the person committing the offense to structure
14	currency transactions, conceal property, or otherwise
15	obstruct justice; and whether the offense is part of
16	a pattern of repeated violations.
17	(e) Conforming Amendments.—Title 18, United
18	States Code, is amended—
19	(1) in section 981(a)(1)(A) by striking "of sec-
20	tion 5313(a) or 5324(a) of title 31, or"; and
21	(2) in section 982(a)(1), striking "of section

5313(a), 5316, or 5324 of title 31, or".

1	Subtitle D—Anticorruption
2	Measures
3	SEC. 361. CORRUPTION OF FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS AND
4	RULING ELITES.
5	It is the sense of Congress that, in deliberations be-
6	tween the United States Government and any other coun-
7	try on money laundering and corruption issues, the United
8	States Government should—
9	(1) emphasize an approach that addresses not
10	only the laundering of the proceeds of traditional
11	criminal activity but also the increasingly endemic
12	problem of governmental corruption and the corrup-
13	tion of ruling elites;
14	(2) encourage the enactment and enforcement
15	of laws in such country to prevent money laundering
16	and systemic corruption;
17	(3) make clear that the United States will take
18	all steps necessary to identify the proceeds of foreign
19	government corruption which have been deposited in
20	United States financial institutions and return such
21	proceeds to the citizens of the country to whom such
22	assets belong; and
23	(4) advance policies and measures to promote
24	good government and to prevent and reduce corrup-

tion and money laundering, including through in-

1	structions to the United States Executive Director of
2	each international financial institution (as defined in
3	section 1701(c) of the International Financial Insti-
4	tutions Act) to advocate such policies as a system-
5	atic element of economic reform programs and ad-
6	vice to member governments.
7	SEC. 362. SUPPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL ACTION TASK
8	FORCE ON MONEY LAUNDERING.
9	It is the sense of Congress that—
10	(1) the United States should continue to ac-
11	tively and publicly support the objectives of the Fi-
12	nancial Action Task Force on Money Laundering
13	(hereafter in this section referred to as the
14	"FATF") with regard to combating international
15	money laundering;
16	(2) the FATF should identify noncooperative
17	jurisdictions in as expeditious a manner as possible
18	and publicly release a list directly naming those ju-
19	risdictions identified;
20	(3) the United States should support the public
21	release of the list naming noncooperative jurisdic-
22	tions identified by the FATF;
23	(4) the United States should encourage the
24	adoption of the necessary international action to en-

1	courage compliance by the identified noncooperative
2	jurisdictions; and
3	(5) the United States should take the necessary
4	countermeasures to protect the United States econ-
5	omy against money of unlawful origin and encourage
6	other nations to do the same.
7	SEC. 363. TERRORIST FUNDING THROUGH MONEY LAUN
8	DERING.
9	It is the sense of the Congress that, in deliberations
10	and negotiations between the United States Government
11	and any other country regarding financial, economic, as-
12	sistance, or defense issues, the United States should en-
13	courage such other country—
14	(1) to take actions which would identify and
15	prevent the transmittal of funds to and from terror-
16	ists and terrorist organizations; and
17	(2) to engage in bilateral and multilateral co-
18	operation with the United States and other countries
19	to identify suspected terrorists, terrorist organiza-
20	tions, and persons supplying funds to and receiving
21	funds from terrorists and terrorist organizations.

1	TITLE IV—PROTECTING THE
2	BORDER
3	Subtitle A—Protecting the
4	Northern Border
5	SEC. 401. ENSURING ADEQUATE PERSONNEL ON THE
6	NORTHERN BORDER.
7	The Attorney General is authorized to waive any
8	FTE cap on personnel assigned to the Immigration and
9	Naturalization Service to address the national security
10	needs of the United States on the Northern border.
11	SEC. 402. NORTHERN BORDER PERSONNEL.
12	There are authorized to be appropriated—
13	(1) such sums as may be necessary to triple the
14	number of Border Patrol personnel (from the num-
15	ber authorized under current law), and the necessary
16	personnel and facilities to support such personnel, in
17	each State along the Northern Border;
18	(2) such sums as may be necessary to triple the
19	number of Customs Service personnel (from the
20	number authorized under current law), and the nec-
21	essary personnel and facilities to support such per-
22	sonnel, at ports of entry in each State along the
23	Northern Border;
24	(3) such sums as may be necessary to triple the
25	number of INS inspectors (from the number author-

1	ized on the date of enactment of this Act), and the
2	necessary personnel and facilities to support such
3	personnel, at ports of entry in each State along the
4	Northern Border; and
5	(4) an additional \$50,000,000 each to the Im-
6	migration and Naturalization Service and the United
7	States Customs Service for purposes of making im-
8	provements in technology for monitoring the North-
9	ern Border and acquiring additional equipment at
10	the Northern Border.
11	SEC. 403. ACCESS BY THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND
12	THE INS TO CERTAIN IDENTIFYING INFORMA-
13	TION IN THE CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORDS
1 /	OF VISA APPLICANTS AND APPLICANTS FOR
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14	ADMISSION TO THE UNITED STATES.
	ADMISSION TO THE UNITED STATES. (a) AMENDMENT OF THE IMMIGRATION AND NA-
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15 16 17	(a) Amendment of the Immigration and Na-
15 16 17	(a) AMENDMENT OF THE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT.—Section 105 of the Immigration and
15 16 17 18	(a) AMENDMENT OF THE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT.—Section 105 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1105) is amended—
15 16 17 18	(a) Amendment of the Immigration and Nationality Act.—Section 105 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1105) is amended— (1) in the section heading, by inserting "; DATA
15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Amendment of the Immigration and Nationality Act.—Section 105 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1105) is amended— (1) in the section heading, by inserting "; DATA EXCHANGE" after "SECURITY OFFICERS";
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Amendment of the Immigration and Nationality Act.—Section 105 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1105) is amended— (1) in the section heading, by inserting "; Data exchange" after "Security officers"; (2) by inserting "(a)" after "Sec. 105.";

- 1 "(b)(1) The Attorney General and the Director of the
- 2 Federal Bureau of Investigation shall provide the Depart-
- 3 ment of State and the Service access to the criminal his-
- 4 tory record information contained in the National Crime
- 5 Information Center's Interstate Identification Index
- 6 (NCIC-III), Wanted Persons File, and to any other files
- 7 maintained by the National Crime Information Center
- 8 that may be mutually agreed upon by the Attorney Gen-
- 9 eral and the agency receiving the access, for the purpose
- 10 of determining whether or not a visa applicant or appli-
- 11 cant for admission has a criminal history record indexed
- 12 in any such file.
- 13 "(2) Such access shall be provided by means of ex-
- 14 tracts of the records for placement in the automated visa
- 15 lookout or other appropriate database, and shall be pro-
- 16 vided without any fee or charge.
- 17 "(3) The Federal Bureau of Investigation shall pro-
- 18 vide periodic updates of the extracts at intervals mutually
- 19 agreed upon with the agency receiving the access. Upon
- 20 receipt of such updated extracts, the receiving agency shall
- 21 make corresponding updates to its database and destroy
- 22 previously provided extracts.
- 23 "(4) Access to an extract does not entitle the Depart-
- 24 ment of State to obtain the full content of the cor-
- 25 responding automated criminal history record. To obtain

1	the full content of a criminal history record, the Depart-
2	ment of State shall submit the applicant's fingerprints and
3	any appropriate fingerprint processing fee authorized by
4	law to the Criminal Justice Information Services Division
5	of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
6	"(c) The provision of the extracts described in sub-
7	section (b) may be reconsidered by the Attorney General
8	and the receiving agency upon the development and de-
9	ployment of a more cost-effective and efficient means of
10	sharing the information.
11	"(d) For purposes of administering this section, the
12	Department of State shall, prior to receiving access to
13	NCIC data but not later than 4 months after the date
14	of enactment of this subsection, promulgate final
15	regulations—
16	"(1) to implement procedures for the taking of
17	fingerprints; and
18	"(2) to establish the conditions for the use of
19	the information received from the Federal Bureau of
20	Investigation, in order—
21	"(A) to limit the redissemination of such
22	information;
23	"(B) to ensure that such information is
24	used solely to determine whether or not to issue

1	a visa to an alien or to admit an alien to the
2	United States;
3	"(C) to ensure the security, confidentiality,
4	and destruction of such information; and
5	"(D) to protect any privacy rights of indi-
6	viduals who are subjects of such information.".
7	(b) Reporting Requirement.—Not later than 2
8	years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney
9	General and the Secretary of State jointly shall report to
10	Congress on the implementation of the amendments made
11	by this section.
12	(c) Technology Standard to Confirm Iden-
13	TITY.—
14	(1) In General.—The Attorney General and
15	the Secretary of State jointly, through the National
16	Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), and
17	in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury
18	and other Federal law enforcement and intelligence
19	agencies the Attorney General or Secretary of State
20	deems appropriate, shall within 2 years after the
21	date of enactment of this section, develop and certify
22	a technology standard that can confirm the identity
23	of a person applying for a United States visa or
24	such person seeking to enter the United States pur-
25	suant to a visa.

1	(2) Integrated.—The technology standard de-
2	veloped pursuant to paragraph (1), shall be the tech-
3	nological basis for a cross-agency, cross-platform
4	electronic system that is a cost-effective, efficient,
5	fully integrated means to share law enforcement and
6	intelligence information necessary to confirm the
7	identity of such persons applying for a United States
8	visa or such person seeking to enter the United
9	States pursuant to a visa.
10	(3) Accessible.—The electronic system de-
11	scribed in paragraph (2), once implemented, shall be
12	readily and easily accessible to—
13	(A) all consular officers responsible for the
14	issuance of visas;
15	(B) all Federal inspection agents at all
16	United States border inspection points; and
17	(C) all law enforcement and intelligence of-
18	ficers as determined by regulation to be respon-
19	sible for investigation or identification of aliens
20	admitted to the United States pursuant to a
21	visa.
22	(4) Report.—Not later than 18 months after

the date of enactment of this Act, and every 2 years

thereafter, the Attorney General and the Secretary

23

- 1 retary of Treasury, report to Congress describing
- 2 the development, implementation and efficacy of the
- 3 technology standard and electronic database system
- 4 described in this subsection.
- 5 (d) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this
- 6 section, or in any other law, shall be construed to limit
- 7 the authority of the Attorney General or the Director of
- 8 the Federal Bureau of Investigation to provide access to
- 9 the criminal history record information contained in the
- 10 National Crime Information Center's (NCIC) Interstate
- 11 Identification Index (NCIC-III), or to any other informa-
- 12 tion maintained by the NCIC, to any Federal agency or
- 13 officer authorized to enforce or administer the immigra-
- 14 tion laws of the United States, for the purpose of such
- 15 enforcement or administration, upon terms that are con-
- 16 sistent with the National Crime Prevention and Privacy
- 17 Compact Act of 1998 (subtitle A of title II of Public Law
- 18 105–251; 42 U.S.C. 14611–16) and section 552a of title
- 19 5, United States Code.

20 SEC. 404. LIMITED AUTHORITY TO PAY OVERTIME.

- The matter under the headings "Immigration And
- 22 Naturalization Service: Salaries and Expenses, Enforce-
- 23 ment And Border Affairs" and "Immigration And Natu-
- 24 ralization Service: Salaries and Expenses, Citizenship And
- 25 Benefits, Immigration And Program Direction" in the De-

- 1 partment of Justice Appropriations Act, 2001 (as enacted
- 2 into law by Appendix B (H.R. 5548) of Public Law 106–
- 3 553 (114 Stat. 2762A-58 to 2762A-59)) is amended by
- 4 striking the following each place it occurs: "Provided, That
- 5 none of the funds available to the Immigration and Natu-
- 6 ralization Service shall be available to pay any employee
- 7 overtime pay in an amount in excess of \$30,000 during
- 8 the calendar year beginning January 1, 2001:".
- 9 SEC. 405. REPORT ON THE INTEGRATED AUTOMATED FIN-
- 10 GERPRINT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM FOR
- 11 POINTS OF ENTRY AND OVERSEAS CONSULAR
- POSTS.
- 13 (a) In General.—The Attorney General, in con-
- 14 sultation with the appropriate heads of other Federal
- 15 agencies, including the Secretary of State, Secretary of the
- 16 Treasury, and the Secretary of Transportation, shall re-
- 17 port to Congress on the feasibility of enhancing the Inte-
- 18 grated Automated Fingerprint Identification System
- 19 (IAFIS) of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and other
- 20 identification systems in order to better identify a person
- 21 who holds a foreign passport or a visa and may be wanted
- 22 in connection with a criminal investigation in the United
- 23 States or abroad, before the issuance of a visa to that per-
- 24 son or the entry or exit by that person from the United
- 25 States.

1	(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
2	authorized to be appropriated not less than \$2,000,000
3	to carry out this section.
4	Subtitle B—Enhanced Immigration
5	Provisions
6	SEC. 411. DEFINITIONS RELATING TO TERRORISM.
7	(a) Grounds of Inadmissibility.—Section
8	212(a)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
9	U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)) is amended—
10	(1) in subparagraph (B)—
11	(A) in clause (i)—
12	(i) by amending subclause (IV) to
13	read as follows:
14	"(IV) is a representative (as de-
15	fined in clause (v)) of—
16	"(aa) a foreign terrorist or-
17	ganization, as designated by the
18	Secretary of State under section
19	219, or
20	"(bb) a political, social or
21	other similar group whose public
22	endorsement of acts of terrorist
23	activity the Secretary of State
24	has determined undermines

1	United States efforts to reduce or
2	eliminate terrorist activities,";
3	(ii) in subclause (V), by inserting "or"
4	after "section 219,"; and
5	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
6	lowing new subclauses:
7	"(VI) has used the alien's posi-
8	tion of prominence within any country
9	to endorse or espouse terrorist activ-
10	ity, or to persuade others to support
11	terrorist activity or a terrorist organi-
12	zation, in a way that the Secretary of
13	State has determined undermines
14	United States efforts to reduce or
15	eliminate terrorist activities, or
16	"(VII) is the spouse or child of
17	an alien who is inadmissible under
18	this section, if the activity causing the
19	alien to be found inadmissible oc-
20	curred within the last 5 years,";
21	(B) by redesignating clauses (ii), (iii), and
22	(iv) as clauses (iii), (iv), and (v), respectively;
23	(C) in clause (i)(II), by striking "clause
24	(iii)" and inserting "clause (iv)";

1	(D) by inserting after clause (i) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(ii) Exception.—Subclause (VII) of
4	clause (i) does not apply to a spouse or
5	child—
6	"(I) who did not know or should
7	not reasonably have known of the ac-
8	tivity causing the alien to be found in-
9	admissible under this section; or
10	"(II) whom the consular officer
11	or Attorney General has reasonable
12	grounds to believe has renounced the
13	activity causing the alien to be found
14	inadmissible under this section.";
15	(E) in clause (iii) (as redesignated by sub-
16	paragraph (B))—
17	(i) by inserting "it had been" before
18	"committed in the United States"; and
19	(ii) in subclause (V)(b), by striking
20	"or firearm" and inserting ", firearm, or
21	other weapon or dangerous device";
22	(F) by amending clause (iv) (as redesig-
23	nated by subparagraph (B)) to read as follows:
24	"(iv) Engage in terrorist activity
25	DEFINED.—As used in this chapter, the

1	term 'engage in terrorist activity' means,
2	in an individual capacity or as a member
3	of an organization—
4	"(I) to commit or to incite to
5	commit, under circumstances indi-
6	cating an intention to cause death or
7	serious bodily injury, a terrorist activ-
8	ity;
9	"(II) to prepare or plan a ter-
10	rorist activity;
11	"(III) to gather information on
12	potential targets for terrorist activity;
13	"(IV) to solicit funds or other
14	things of value for—
15	"(aa) a terrorist activity;
16	"(bb) a terrorist organiza-
17	tion described in clauses (vi)(I)
18	or $(vi)(II)$; or
19	"(cc) a terrorist organiza-
20	tion described in clause (vi)(III),
21	unless the solicitor can dem-
22	onstrate that he did not know,
23	and should not reasonably have
24	known, that the solicitation

1	would further the organization's
2	terrorist activity;
3	"(V) to solicit any individual—
4	"(aa) to engage in conduct
5	otherwise described in this
6	clause;
7	"(bb) for membership in a
8	terrorist organization described
9	in clauses $(vi)(I)$ or $(vi)(II)$; or
10	"(cc) for membership in a
11	terrorist organization described
12	in clause (vi)(III), unless the so-
13	licitor can demonstrate that he
14	did not know, and should not
15	reasonably have known, that the
16	solicitation would further the or-
17	ganization's terrorist activity; or
18	"(VI) to commit an act that the
19	actor knows, or reasonably should
20	know, affords material support, in-
21	cluding a safe house, transportation,
22	communications, funds, transfer of
23	funds or other material financial ben-
24	efit, false documentation or identifica-
25	tion, weapons (including chemical, bi-

1	ological, or radiological weapons), ex-
2	plosives, or training—
3	"(aa) for the commission of
4	a terrorist activity;
5	"(bb) to any individual who
6	the actor knows, or reasonably
7	should know, has committed or
8	plans to commit a terrorist activ-
9	ity;
10	"(cc) to a terrorist organiza-
11	tion described in clauses (vi)(I)
12	or $(vi)(II)$; or
13	"(dd) to a terrorist organi-
14	zation described in clause
15	(vi)(III), unless the actor can
16	demonstrate that he did not
17	know, and should not reasonably
18	have known, that the act would
19	further the organization's ter-
20	rorist activity.
21	This clause shall not apply to any ma-
22	terial support the alien afforded to an
23	organization or individual that has
24	committed terrorist activity, if the
25	Secretary of State, after consultation

1	with the Attorney General, or the At-
2	torney General, after consultation
3	with the Secretary of State, concludes
4	in his sole unreviewable discretion,
5	that this clause should not apply.";
6	and
7	(G) by adding at the end the following new
8	clause:
9	"(vi) Terrorist organization de-
10	FINED.—As used in clause (i)(VI) and
11	clause (iv), the term 'terrorist organiza-
12	tion' means an organization—
13	"(I) designated under section
14	219;
15	"(II) otherwise designated, upon
16	publication in the Federal Register, by
17	the Secretary of State in consultation
18	with or upon the request of the Attor-
19	ney General, as a terrorist organiza-
20	tion, after finding that it engages in
21	the activities described in subclause
22	(I), (II), or (III) of clause (iv), or that
23	it provides material support to further
24	terrorist activity; or

1	"(III) that is a group of two or
2	more individuals, whether organized
3	or not, which engages in the activities
4	described in subclause (I), (II), or
5	(III) of clause (iv)."; and
6	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
7	paragraph:
8	"(F) Association with terrorist orga-
9	NIZATIONS.—Any alien who the Secretary of
10	State, after consultation with the Attorney Gen-
11	eral, or the Attorney General, after consultation
12	with the Secretary of State, determines has
13	been associated with a terrorist organization
14	and intends while in the United States to en-
15	gage solely, principally, or incidentally in activi-
16	ties that could endanger the welfare, safety, or
17	security of the United States is inadmissible.".
18	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section
19	237(a)(4)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
20	U.S.C. 1227(a)(4)(B)) is amended by striking "section
21	212(a)(3)(B)(iii)" and inserting "section
22	212(a)(3)(B)(iv)".
23	(e) Retroactive Application of Amendments.—
24	(1) In general.—Except as otherwise pro-
25	vided in this subsection, the amendments made by

1	this section shall take effect on the date of enact-
2	ment of this Act and shall apply to—
3	(A) actions taken by an alien before, on, or
4	after such date; and
5	(B) all aliens, without regard to the date
6	of entry or attempted entry into the United
7	States—
8	(i) in removal proceedings on or after
9	such date (except for proceedings in which
10	there has been a final administrative deci-
11	sion before such date); or
12	(ii) seeking admission to the United
13	States on or after such date.
14	(2) Special rule for aliens in exclusion
15	OR DEPORTATION PROCEEDINGS.—Notwithstanding
16	any other provision of law, the amendments made by
17	this section shall apply to all aliens in exclusion or
18	deportation proceedings on or after the date of en-
19	actment of this Act (except for proceedings in which
20	there has been a final administrative decision before
21	such date) as if such proceedings were removal pro-
22	ceedings.
23	(3) Special rule for section 219 organiza-
24	TIONS AND ORGANIZATIONS DESIGNATED UNDER
25	SECTION 212(a)(3)(B)(vi)(II).—

1	(A) In General.—Notwithstanding para-
2	graphs (1) and (2), no alien shall be considered
3	inadmissible under section 212(a)(3) of the Im-
4	migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
5	1182(a)(3)), or deportable under section
6	237(a)(4)(B) of such Act (8 U.S.C.
7	1227(a)(4)(B)), by reason of the amendments
8	made by subsection (a), on the ground that the
9	alien engaged in a terrorist activity described in
10	subclause (IV)(bb), (V)(bb), or (VI)(cc) of sec-
11	tion 212(a)(3)(B)(iv) of such Act (as so amend-
12	ed) with respect to a group at any time when
13	the group was not a terrorist organization des-
14	ignated by the Secretary of State under section
15	219 of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1189) or otherwise
16	designated under section $212(a)(3)(B)(vi)(II)$.
17	(B) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Sub-
18	paragraph (A) shall not be construed to prevent
19	an alien from being considered inadmissible or
20	deportable for having engaged in a terrorist
21	activity—
22	(i) described in subclause (IV)(bb),
23	(V)(bb), or $(VI)(cc)$ of section
24	212(a)(3)(B)(iv) of such Act (as so amend-
25	ed) with respect to a terrorist organization

1	at any time when such organization was
2	designated by the Secretary of State under
3	section 219 of such Act or otherwise des-
4	ignated under section 212(a)(3)(B)(vi)(II);
5	or
6	(ii) described in subclause (IV)(cc),
7	(V)(cc), or $(VI)(dd)$ of section
8	212(a)(3)(B)(iv) of such Act (as so amend-
9	ed) with respect to a terrorist organization
10	described in section 212(a)(3)(B)(vi)(III).
11	(4) Exception.—The Secretary of State, in
12	consultation with the Attorney General, may deter-
13	mine that the amendments made by this section
14	shall not apply with respect to actions by an alien
15	taken outside the United States before the date of
16	enactment of this Act upon the recommendation of
17	a consular officer who has concluded that there is
18	not reasonable ground to believe that the alien knew
19	or reasonably should have known that the actions
20	would further a terrorist activity.
21	(e) Designation of Foreign Terrorist Organi-
22	ZATIONS.—Section 219(a) of the Immigration and Nation-
23	ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189(a)) is amended—
24	(1) in paragraph (1)(B), by inserting "or ter-
25	rorism (as defined in section 140(d)(2) of the For-

1	eign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1988
2	and 1989 (22 U.S.C. 2656f(d)(2)) or retains the ca-
3	pability and intent to engage in terrorist activity or
4	terrorism)" after "212(a)(3)(B))";
5	(2) in paragraph (1)(C), by inserting "or ter-
6	rorism" after "terrorist activity";
7	(3) by amending paragraph (2)(A) to read as
8	follows:
9	"(A) Notice.—
10	"(i) To congressional leaders.—
11	Seven days before making a designation
12	under this subsection, the Secretary shall,
13	by classified communication, notify the
14	Speaker and Minority Leader of the House
15	of Representatives, the President pro tem-
16	pore, Majority Leader, and Minority Lead-
17	er of the Senate, and the members of the
18	relevant committees, in writing, of the in-
19	tent to designate an organization under
20	this subsection, together with the findings
21	made under paragraph (1) with respect to
22	that organization, and the factual basis
23	therefor.
24	"(ii) Publication in federal reg-
25	ISTER.—The Secretary shall publish the

1	designation in the Federal Register seven
2	days after providing the notification under
3	clause (i).";
4	(4) in paragraph (2)(B)(i), by striking "sub-
5	paragraph (A)" and inserting "subparagraph
6	(A)(ii)";
7	(5) in paragraph (2)(C), by striking "paragraph
8	(2)" and inserting "paragraph (2)(A)(i)";
9	(6) in paragraph (3)(B), by striking "sub-
10	section (c)" and inserting "subsection (b)";
11	(7) in paragraph (4)(B), by inserting after the
12	first sentence the following: "The Secretary also may
13	redesignate such organization at the end of any 2-
14	year redesignation period (but not sooner than 60
15	days prior to the termination of such period) for an
16	additional 2-year period upon a finding that the rel-
17	evant circumstances described in paragraph (1) still
18	exist. Any redesignation shall be effective imme-
19	diately following the end of the prior 2-year designa-
20	tion or redesignation period unless a different effec-
21	tive date is provided in such redesignation.";
22	(8) in paragraph (6)(A)—
23	(A) by inserting "or a redesignation made
24	under paragraph (4)(B)" after "paragraph
25	(1)";

1	(B) in clause (i)—
2	(i) by inserting "or redesignation"
3	after "designation" the first place it ap-
4	pears; and
5	(ii) by striking "of the designation";
6	and
7	(C) in clause (ii), by striking "of the des-
8	ignation";
9	(9) in paragraph (6)(B)—
10	(A) by striking "through (4)" and insert-
11	ing "and (3)"; and
12	(B) by inserting at the end the following
13	new sentence: "Any revocation shall take effect
14	on the date specified in the revocation or upon
15	publication in the Federal Register if no effec-
16	tive date is specified.";
17	(10) in paragraph (7), by inserting ", or the
18	revocation of a redesignation under paragraph (6),"
19	after "paragraph (5) or (6)"; and
20	(11) in paragraph (8)—
21	(A) by striking "paragraph (1)(B)" and
22	inserting "paragraph (2)(B), or if a redesigna-
23	tion under this subsection has become effective
24	under paragraph (4)(B)";

1	(B) by inserting "or an alien in a removal
2	proceeding" after "criminal action"; and
3	(C) by inserting "or redesignation" before
4	"as a defense".
5	SEC. 412. MANDATORY DETENTION OF SUSPECTED TER-
6	RORISTS; HABEAS CORPUS; JUDICIAL RE-
7	VIEW.
8	(a) In General.—The Immigration and Nationality
9	Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) is amended by inserting after
10	section 236 the following:
11	"MANDATORY DETENTION OF SUSPECTED
12	TERRORISTS; HABEAS CORPUS; JUDICIAL REVIEW
13	"Sec. 236A. (a) Detention of Terrorist
14	ALIENS.—
15	"(1) Custody.—The Attorney General shall
16	take into custody any alien who is certified under
17	paragraph (3).
18	"(2) Release.—Except as provided in para-
19	graph (5), the Attorney General shall maintain cus-
20	tody of such an alien until the alien is removed from
21	the United States. Such custody shall be maintained
22	irrespective of any relief from removal for which the
23	alien may be eligible, or any relief from removal
24	granted the alien, until the Attorney General deter-
25	mines that the alien is no longer an alien who may
26	be certified under paragraph (3).

1	"(3) Certification.—The Attorney General
2	may certify an alien under this paragraph if the At-
3	torney General has reasonable grounds to believe
4	that the alien—
5	"(A) is described in section
6	212(a)(3)(A)(i), 212(a)(3)(A)(iii),
7	212(a)(3)(B), $237(a)(4)(A)(i),$
8	237(a)(4)(A)(iii), or $237(a)(4)(B)$; or
9	"(B) is engaged in any other activity that
10	endangers the national security of the United
11	States.
12	"(4) Nondelegation.—The Attorney General
13	may delegate the authority provided under para-
14	graph (3) only to the Commissioner. The Commis-
15	sioner may not delegate such authority.
16	"(5) Commencement of Proceedings.—The
17	Attorney General shall place an alien detained under
18	paragraph (1) in removal proceedings, or shall
19	charge the alien with a criminal offense, not later
20	than 7 days after the commencement of such deten-
21	tion. If the requirement of the preceding sentence is
22	not satisfied, the Attorney General shall release the
23	alien.
24	"(b) Habeas Corpus and Judicial Review.—Ju-
25	dicial review of any action or decision relating to this sec-

- 1 tion (including judicial review of the merits of a deter-
- 2 mination made under subsection (a)(3) is available exclu-
- 3 sively in habeas corpus proceedings in the United States
- 4 District Court for the District of Columbia. Notwith-
- 5 standing any other provision of law, including section
- 6 2241 of title 28, United States Code, except as provided
- 7 in the preceding sentence, no court shall have jurisdiction
- 8 to review, by habeas corpus petition or otherwise, any such
- 9 action or decision.
- 10 "(c) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—The provisions of
- 11 this section shall not be applicable to any other provisions
- 12 of the Immigration and Nationality Act.".
- 13 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents
- 14 of the Immigration and Nationality Act is amended by in-
- 15 serting after the item relating to section 236 the following:
 - "Sec. 236A. Mandatory detention of suspected terrorist; habeas corpus; judicial review.".
- 16 (c) Reports.—Not later than 6 months after the
- 17 date of the enactment of this Act, and every 6 months
- 18 thereafter, the Attorney General shall submit a report to
- 19 the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-
- 20 resentatives and the Committee on the Judiciary of the
- 21 Senate, with respect to the reporting period, on—
- (1) the number of aliens certified under section
- 23 236A(a)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act,
- as added by subsection (a);

1	(2) the grounds for such certifications;
2	(3) the nationalities of the aliens so certified;
3	(4) the length of the detention for each alien so
4	certified; and
5	(5) the number of aliens so certified who—
6	(A) were granted any form of relief from
7	removal;
8	(B) were removed;
9	(C) the Attorney General has determined
10	are no longer aliens who may be so certified; or
11	(D) were released from detention.
12	SEC. 413. MULTILATERAL COOPERATION AGAINST TERROR-
13	ISTS.
13 14	ISTS. Section 222(f) of the Immigration and Nationality
14	Section 222(f) of the Immigration and Nationality
	Section 222(f) of the Immigration and Nationality
14 15	Section 222(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1202(f)) is amended—
14 15 16	Section 222(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1202(f)) is amended— (1) by striking "except that in the discretion
14 15 16 17	Section 222(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1202(f)) is amended— (1) by striking "except that in the discretion of" and inserting the following: "except that—
14 15 16 17 18	Section 222(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1202(f)) is amended— (1) by striking "except that in the discretion of" and inserting the following: "except that— "(1) in the discretion of"; and
14 15 16 17 18	Section 222(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1202(f)) is amended— (1) by striking "except that in the discretion of" and inserting the following: "except that— "(1) in the discretion of"; and (2) by adding at the end the following:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Section 222(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1202(f)) is amended— (1) by striking "except that in the discretion of" and inserting the following: "except that— "(1) in the discretion of"; and (2) by adding at the end the following: "(2) the Secretary of State, in the Secretary's
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Section 222(f) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1202(f)) is amended— (1) by striking "except that in the discretion of" and inserting the following: "except that— "(1) in the discretion of"; and (2) by adding at the end the following: "(2) the Secretary of State, in the Secretary's discretion and on the basis of reciprocity, may pro-

1	records covered by this section related to informa-
2	tion in the database—
3	"(A) with regard to individual aliens, at
4	any time on a case-by-case basis for the pur-
5	pose of preventing, investigating, or punishing
6	acts that would constitute a crime in the United
7	States, including, but not limited to, terrorism
8	or trafficking in controlled substances, persons,
9	or illicit weapons; or
10	"(B) with regard to any or all aliens in the
11	database, pursuant to such conditions as the
12	Secretary of State shall establish in an agree-
13	ment with the foreign government in which that
14	government agrees to use such information and
15	records for the purposes described in subpara-
16	graph (A) or to deny visas to persons who
17	would be inadmissible to the United States.".
18	TITLE V—REMOVING OBSTA-
19	CLES TO INVESTIGATING
20	TERRORISM
21	SEC. 501. PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS FOR GOVERNMENT
22	ATTORNEYS ACT OF 2001.
23	(a) Short Title.—This title may be cited as the
24	"Professional Standards for Government Attorneys Act of
25	2001"

1	(b) Professional Standards for Government
2	Attorneys.—Section 530B of title 28, United States
3	Code, is amended to read as follows:
4	"§ 530B. Professional Standards for Government At-
5	torneys
6	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
7	"(1) GOVERNMENT ATTORNEY.—The term
8	'Government attorney'—
9	"(A) means the Attorney General; the
10	Deputy Attorney General; the Solicitor General;
11	the Associate Attorney General; the head of,
12	and any attorney employed in, any division, of-
13	fice, board, bureau, component, or agency of
14	the Department of Justice; any United States
15	Attorney; any Assistant United States Attorney;
16	any Special Assistant to the Attorney General
17	or Special Attorney appointed under section
18	515; any Special Assistant United States Attor-
19	ney appointed under section 543 who is author-
20	ized to conduct criminal or civil law enforce-
21	ment investigations or proceedings on behalf of
22	the United States; any other attorney employed
23	by the Department of Justice who is authorized
24	to conduct criminal or civil law enforcement
25	proceedings on behalf of the United States; any

1	independent counsel, or employee of such coun-
2	sel, appointed under chapter 40; and any out-
3	side special counsel, or employee of such coun-
4	sel, as may be duly appointed by the Attorney
5	General; and
6	"(B) does not include any attorney em-
7	ployed as an investigator or other law enforce-
8	ment agent by the Department of Justice who
9	is not authorized to represent the United States
10	in criminal or civil law enforcement litigation or
11	to supervise such proceedings.
12	"(2) State.—The term 'State' includes a Ter-
13	ritory and the District of Columbia.
14	"(b) Choice of Law.—Subject to any uniform na-
15	tional rule prescribed by the Supreme Court under chapter
16	131, the standards of professional responsibility that
17	apply to a Government attorney with respect to the attor-
18	ney's work for the Government shall be—
19	"(1) for conduct in connection with a pro-
20	ceeding in or before a court, or conduct reasonably
21	intended to lead to a proceeding in or before a court,
22	the standards of professional responsibility estab-
23	lished by the rules and decisions of the court in or
24	before which the proceeding is brought or is in-

tended to be brought;

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1	"(2) for conduct in connection with a grand
2	jury proceeding, or conduct reasonably intended to
3	lead to a grand jury proceeding, the standards of
4	professional responsibility established by the rules
5	and decisions of the court under whose authority the
6	grand jury was or will be impaneled; and
7	"(3) for all other conduct, the standards of pro-
8	fessional responsibility established by the rules and
9	decisions of the Federal district court for the judicial
10	district in which the attorney principally performs
11	his or her official duties.
12	"(c) Licensure.—A Government attorney (except
13	foreign counsel employed in special cases)—
14	"(1) shall be duly licensed and authorized to
15	practice as an attorney under the laws of a State;
16	and
17	"(2) shall not be required to be a member of
18	the bar of any particular State.
19	"(d) Undercover Activities.—Notwithstanding
20	any provision of State law, including disciplinary rules,
21	statutes, regulations, constitutional provisions, or case
22	law, a Government attorney may, for the purpose of en-
23	forcing Federal law, provide legal advice, authorization,
24	concurrence, direction, or supervision on conducting un-

25 dercover activities, and any attorney employed as an inves-

- 1 tigator or other law enforcement agent by the Department
- 2 of Justice who is not authorized to represent the United
- 3 States in criminal or civil law enforcement litigation or
- 4 to supervise such proceedings may participate in such ac-
- 5 tivities, even though such activities may require the use
- 6 of deceit or misrepresentation, where such activities are
- 7 consistent with Federal law.
- 8 "(e) Admissibility of Evidence.—No violation of
- 9 any disciplinary, ethical, or professional conduct rule shall
- 10 be construed to permit the exclusion of otherwise admis-
- 11 sible evidence in any Federal criminal proceedings.
- 12 "(f) Rulemaking Authority.—The Attorney Gen-
- 13 eral shall make and amend rules of the Department of
- 14 Justice to ensure compliance with this section.".
- 15 (c) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
- 16 The analysis for chapter 31 of title 28, United States
- 17 Code, is amended, in the item relating to section 530B,
- 18 by striking "Ethical standards for attorneys for the Gov-
- 19 ernment" and inserting "Professional standards for Gov-
- 20 ernment attorneys".
- 21 (d) Reports.—
- 22 (1) Uniform rule.—In order to encourage the
- Supreme Court to prescribe, under chapter 131 of
- title 28, United States Code, a uniform national rule
- for Government attorneys with respect to commu-

- nications with represented persons and parties, not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Judicial Conference of the United States shall submit to the Chief Justice of the United States a report, which shall include recommendations with respect to amending the Federal Rules of Practice and Procedure to provide for such a uniform national rule.
 - (2) ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL CONFLICTS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Judicial Conference of the United States shall submit to the Chairmen and Ranking Members of the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Senate a report, which shall include—
 - (A) a review of any areas of actual or potential conflict between specific Federal duties related to the investigation and prosecution of violations of Federal law and the regulation of Government attorneys (as that term is defined in section 530B of title 28, United States Code, as amended by this Act) by existing standards of professional responsibility; and
 - (B) recommendations with respect to amending the Federal Rules of Practice and

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1	Procedure to provide for additional rules gov-
2	erning attorney conduct to address any areas of
3	actual or potential conflict identified pursuant
4	to the review under subparagraph (A).
5	(3) Report considerations.—In carrying out
6	paragraphs (1) and (2), the Judicial Conference of
7	the United States shall take into consideration—
8	(A) the needs and circumstances of
9	multiforum and multijurisdictional litigation;
10	(B) the special needs and interests of the
11	United States in investigating and prosecuting
12	violations of Federal criminal and civil law; and
13	(C) practices that are approved under Fed-
14	eral statutory or case law or that are otherwise
15	consistent with traditional Federal law enforce-
16	ment techniques.
17	SEC. 502. ATTORNEY GENERAL'S AUTHORITY TO PAY RE-
18	WARDS TO COMBAT TERRORISM.
19	(a) Payment of Rewards To Combat Ter-
20	RORISM.—Funds available to the Attorney General may
21	be used for the payment of rewards pursuant to public
22	advertisements for assistance to the Department of Jus-
23	tice to combat terrorism and defend the Nation against
24	terrorist acts, in accordance with procedures and regula-
25	tions established or issued by the Attorney General.

1	(b) Conditions.—In making rewards under this
2	section—
3	(1) no such reward of \$250,000 or more may
4	be made or offered without the personal approval of
5	either the Attorney General or the President;
6	(2) the Attorney General shall give written no-
7	tice to the Chairmen and ranking minority members
8	of the Committees on Appropriations and the Judici-
9	ary of the Senate and of the House of Representa-
10	tives not later than 30 days after the approval of a
11	reward under paragraph (1);
12	(3) any executive agency or military department
13	(as defined, respectively, in sections 105 and 102 of
14	title 5, United States Code) may provide the Attor-
15	ney General with funds for the payment of rewards;
16	(4) neither the failure of the Attorney General
17	to authorize a payment nor the amount authorized
18	shall be subject to judicial review; and
19	(5) no such reward shall be subject to any per-
20	or aggregate reward spending limitation established
21	by law, unless that law expressly refers to this sec-
22	tion, and no reward paid pursuant to any such offer
23	shall count toward any such aggregate reward

spending limitation.

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1	SEC. 503. SECRETARY OF STATE'S AUTHORITY TO PAY RE-
2	WARDS.
3	Section 36 of the State Department Basic Authorities
4	Act of 1956 (Public Law 885, August 1, 1956; 22 U.S.C.
5	2708) is amended—
6	(1) in subsection (b)—
7	(A) in paragraph (4), by striking "or" at
8	the end;
9	(B) in paragraph (5), by striking the pe-
10	riod at the end and inserting ", including by
11	dismantling an organization in whole or signifi-
12	cant part; or"; and
13	(C) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(6) the identification or location of an indi-
15	vidual who holds a key leadership position in a ter-
16	rorist organization.";
17	(2) in subsection (d), by striking paragraphs
18	(2) and (3) and redesignating paragraph (4) as
19	paragraph (2); and
20	(3) in subsection (e)(1), by inserting ", except
21	as personally authorized by the Secretary of State if
22	he determines that offer or payment of an award of
23	a larger amount is necessary to combat terrorism or
24	defend the Nation against terrorist acts." after
25	"\$5,000,000".

1	SEC. 504. DNA IDENTIFICATION OF TERRORISTS AND
2	OTHER VIOLENT OFFENDERS.
3	Section 3(d)(2) of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimi-
4	nation Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 14135a(d)(2)) is amended
5	to read as follows:
6	"(2) In additional to the offenses described in
7	paragraph (1), the following offenses shall be treated
8	for purposes of this section as qualifying Federal of-
9	fenses, as determined by the Attorney General:
10	"(A) Any offense listed in section
11	2332b(g)(5)(B) of title 18, United States Code.
12	"(B) Any crime of violence (as defined in
13	section 16 of title 18, United States Code).
14	"(C) Any attempt or conspiracy to commit
15	any of the above offenses.".
16	SEC. 505. COORDINATION WITH LAW ENFORCEMENT.
17	(a) Information Acquired From an Electronic
18	SURVEILLANCE.—Section 106 of the Foreign Intelligence
19	Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1806), is amended
20	by adding at the end the following:
21	"(k)(1) Federal officers who conduct electronic sur-
22	veillance to acquire foreign intelligence information under
23	this title may consult with Federal law enforcement offi-
24	cers to coordinate efforts to investigate or protect
25	against—

1	"(A) actual or potential attack or other grave
2	hostile acts of a foreign power or an agent of a for-
3	eign power;
4	"(B) sabotage or international terrorism by a
5	foreign power or an agent of a foreign power; or
6	"(C) clandestine intelligence activities by an in-
7	telligence service or network of a foreign power or by
8	an agent of a foreign power.
9	"(2) Coordination authorized under paragraph (1)
10	shall not preclude the certification required by section
11	104(a)(7)(B) or the entry of an order under section 105.".
12	(b) Information Acquired From a Physical
13	Search.—Section 305 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
14	lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1825) is amended by adding
15	at the end the following:
16	"(k)(1) Federal officers who conduct physical
17	searches to acquire foreign intelligence information under
18	this title may consult with Federal law enforcement offi-
19	cers to coordinate efforts to investigate or protect
20	against—
21	"(A) actual or potential attack or other grave
22	hostile acts of a foreign power or an agent of a for-
23	eign power;
24	"(B) sabotage or international terrorism by a
25	foreign power or an agent of a foreign power; or

1	"(C) clandestine intelligence activities by an in-
2	telligence service or network of a foreign power or by
3	an agent of a foreign power.
4	"(2) Coordination authorized under paragraph (1)
5	shall not preclude the certification required by section
6	303(a)(7) or the entry of an order under section 304.".
7	SEC. 506. MISCELLANEOUS NATIONAL SECURITY AUTHORI-
8	TIES.
9	(a) TELEPHONE TOLL AND TRANSACTIONAL
10	Records.—Section 2709(b) of title 18, United States
11	Code, is amended—
12	(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by
13	inserting "at Bureau headquarters or a Special
14	Agent in Charge in a Bureau field office designated
15	by the Director" after "Assistant Director";
16	(2) in paragraph (1)—
17	(A) by striking "in a position not lower
18	than Deputy Assistant Director"; and
19	(B) by striking "made that" and all that
20	follows and inserting the following: "made that
21	the name, address, length of service, and toll
22	billing records sought are relevant to an author-
23	ized investigation to protect against inter-
24	national terrorism or clandestine intelligence ac-
25	tivities, provided that such an investigation of a

1	United States person is not conducted solely on
2	the basis of activities protected by the first
3	amendment to the Constitution of the United
4	States; and"; and
5	(3) in paragraph (2)—
6	(A) by striking "in a position not lower
7	than Deputy Assistant Director"; and
8	(B) by striking "made that" and all that
9	follows and inserting the following: "made that
10	the information sought is relevant to an author-
11	ized investigation to protect against inter-
12	national terrorism or clandestine intelligence ac-
13	tivities, provided that such an investigation of a
14	United States person is not conducted solely
15	upon the basis of activities protected by the
16	first amendment to the Constitution of the
17	United States.".
18	(b) Financial Records.—Section 1114(a)(5)(A) of
19	the Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C.
20	3414(a)(5)(A)) is amended—
21	(1) by inserting "in a position not lower than
22	Deputy Assistant Director at Bureau headquarters
23	or a Special Agent in Charge in a Bureau field office
24	designated by the Director" after "designee"; and

1	(2) by striking "sought" and all that follows
2	and inserting "sought for foreign counter intel-
3	ligence purposes to protect against international ter-
4	rorism or clandestine intelligence activities, provided
5	that such an investigation of a United States person
6	is not conducted solely upon the basis of activities
7	protected by the first amendment to the Constitution
8	of the United States.".
9	(c) Consumer Reports.—Section 624 of the Fair
10	Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681u) is amended—
11	(1) in subsection (a)—
12	(A) by inserting "in a position not lower
13	than Deputy Assistant Director at Bureau
14	headquarters or a Special Agent in Charge of a
15	Bureau field office designated by the Director"
16	after "designee" the first place it appears; and
17	(B) by striking "in writing that" and all
18	that follows through the end and inserting the
19	following: "in writing, that such information is
20	sought for the conduct of an authorized inves-
21	tigation to protect against international ter-
22	rorism or clandestine intelligence activities, pro-
23	vided that such an investigation of a United
24	States person is not conducted solely upon the
25	basis of activities protected by the first amend-

1	ment to the Constitution of the United
2	States.";
3	(2) in subsection (b)—
4	(A) by inserting "in a position not lower
5	than Deputy Assistant Director at Bureau
6	headquarters or a Special Agent in Charge of a
7	Bureau field office designated by the Director"
8	after "designee" the first place it appears; and
9	(B) by striking "in writing that" and all
10	that follows through the end and inserting the
11	following: "in writing that such information is
12	sought for the conduct of an authorized inves-
13	tigation to protect against international ter-
14	rorism or clandestine intelligence activities, pro-
15	vided that such an investigation of a United
16	States person is not conducted solely upon the
17	basis of activities protected by the first amend-
18	ment to the Constitution of the United
19	States."; and
20	(3) in subsection (c)—
21	(A) by inserting "in a position not lower
22	than Deputy Assistant Director at Bureau
23	headquarters or a Special Agent in Charge in a
24	Bureau field office designated by the Director"
25	after "designee of the Director"; and

1 (B) by striking "in camera that" and all 2 that follows through "States." and inserting the 3 following: "in camera that the consumer report 4 is sought for the conduct of an authorized in-5 vestigation to protect against international ter-6 rorism or clandestine intelligence activities, pro-7 vided that such an investigation of a United 8 States person is not conducted solely upon the 9 basis of activities protected by the first amendthe Constitution of the 10 ment to United 11 States.".

12 SEC. 507. EXTENSION OF SECRET SERVICE JURISDICTION.

- (a) Concurrent Jurisdiction Under 18 U.S.C.
- 14 1030.—Section 1030(d) of title 18, United States Code,
- 15 is amended to read as follows:
- 16 "(d)(1) The United States Secret Service shall, in ad-
- 17 dition to any other agency having such authority, have the
- 18 authority to investigate offenses under this section.
- "(2) The Federal Bureau of Investigation shall have
- 20 primary authority to investigate offenses under subsection
- 21 (a)(1) for any cases involving espionage, foreign counter-
- 22 intelligence, information protected against unauthorized
- 23 disclosure for reasons of national defense or foreign rela-
- 24 tions, or Restricted Data (as that term is defined in sec-
- 25 tion 11y of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C.

- 1 2014(y)), except for offenses affecting the duties of the
- 2 United States Secret Service pursuant to section 3056(a)
- 3 of this title.
- 4 "(3) Such authority shall be exercised in accordance
- 5 with an agreement which shall be entered into by the Sec-
- 6 retary of the Treasury and the Attorney General.".
- 7 (b) Reauthorization of Jurisdiction under 18
- 8 U.S.C. 1344.—Section 3056(b)(3) of title 18, United
- 9 States Code, is amended by striking "credit and debit card
- 10 frauds, and false identification documents or devices" and
- 11 inserting "access device frauds, false identification docu-
- 12 ments or devices, and any fraud or other criminal or un-
- 13 lawful activity in or against any federally insured financial
- 14 institution".
- 15 SEC. 508. DISCLOSURE OF EDUCATIONAL RECORDS.
- 16 Section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act
- 17 (20 U.S.C. 1232g), is amended by adding after subsection
- 18 (i) a new subsection (j) to read as follows:
- 19 "(j) Investigation and Prosecution of Ter-
- 20 RORISM.—
- 21 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding sub-
- sections (a) through (i) or any provision of State
- law, the Attorney General (or any Federal officer or
- employee, in a position not lower than an Assistant
- 25 Attorney General, designated by the Attorney Gen-

eral) may submit a written application to a court of competent jurisdiction for an ex parte order requiring an educational agency or institution to permit the Attorney General (or his designee) to—

"(A) collect education records in the possession of the educational agency or institution that are relevant to an authorized investigation or prosecution of an offense listed in section 2332b(g)(5)(B) of title 18 United States Code, or an act of domestic or international terrorism as defined in section 2331 of that title; and

"(B) for official purposes related to the investigation or prosecution of an offense described in paragraph (1)(A), retain, disseminate, and use (including as evidence at trial or in other administrative or judicial proceedings) such records, consistent with such guidelines as the Attorney General, after consultation with the Secretary, shall issue to protect confidentiality.

"(2) APPLICATION AND APPROVAL.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—An application under paragraph (1) shall certify that there are specific and articulable facts giving reason to believe that the education records are likely to

1	contain information described in paragraph										
2	(1)(A).										
3	"(B) The court shall issue an order de-										
4	scribed in paragraph (1) if the court finds that										
5	the application for the order includes the certific										
6	cation described in subparagraph (A).										
7	"(3) Protection of Educational Agency										
8	OR INSTITUTION.—An educational agency or institu-										
9	tion that, in good faith, produces education records										
10	in accordance with an order issued under this sub-										
11	section shall not be liable to any person for that pro-										
12	duction.										
13	"(4) Record-Keeping.—Subsection (b)(4)										
14	does not apply to education records subject to a										
15	court order under this subsection.".										
16	SEC. 509. DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION FROM NCES SUR-										
17	VEYS.										
18	Section 408 of the National Education Statistics Act										
19	of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 9007), is amended by adding after										
20	subsection (b) a new subsection (c) to read as follows:										
21	"(c) Investigation and Prosecution of Ter-										
22	RORISM.—										
23	"(1) In General.—Notwithstanding sub-										
24	sections (a) and (b), the Attorney General (or any										
25	Federal officer or employee, in a position not lower										

than an Assistant Attorney General, designated by
the Attorney General) may submit a written applica-
tion to a court of competent jurisdiction for an ex
parte order requiring the Secretary to permit the At-
torney General (or his designee) to—
"(A) collect reports, records, and informa-
tion (including individually identifiable informa-
tion) in the possession of the center that are
relevant to an authorized investigation or pros-
ecution of an offense listed in section
2332b(g)(5)(B) of title 18, United States Code,
or an act of domestic or international terrorism
as defined in section 2331 of that title; and
"(B) for official purposes related to the in-
vestigation or prosecution of an offense de-
scribed in paragraph (1)(A), retain, dissemi-
nate, and use (including as evidence at trial or
in other administrative or judicial proceedings)
such information, consistent with such guide-
lines as the Attorney General, after consultation
with the Secretary, shall issue to protect con-
fidentiality.
"(2) Application and approval.—
"(A) In general.—An application under

paragraph (1) shall certify that there are spe-

1	cific and articulable facts giving reason to be-								
2	lieve that the information sought is described in								
3	paragraph (1)(A).								
4	"(B) The court shall issue an order de-								
5	scribed in paragraph (1) if the court finds that								
6	the application for the order includes the certifi-								
7	cation described in subparagraph (A).								
8	"(3) Protection.—An officer or employee								
9	of the Department who, in good faith, produces								
10	information in accordance with an order issued								
11	under this subsection does not violate sub-								
12	section $(b)(2)$ and shall not be liable to any per-								
13	son for that production.".								
14	TITLE VI—PROVIDING FOR VIC-								
15	TIMS OF TERRORISM, PUBLIC								
16	SAFETY OFFICERS, AND								
17	THEIR FAMILIES								
18	Subtitle A—Aid to Families of								
19	Public Safety Officers								
20	SEC. 601. EXPEDITED PAYMENT FOR PUBLIC SAFETY OFFI-								
21	CERS INVOLVED IN THE PREVENTION, INVES-								
22	TIGATION, RESCUE, OR RECOVERY EFFORTS								
23	RELATED TO A TERRORIST ATTACK.								
24	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding the limitations								
25	of subsection (b) of section 1201 or the provisions of sub-								

- 1 sections (c), (d), and (e) of such section or section 1202
- 2 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets
- 3 Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796, 3796a), upon certification
- 4 (containing identification of all eligible payees of benefits
- 5 pursuant to section 1201 of such Act) by a public agency
- 6 that a public safety officer employed by such agency was
- 7 killed or suffered a catastrophic injury producing perma-
- 8 nent and total disability as a direct and proximate result
- 9 of a personal injury sustained in the line of duty as de-
- 10 scribed in section 1201 of such Act in connection with pre-
- 11 vention, investigation, rescue, or recovery efforts related
- 12 to a terrorist attack, the Director of the Bureau of Justice
- 13 Assistance shall authorize payment to qualified bene-
- 14 ficiaries, said payment to be made not later than 30 days
- 15 after receipt of such certification, benefits described under
- 16 subpart 1 of part L of such Act (42 U.S.C. 3796 et seq.).
- 17 (b) Definitions.—For purposes of this section, the
- 18 terms "catastrophic injury", "public agency", and "public
- 19 safety officer" have the same meanings given such terms
- 20 in section 1204 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control
- 21 and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796b).

1	SEC. 602. TECHNICAL CORRECTION WITH RESPECT TO EX-							
2	PEDITED PAYMENTS FOR HEROIC PUBLIC							
3	SAFETY OFFICERS.							
4	Section 1 of Public Law 107-37 (an Act to provide							
5	for the expedited payment of certain benefits for a public							
6	safety officer who was killed or suffered a catastrophic in-							
7	jury as a direct and proximate result of a personal injury							
8	sustained in the line of duty in connection with the ter-							
9	rorist attacks of September 11, 2001) is amended by—							
10	(1) inserting before "by a" the following: "(con-							
11	taining identification of all eligible payees of benefits							
12	pursuant to section 1201)";							
13	(2) inserting "producing permanent and total							
14	disability" after "suffered a catastrophic injury";							
15	and							
16	(2) striking "1201(a)" and inserting "1201".							
17	SEC. 603. PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICERS BENEFIT PROGRAM							
18	PAYMENT INCREASE.							
19	(a) Payments.—Section 1201(a) of the Omnibus							
20	Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.							
21	3796) is amended by striking "\$100,000" and inserting							
22	"\$250,000".							
23	(b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendment made by sub-							
24	section (a) shall apply to any death or disability occurring							
25	on or after January 1, 2001.							

1	SEC. 604. OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS.
2	Section 112 of title I of section 101(b) of division
3	A of Public Law 105–277 and section 108(a) of appendix
4	A of Public Law 106–113 (113 Stat. 1501A–20) are
5	amended—
6	(1) after "that Office", each place it occurs, by
7	inserting "(including, notwithstanding any contrary
8	provision of law (unless the same should expressly
9	refer to this section), any organization that admin-
10	isters any program established in title 1 of Public
11	Law 90–351)''; and
12	(2) by inserting "functions, including any"
13	after "all".
14	Subtitle B—Amendments to the
15	Victims of Crime Act of 1984
16	SEC. 621. CRIME VICTIMS FUND.
17	(a) Deposit of Gifts in the Fund.—Section
18	1402(b) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C.
19	10601(b)) is amended—
20	(1) in paragraph (3), by striking "and" at the
21	end;
22	(2) in paragraph (4), by striking the period at
23	the end and inserting "; and; and
24	(3) by adding at the end the following:
25	"(5) any gifts, bequests, or donations to the

Fund from private entities or individuals.".

- 1 (b) FORMULA FOR FUND DISTRIBUTIONS.—Section
- 2 1402(c) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C.
- 3 10601(c)) is amended to read as follows:
- 4 "(c) Fund Distribution; Retention of Sums in
- 5 Fund; Availability for Expenditure Without Fis-
- 6 CAL YEAR LIMITATION.—
- 7 "(1) Subject to the availability of money in the 8 Fund, in each fiscal year, beginning with fiscal year 9 2003, the Director shall distribute not less than 90 10 percent nor more than 110 percent of the amount 11 distributed from the Fund in the previous fiscal 12 year, except the Director may distribute up to 120 13 percent of the amount distributed in the previous fiscal year in any fiscal year that the total amount 14 15 available in the Fund is more than 2 times the 16 amount distributed in the previous fiscal year.
 - "(2) In each fiscal year, the Director shall distribute amounts from the Fund in accordance with subsection (d). All sums not distributed during a fiscal year shall remain in reserve in the Fund to be distributed during a subsequent fiscal year. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all sums deposited in the Fund that are not distributed shall remain in reserve in the Fund for obligation in future fiscal years, without fiscal year limitation.".

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1	(c) Allocation of Funds for Costs and								
2	Grants.—Section 1402(d)(4) of the Victims of Crime Act								
3	of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10601(d)(4)) is amended—								
4	(1) by striking "deposited in" and inserting "to								
5	be distributed from";								
6	(2) in subparagraph (A), by striking "48.5"								
7	and inserting "47.5";								
8	(3) in subparagraph (B), by striking "48.5"								
9	and inserting "47.5"; and								
10	(4) in subparagraph (C), by striking "3" and								
11	inserting "5".								
12	(d) Antiterrorism Emergency Reserve.—Sec-								
13	tion $1402(d)(5)$ of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42								
14	U.S.C. $10601(d)(5)$) is amended to read as follows:								
• •									
15	"(5)(A) In addition to the amounts distributed								
	"(5)(A) In addition to the amounts distributed under paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), the Director								
15									
15 16	under paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), the Director								
15 16 17	under paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), the Director may set aside up to \$50,000,000 from the amounts								
15 16 17 18	under paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), the Director may set aside up to \$50,000,000 from the amounts transferred to the Fund for use in responding to the								
15 16 17 18	under paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), the Director may set aside up to \$50,000,000 from the amounts transferred to the Fund for use in responding to the airplane hijackings and terrorist acts that occurred								
115 116 117 118 119 220	under paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), the Director may set aside up to \$50,000,000 from the amounts transferred to the Fund for use in responding to the airplane hijackings and terrorist acts that occurred on September 11, 2001, as an antiterrorism emer-								
115 116 117 118 119 220 221	under paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), the Director may set aside up to \$50,000,000 from the amounts transferred to the Fund for use in responding to the airplane hijackings and terrorist acts that occurred on September 11, 2001, as an antiterrorism emergency reserve. The Director may replenish any								

- after distributing amounts under paragraphs (2), (3) and (4). Such reserve shall not exceed \$50,000,000.
- "(B) The antiterrorism emergency reserve referred to in subparagraph (A) may be used for supplemental grants under section 1404B and to provide compensation to victims of international terrorism under section 1404C.
- 8 "(C) Amounts in the antiterrorism emergency 9 reserve established pursuant to subparagraph (A) 10 may be carried over from fiscal year to fiscal year. 11 Notwithstanding subsection (c) and section 619 of 12 the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, 13 the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations 14 Act, 2001 (and any similar limitation on Fund obli-15 gations in any future Act, unless the same should 16 expressly refer to this section), any such amounts 17 carried over shall not be subject to any limitation on 18 obligations from amounts deposited to or available in 19 the Fund.".
- (e) Victims of September 11, 2001.—Amounts transferred to the Crime Victims Fund for use in responding to the airplane hijackings and terrorist acts (including any related search, rescue, relief, assistance, or other similar activities) that occurred on September 11, 2001, shall not be subject to any limitation on obligations from

- 1 amounts deposited to or available in the Fund,
- 2 notwithstanding—
- 3 (1) section 619 of the Departments of Com-
- 4 merce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Re-
- 5 lated Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001, and any
- 6 similar limitation on Fund obligations in such Act
- 7 for Fiscal Year 2002; and
- 8 (2) subsections (c) and (d) of section 1402 of
- 9 the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C.
- 10 10601).

11 SEC. 622. CRIME VICTIM COMPENSATION.

- 12 (a) Allocation of Funds for Compensation
- 13 AND ASSISTANCE.—Paragraphs (1) and (2) of section
- 14 1403(a) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C.
- 15 10602(a)) are amended by inserting "in fiscal year 2002
- 16 and of 60 percent in subsequent fiscal years" after "40
- 17 percent".
- 18 (b) Location of Compensable Crime.—Section
- 19 1403(b)(6)(B) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42
- 20 U.S.C. 10602(b)(6)(B)) is amended by striking "are out-
- 21 side the United States (if the compensable crime is ter-
- 22 rorism, as defined in section 2331 of title 18), or".
- (c) Relationship of Crime Victim Compensa-
- 24 TION TO MEANS-TESTED FEDERAL BENEFIT PRO-
- 25 Grams.—Section 1403 of the Victims of Crime Act of

- 1 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10602) is amended by striking subsection
- 2 (c) and inserting the following:
- 3 "(c) Exclusion From Income, Resources, and
- 4 Assets for Purposes of Means Tests.—Notwith-
- 5 standing any other law (other than title IV of Public Law
- 6 107–42), for the purpose of any maximum allowed income,
- 7 resource, or asset eligibility requirement in any Federal,
- 8 State, or local government program using Federal funds
- 9 that provides medical or other assistance (or payment or
- 10 reimbursement of the cost of such assistance), any amount
- 11 of crime victim compensation that the applicant receives
- 12 through a crime victim compensation program under this
- 13 section shall not be included in the income, resources, or
- 14 assets of the applicant, nor shall that amount reduce the
- 15 amount of the assistance available to the applicant from
- 16 Federal, State, or local government programs using Fed-
- 17 eral funds, unless the total amount of assistance that the
- 18 applicant receives from all such programs is sufficient to
- 19 fully compensate the applicant for losses suffered as a re-
- 20 sult of the crime.".
- 21 (d) Definitions of "Compensable Crime" and
- 22 "State".—Section 1403(d) of the Victims of Crime Act
- 23 of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10602(d)) is amended—
- 24 (1) in paragraph (3), by striking "crimes in-
- volving terrorism,"; and

- 1 (2) in paragraph (4), by inserting "the United 2 States Virgin Islands," after "the Commonwealth of 3 Puerto Rico,". 4 (e) RELATIONSHIP OF ELIGIBLE CRIME VICTIM COM-5 PENSATION PROGRAMS TO THE SEPTEMBER 11TH VICTIM
- 6 Compensation Fund.—
- 7 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1403(e) of the Vic-8 tims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10602(e)) is 9 amended by inserting "including the program estab-10 lished under title IV of Public Law 107–42," after 11 "Federal program,".
- 12 (2) Compensation.—With respect to any com-13 pensation payable under title IV of Public Law 107– 14 42, the failure of a crime victim compensation pro-15 gram, after the effective date of final regulations 16 issued pursuant to section 407 of Public Law 107– 17 42, to provide compensation otherwise required pur-18 suant to section 1403 of the Victims of Crime Act 19 of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10602) shall not render that 20 program ineligible for future grants under the Vic-21 tims of Crime Act of 1984.
- 22 SEC. 623. CRIME VICTIM ASSISTANCE.
- 23 (a) Assistance for Victims in the District of 24 Columbia, Puerto Rico, and Other Territories 25 and Possessions.—Section 1404(a) of the Victims of

1	Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10603(a)) is amended by
2	adding at the end the following:
3	"(6) An agency of the Federal Government per-
4	forming local law enforcement functions in and on
5	behalf of the District of Columbia, the Common-
6	wealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Is-
7	lands, or any other territory or possession of the
8	United States may qualify as an eligible crime victim
9	assistance program for the purpose of grants under
10	this subsection, or for the purpose of grants under
11	subsection $(c)(1)$.".
12	(b) Prohibition on Discrimination Against Cer-
13	TAIN VICTIMS.—Section 1404(b)(1) of the Victims of
14	Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10603(b)(1)) is amended—
15	(1) in subparagraph (D), by striking "and" at
16	the end;
17	(2) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period
18	at the end and inserting "; and"; and
19	(3) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(F) does not discriminate against victims
21	because they disagree with the way the State is
22	prosecuting the criminal case.".
23	(c) Grants for Program Evaluation and Com-
24	PLIANCE EFFORTS.—Section 1404(c)(1)(A) of the Vic-
2.5	tims of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10603(c)(1)(A))

1	is amended by inserting ", program evaluation, compliance						
2	efforts," after "demonstration projects".						
3	(d) Allocation of Discretionary Grants.—Sec-						
4	tion 1404(c)(2) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42						
5	U.S.C. 10603(c)(2)) is amended—						
6	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "not more						
7	than" and inserting "not less than"; and						
8	(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking "not less						
9	than" and inserting "not more than".						
10	(e) Fellowships and Clinical Internships.—						
11	Section 1404(c)(3) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984						
12	(42 U.S.C. 10603(c)(3)) is amended—						
13	(1) in subparagraph (C), by striking "and" at						
14	the end;						
15	(2) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period						
16	at the end and inserting "; and; and						
17	(3) by adding at the end the following:						
18	"(E) use funds made available to the Di-						
19	rector under this subsection—						
20	"(i) for fellowships and clinical intern-						
21	ships; and						
22	"(ii) to carry out programs of training						
23	and special workshops for the presentation						
24	and dissemination of information resulting						

1	from demonstrations, surveys, and special								
2	projects.".								
3	SEC. 624. VICTIMS OF TERRORISM.								
4	(a) Compensation and Assistance to Victims of								
5	Domestic Terrorism.—Section 1404B(b) of the Victim								
6	of Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10603b(b)) is amended								
7	to read as follows:								
8	"(b) Victims of Terrorism Within the United								
9	STATES.—The Director may make supplemental grants a								
10	provided in section 1402(d)(5) to States for eligible crime								
11	victim compensation and assistance programs, and to vic-								
12	tim service organizations, public agencies (including Fed-								
13	eral, State, or local governments) and nongovernmental								
14	organizations that provide assistance to victims of crime								
15	which shall be used to provide emergency relief, including								
16	crisis response efforts, assistance, compensation, training								
17	and technical assistance, and ongoing assistance, including								
18	during any investigation or prosecution, to victims of ter-								
19	rorist acts or mass violence occurring within the United								
20	States.".								
21	(b) Assistance to Victims of International								
22	Terrorism.—Section 1404B(a)(1) of the Victims of								
23	Crime Act of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10603b(a)(1)) is amended								

24 by striking "who are not persons eligible for compensation

1	under title VIII of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and						
2	Antiterrorism Act of 1986".						
3	(c) Compensation to Victims of International						
4	Terrorism.—Section 1404C(b) of the Victims of Crime						
5	of 1984 (42 U.S.C. 10603c(b)) is amended by adding a						
6	the end the following: "The amount of compensation						
7	awarded to a victim under this subsection shall be reduced						
8	by any amount that the victim received in connection with						
9	the same act of international terrorism under title VIII						
10	of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and Antiterrorism						
11	Act of 1986.".						
12	TITLE VII—INCREASED INFOR-						
13	MATION SHARING FOR CRIT-						
14							
14	ICAL INFRASTRUCTURE PRO-						
15	ICAL INFRASTRUCTURE PRO- TECTION						
15	TECTION						
15 16	TECTION SEC. 701. EXPANSION OF REGIONAL INFORMATION SHARE						
15 16 17	TECTION SEC. 701. EXPANSION OF REGIONAL INFORMATION SHARING SYSTEM TO FACILITATE FEDERAL-STATE.						
15 16 17 18	TECTION SEC. 701. EXPANSION OF REGIONAL INFORMATION SHARE ING SYSTEM TO FACILITATE FEDERAL-STATE LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT RESPONSE RE						
15 16 17 18	TECTION SEC. 701. EXPANSION OF REGIONAL INFORMATION SHARING SYSTEM TO FACILITATE FEDERAL-STATE LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT RESPONSE RELATED TO TERRORIST ATTACKS.						
115 116 117 118 119 220	TECTION SEC. 701. EXPANSION OF REGIONAL INFORMATION SHARE ING SYSTEM TO FACILITATE FEDERAL-STATE LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT RESPONSE RELLATED TO TERRORIST ATTACKS. Section 1301 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control						
115 116 117 118 119 220 221	TECTION SEC. 701. EXPANSION OF REGIONAL INFORMATION SHARE ING SYSTEM TO FACILITATE FEDERAL-STATE LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT RESPONSE RE- LATED TO TERRORIST ATTACKS. Section 1301 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796h) is						
115 116 117 118 119 220 221 222	TECTION SEC. 701. EXPANSION OF REGIONAL INFORMATION SHARE ING SYSTEM TO FACILITATE FEDERAL-STATE LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT RESPONSE REGIONAL LATED TO TERRORIST ATTACKS. Section 1301 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796h) is amended—						

1	(A) in paragraph (3), by striking "and"										
2	after the semicolon;										
3	(B) by redesignating paragraph (4) as										
4	paragraph (5);										
5	(C) by inserting after paragraph (3) the										
6	following:										
7	"(4) establishing and operating secure informa										
8	tion sharing systems to enhance the investigation										
9	and prosecution abilities of participating enforce-										
10	ment agencies in addressing multi-jurisdictional ter										
11	rorist conspiracies and activities; and (5)"; and										
12	(3) by inserting at the end the following:										
13	"(d) Authorization of Appropriation to the										
14	BUREAU OF JUSTICE ASSISTANCE.—There are authorized										
15	to be appropriated to the Bureau of Justice Assistance										
16	to carry out this section \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2002										
17	and $$100,000,000$ for fiscal year 2003.".										
18	TITLE VIII—STRENGTHENING										
19	THE CRIMINAL LAWS										
20	AGAINST TERRORISM										
21	SEC. 801. TERRORIST ATTACKS AND OTHER ACTS OF VIO-										
22	LENCE AGAINST MASS TRANSPORTATION										
23	SYSTEMS.										
24	Chapter 97 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-										
25	ed by adding at the end the following:										

1	"§ 1993.	Terrorist	attacks	and	other	acts	of	violen	e
2		agains	st mass t	ransı	portati	on sy	ste	ems	

3 "(a) General Prohibitions.—Whoever willfully—

- "(1) wrecks, derails, sets fire to, or disables a mass transportation vehicle or ferry;
- "(2) places or causes to be placed any biological agent or toxin for use as a weapon, destructive substance, or destructive device in, upon, or near a mass transportation vehicle or ferry, without previously obtaining the permission of the mass transportation provider, and with intent to endanger the safety of any passenger or employee of the mass transportation provider, or with a reckless disregard for the safety of human life;
 - "(3) sets fire to, or places any biological agent or toxin for use as a weapon, destructive substance, or destructive device in, upon, or near any garage, terminal, structure, supply, or facility used in the operation of, or in support of the operation of, a mass transportation vehicle or ferry, without previously obtaining the permission of the mass transportation provider, and knowing or having reason to know such activity would likely derail, disable, or wreck a mass transportation vehicle or ferry used, operated, or employed by the mass transportation provider;

- "(4) removes appurtenances from, damages, or otherwise impairs the operation of a mass transportation signal system, including a train control system, centralized dispatching system, or rail grade crossing warning signal;
 - "(5) interferes with, disables, or incapacitates any dispatcher, driver, captain, or person while they are employed in dispatching, operating, or maintaining a mass transportation vehicle or ferry, with intent to endanger the safety of any passenger or employee of the mass transportation provider, or with a reckless disregard for the safety of human life;
 - "(6) commits an act, including the use of a dangerous weapon, with the intent to cause death or serious bodily injury to an employee or passenger of a mass transportation provider or any other person while any of the foregoing are on the property of a mass transportation provider;
 - "(7) conveys or causes to be conveyed false information, knowing the information to be false, concerning an attempt or alleged attempt being made or to be made, to do any act which would be a crime prohibited by this subsection; or
 - "(8) attempts, threatens, or conspires to do any of the aforesaid acts,

- 1 shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than
- 2 twenty years, or both, if such act is committed, or in the
- 3 case of a threat or conspiracy such act would be com-
- 4 mitted, on, against, or affecting a mass transportation
- 5 provider engaged in or affecting interstate or foreign com-
- 6 merce, or if in the course of committing such act, that
- 7 person travels or communicates across a State line in
- 8 order to commit such act, or transports materials across
- 9 a State line in aid of the commission of such act.
- 10 "(b) AGGRAVATED OFFENSE.—Whoever commits an
- 11 offense under subsection (a) in a circumstance in which—
- 12 "(1) the mass transportation vehicle or ferry
- was carrying a passenger at the time of the offense;
- 14 or
- 15 "(2) the offense has resulted in the death of
- any person,
- 17 shall be guilty of an aggravated form of the offense and
- 18 shall be fined under this title or imprisoned for a term
- 19 of years or for life, or both.
- 20 "(c) Definitions.—In this section—
- 21 "(1) the term 'biological agent' has the meaning
- given to that term in section 178(1) of this title;
- "(2) the term 'dangerous weapon' has the
- meaning given to that term in section 930 of this
- 25 title;

1	"(3) the term 'destructive device' has the mean-
2	ing given to that term in section 921(a)(4) of this
3	title;
4	"(4) the term 'destructive substance' has the
5	meaning given to that term in section 31 of this
6	title;
7	"(5) the term 'mass transportation' has the
8	meaning given to that term in section 5302(a)(7) of
9	title 49, United States Code, except that the term
10	shall include schoolbus, charter, and sightseeing
11	transportation;
12	"(6) the term 'serious bodily injury' has the
13	meaning given to that term in section 1365 of this
14	title;
15	"(7) the term 'State' has the meaning given to
16	that term in section 2266 of this title; and
17	"(8) the term 'toxin' has the meaning given to
18	that term in section 178(2) of this title.".
19	(f) Conforming Amendment.—The analysis of
20	chapter 97 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
21	by adding at the end:

"1993. Terrorist attacks and other acts of violence against mass transportation systems.".

1	SEC. 802. EXPANSION OF THE BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS STAT-
2	UTE.
3	Chapter 10 of title 18, United States Code, is
4	amended—
5	(1) in section 175—
6	(A) in subsection (b)—
7	(i) by striking "does not include" and
8	inserting "includes";
9	(ii) by inserting "other than" after
10	"system for"; and
11	(iii) by inserting "bona fide research"
12	after "protective";
13	(B) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-
14	section (c); and
15	(C) by inserting after subsection (a) the
16	following:
17	"(b) Additional Offense.—Whoever knowingly
18	possesses any biological agent, toxin, or delivery system
19	of a type or in a quantity that, under the circumstances,
20	is not reasonably justified by a prophylactic, protective,
21	bona fide research, or other peaceful purpose, shall be
22	fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 10 years,
23	or both. In this subsection, the terms 'biological agent' and
24	'toxin' do not encompass any biological agent or toxin that
25	is in its naturally occurring environment, if the biological

- 1 agent or toxin has not been cultivated, collected, or other-
- 2 wise extracted from its natural source.";
- 3 (2) by inserting after section 175a the fol-
- 4 lowing:

5 "SEC. 175b. POSSESSION BY RESTRICTED PERSONS.

- 6 "(a) No restricted person described in subsection (b)
- 7 shall ship or transport interstate or foreign commerce, or
- 8 possess in or affecting commerce, any biological agent or
- 9 toxin, or receive any biological agent or toxin that has been
- 10 shipped or transported in interstate or foreign commerce,
- 11 if the biological agent or toxin is listed as a select agent
- 12 in subsection (j) of section 72.6 of title 42, Code of Fed-
- 13 eral Regulations, pursuant to section 511(d)(l) of the
- 14 Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996
- 15 (Public Law 104–132), and is not exempted under sub-
- 16 section (h) of such section 72.6, or appendix A of part
- 17 72 of the Code of Regulations.
- 18 "(b) In this section:
- 19 "(1) The term 'select agent' does not include
- any such biological agent or toxin that is in its natu-
- 21 rally-occurring environment, if the biological agent
- or toxin has not been cultivated, collected, or other-
- wise extracted from its natural source.
- 24 "(2) The term 'restricted person' means an individual
- 25 who—

1	"(A) is under indictment for a crime pun-
2	ishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding 1
3	year;
4	"(B) has been convicted in any court of a
5	crime punishable by imprisonment for a term
6	exceeding 1 year;
7	"(C) is a fugitive from justice;
8	"(D) is an unlawful user of any controlled
9	substance (as defined in section 102 of the Con-
10	trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802));
11	"(E) is an alien illegally or unlawfully in
12	the United States;
13	"(F) has been adjudicated as a mental de-
14	fective or has been committed to any mental in-
15	stitution;
16	"(G) is an alien (other than an alien law-
17	fully admitted for permanent residence) who is
18	a national of a country as to which the Sec-
19	retary of State, pursuant to section 6(j) of the
20	Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C.
21	App. 2405(j)), section 620A of chapter 1 of
22	part M of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
23	(22 U.S.C. 2371), or section 40(d) of chapter
24	3 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C.
25	2780(d)), has made a determination (that re-

1	mains in effect) that such country has repeat-	
2	edly provided support for acts of international	
3	terrorism; or	
4	"(H) has been discharged from the Armed	
5	Services of the United States under dishonor-	
6	able conditions.	
7	"(3) The term 'alien' has the same meaning as	
8	in section 1010(a)(3) of the Immigration and Na-	
9	tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(3)).	
10	"(4) The term 'lawfully admitted for permanent	
11	residence' has the same meaning as in section	
12	101(a)(20) of the Immigration and Nationality Act	
13	(8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(20)).	
14	"(c) Whoever knowingly violates this section shall be	
15	fined as provided in this title, imprisoned not more than	
16	10 years, or both, but the prohibition contained in this	
17	section shall not apply with respect to any duly authorized	
18	United States governmental activity."; and	
19	(3) in the chapter analysis, by inserting after	
20	the item relating to section 175a the following:	
	"175b. Possession by restricted persons.".	
21	SEC. 803. DEFINITION OF DOMESTIC TERRORISM.	
22	(a) Domestic Terrorism Defined.—Section 2331	
72	of title 18 United States Code is amended	

1	(1) in paragraph (1)(B)(iii), by striking "by as-
2	sassination or kidnapping" and inserting "by mass
3	destruction, assassination, or kidnapping";
4	(2) in paragraph (3), by striking "and";
5	(3) in paragraph (4), by striking the period at
6	the end and inserting "; and; and
7	(4) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(5) the term 'domestic terrorism' means activi-
9	ties that—
10	"(A) involve acts dangerous to human life
11	that are a violation of the criminal laws of the
12	United States or of any State;
13	"(B) appear to be intended—
14	"(i) to intimidate or coerce a civilian
15	population;
16	"(ii) to influence the policy of a gov-
17	ernment by intimidation or coercion; or
18	"(iii) to affect the conduct of a gov-
19	ernment by mass destruction, assassina-
20	tion, or kidnapping; and
21	"(C) occur primarily within the territorial
22	jurisdiction of the United States.".
23	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 3077(1) of
24	title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as fol-
25	lows:

- 1 "(1) 'act of terrorism' means an act of domestic
- 2 or international terrorism as defined in section
- 3 2331;".
- 4 SEC. 804. PROHIBITION AGAINST HARBORING TERRORISTS.
- 5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 113B of title 18, United
- 6 States Code, is amended by adding after section 2338 the
- 7 following new section:

8 "§ 2339. Harboring or concealing terrorists

- 9 "(a) Whoever harbors or conceals any person who he
- 10 knows, or has reasonable grounds to believe, has com-
- 11 mitted, or is about to commit, an offense under section
- 12 32 (relating to destruction of aircraft or aircraft facilities),
- 13 section 175 (relating to biological weapons), section 229
- 14 (relating to chemical weapons), section 831 (relating to
- 15 nuclear materials), paragraph (2) or (3) of section 844(f)
- 16 (relating to arson and bombing of government property
- 17 risking or causing injury or death), section 1366(a) (relat-
- 18 ing to the destruction of an energy facility), section 2280
- 19 (relating to violence against maritime navigation), section
- 20 2332a (relating to weapons of mass destruction), or sec-
- 21 tion 2332b (relating to acts of terrorism transcending na-
- 22 tional boundaries) of this title, section 236(a) (relating to
- 23 sabotage of nuclear facilities or fuel) of the Atomic Energy
- 24 Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2284(a)), or section 46502 (relat-

1	ing to aircraft piracy) of title 49, shall be fined under this	
2	title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.".	
3	"(b) A violation of this section may be prosecuted in	
4	any Federal judicial district in which the underlying of-	
5	fense was committed, or in any other Federal judicial dis-	
6	trict as provided by law.".	
7	(b) Technical Amendment.—The chapter analysis	
8	for chapter 113B of title 18, United States Code, is	
9	amended by inserting after the item for section 2338 the	
10	following:	
	"2339. Harboring or concealing terrorists.".	
11	SEC. 805. JURISDICTION OVER CRIMES COMMITTED AT U.S.	
4.0	TACH IMPO ADDO AD	
12	FACILITIES ABROAD.	
12 13	Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended	
13	Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended	
13 14	Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:	
13 14 15	Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(9) With respect to offenses committed by or	
13 14 15 16	Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(9) With respect to offenses committed by or against a United States national, as defined in sec-	
13 14 15 16 17	Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(9) With respect to offenses committed by or against a United States national, as defined in section 1203(c) of this title—	
13 14 15 16 17 18	Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(9) With respect to offenses committed by or against a United States national, as defined in section 1203(c) of this title— "(A) the premises of United States diplo-	
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(9) With respect to offenses committed by or against a United States national, as defined in section 1203(c) of this title— "(A) the premises of United States diplomatic, consular, military or other United States	
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(9) With respect to offenses committed by or against a United States national, as defined in section 1203(c) of this title— "(A) the premises of United States diplomatic, consular, military or other United States Government missions or entities in foreign	
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Section 7 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(9) With respect to offenses committed by or against a United States national, as defined in section 1203(c) of this title— "(A) the premises of United States diplomatic, consular, military or other United States Government missions or entities in foreign States, including the buildings, parts of build-	

1	"(B) residences in foreign States and the
2	land appurtenant or ancillary thereto, irrespec-
3	tive of ownership, used for purposes of those
4	missions or entities or used by United States
5	personnel assigned to those missions or entities.
6	Nothing in this paragraph shall be deemed to super-
7	sede any treaty or international agreement in force
8	on the date of enactment of this paragraph with
9	which this paragraph conflicts. This paragraph does
10	not apply with respect to an offense committed by
11	a person described in section 3261(a) of this title.".
12	SEC. 806. MATERIAL SUPPORT FOR TERRORISM.
13	(a) In General.—Section 2339A of title 18, United
14	States Code, is amended—
15	(1) in subsection (a)—
16	(A) by striking ", within the United
17	States,";
18	(B) by inserting "229," after "175,";
19	(C) by inserting "1993," after "1992,";
20	(D) by inserting ", section 236 of the
21	Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2284),"
22	after "of this title";
23	(E) by inserting "or 60123(b)" after
24	"46502"; and

1	(F) by inserting at the end the following:
2	"A violation of this section may be prosecuted
3	in any Federal judicial district in which the un-
4	derlying offense was committed, or in any other
5	Federal judicial district as provided by law.";
6	and
7	(2) in subsection (b)—
8	(A) by striking "or other financial securi-
9	ties" and inserting "or monetary instruments
10	or financial securities"; and
11	(B) by inserting "expert advice or assist-
12	ance," after "training,".
13	(b) Technical Amendment.—Section
14	1956(c)(7)(D) of title 18, United States Code, is amended
15	by inserting "or 2339B" after "2339A".
16	SEC. 807. ASSETS OF TERRORIST ORGANIZATIONS.
17	Section 981(a)(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
18	amended by inserting at the end the following:
19	"(G) All assets, foreign or domestic—
20	"(i) of any person, entity, or organization
21	engaged in planning or perpetrating any act of
22	domestic or international terrorism (as defined
23	in section 2331) against the United States, citi-
24	zens or residents of the United States, or their
25	property, and all assets, foreign or domestic, af-

1	fording any person a source of influence over
2	any such entity or organization;
3	"(ii) acquired or maintained by any person
4	for the purpose of supporting, planning, con-
5	ducting, or concealing an act of domestic or
6	international terrorism (as defined in section
7	2331) against the United States, citizens or
8	residents of the United States, or their prop-
9	erty; or
10	"(iii) derived from, involved in, or used or
11	intended to be used to commit any act of do-
12	mestic or international terrorism (as defined in
13	section 2331) against the United States, citi-
14	zens or residents of the United States, or their
15	property.".
16	SEC. 808. TECHNICAL CLARIFICATION RELATING TO PROVI-
17	SION OF MATERIAL SUPPORT TO TER-
18	RORISM.
19	No provision of the Trade Sanctions Reform and Ex-
20	port Enhancement Act of 2000 (title IX of Public Law
21	106–387) shall be construed to limit or otherwise affect
22	section 2339A or 2339B of title 18, United States Code.
23	SEC. 809. DEFINITION OF FEDERAL CRIME OF TERRORISM.
24	Section 2332b of title 18, United States Code, is
25	amended—

1	(1) in subsection (f), by inserting after "ter-
2	rorism" the following: "and any violation of section
3	351(e), 844(e), 844(f)(1), 956(b), 1361, 1366(b),
4	1366(c), 1751(e), 2152, or 2156 of this title," be-
5	fore "and the Secretary"; and
6	(2) in subsection (g)(5)(B), by striking clauses
7	(i) through (iii) and inserting the following:
8	"(i) section 32 (relating to destruction
9	of aircraft or aircraft facilities), 37 (relat-
10	ing to violence at international airports),
11	81 (relating to arson within special mari-
12	time and territorial jurisdiction), 175 or
13	175b (relating to biological weapons), 229
14	(relating to chemical weapons), 351 (a)
15	through (d) (relating to congressional, cab-
16	inet, and Supreme Court assassination and
17	kidnaping), 831 (relating to nuclear mate-
18	rials), 842(m) or (n) (relating to plastic
19	explosives), 844(f) (2) through (3) (relat-
20	ing to arson and bombing of Government
21	property risking or causing death), 844(i)
22	(relating to arson and bombing of property
23	used in interstate commerce), 930(c) (re-
24	lating to killing or attempted killing during
25	an attack on a Federal facility with a dan-

1 gerous weapon), 956(a)(1) (relating to con-2 spiracy to murder, kidnap, or maim within 3 special maritime and territorial jurisdiction 4 of the United States), 1030(a)(1) (relating 5 protection of computers), to 6 1030(a)(5)(A)(i) resulting in damage as 7 defined in 1030(a)(5)(B)(ii) through (v) 8 (relating to protection of computers), 1114 9 (relating to killing or attempted killing of 10 officers and employees of the United 11 States), 1116 (relating to murder or man-12 officials, slaughter offoreign official 13 guests, or internationally protected per-14 sons), 1203 (relating to hostage taking), 15 1362 (relating to destruction of commu-16 nication lines, stations, or systems), 1363 17 (relating to injury to buildings or property 18 within special maritime and territorial ju-19 risdiction of the United States), 1366(a) 20 (relating to destruction of an energy facil-21 ity), 1751 (a) through (d) (relating to 22 Presidential and Presidential staff assas-23 sination and kidnaping), 1992 (relating to 24 wrecking trains), 1993 (relating to ter-25 rorist attacks and other acts of violence

1	against mass transportation systems),
2	2155 (relating to destruction of national
3	defense materials, premises, or utilities),
4	2280 (relating to violence against maritime
5	navigation), 2281 (relating to violence
6	against maritime fixed platforms), 2332
7	(relating to certain homicides and other vi-
8	olence against United States nationals oc-
9	curring outside of the United States),
10	2332a (relating to use of weapons of mass
11	destruction), 2332b (relating to acts of ter-
12	rorism transcending national boundaries),
13	2339 (relating to harboring terrorists),
14	2339A (relating to providing material sup-
15	port to terrorists), 2339B (relating to pro-
16	viding material support to terrorist organi-
17	zations), or 2340A (relating to torture) of
18	this title;
19	"(ii) section 236 (relating to sabotage
20	of nuclear facilities or fuel) of the Atomic
21	Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2284); or
22	"(iii) section 46502 (relating to air-
23	craft piracy), the second sentence of sec-
24	tion 46504 (relating to assault on a flight
25	crew with a dangerous weapon), section

1	46505(b)(3) or (c) (relating to explosive or
2	incendiary devices, or endangerment of
3	human life by means of weapons, on air-
4	craft), section 46506 if homicide or at-
5	tempted homicide is involved (relating to
6	application of certain criminal laws to acts
7	on aircraft), or section 60123(b) (relating
8	to destruction of interstate gas or haz-
9	ardous liquid pipeline facility) of title 49.".
10	SEC. 810. NO STATUTE OF LIMITATION FOR CERTAIN TER-
11	RORISM OFFENSES.
12	(a) In General.—Section 3286 of title 18, United
13	States Code, is amended to read as follows:
	States Code, is amended to read as follows: "§ 3286. Extension of statute of limitation for certain
13 14 15	
14	"§ 3286. Extension of statute of limitation for certain
14 15 16	"§ 3286. Extension of statute of limitation for certain terrorism offenses.
14 15 16 17	"§ 3286. Extension of statute of limitation for certain terrorism offenses. "(a) Eight-Year Limitation.—Notwithstanding
14 15 16 17	"\$ 3286. Extension of statute of limitation for certain terrorism offenses. "(a) Eight-Year Limitation.—Notwithstanding section 3282, no person shall be prosecuted, tried, or pun-
14 15 16 17 18	"\$3286. Extension of statute of limitation for certain terrorism offenses. "(a) Eight-Year Limitation.—Notwithstanding section 3282, no person shall be prosecuted, tried, or punished for any noncapital offense involving a violation of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"\$ 3286. Extension of statute of limitation for certain terrorism offenses. "(a) Eight-Year Limitation.—Notwithstanding section 3282, no person shall be prosecuted, tried, or punished for any noncapital offense involving a violation of any provision listed in section 2332b(g)(5)(B) other than
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"\(\)3286. Extension of statute of limitation for certain terrorism offenses. "(a) Eight-Year Limitation.—Notwithstanding section 3282, no person shall be prosecuted, tried, or punished for any noncapital offense involving a violation of any provision listed in section 2332b(g)(5)(B) other than a provision listed in section 3295, or a violation of section 112, 351(e), 1361, or 1751(e) of this title, or section
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"\section 3286. Extension of statute of limitation for certain terrorism offenses. "(a) Eight-Year Limitation.—Notwithstanding section 3282, no person shall be prosecuted, tried, or punished for any noncapital offense involving a violation of any provision listed in section 2332b(g)(5)(B) other than a provision listed in section 3295, or a violation of section 112, 351(e), 1361, or 1751(e) of this title, or section

- 1 "(b) No Limitation.—Notwithstanding any other
- 2 law, an indictment may be found or an information insti-
- 3 tuted at any time without limitation for any offense listed
- 4 in section 2332b(g)(5)(B), if the commission of such of-
- 5 fense resulted in, or created a forseeable risk of, death
- 6 or serious bodily injury to another person.".
- 7 (b) APPLICATION.—The amendments made by this
- 8 section shall apply to the prosecution of any offense com-
- 9 mitted before, on, or after the date of enactment of this
- 10 section.
- 11 SEC. 811. ALTERNATE MAXIMUM PENALTIES FOR TER-
- 12 RORISM OFFENSES.
- 13 (a) Arson.—Section 81 of title 18, United States
- 14 Code, is amended in the second undesignated paragraph
- 15 by striking "not more than twenty years" and inserting
- 16 "for any term of years or for life".
- 17 (b) Destruction of an Energy Facility.—Sec-
- 18 tion 1366 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
- 19 (1) in subsection (a), by striking "ten" and in-
- serting "20"; and
- 21 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 22 "(d) Whoever is convicted of a violation of subsection
- 23 (a) or (b) that has resulted in the death of any person
- 24 shall be subject to imprisonment for any term of years
- 25 or life.".

1 (c) Material Support to Terrorists.—Section 2 2339A(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— 3 (1) by striking "10" and inserting "15"; and 4 (2) by striking the period and inserting "and, 5 if the death of any person results, shall be impris-6 oned for any term of years or for life.". 7 (d) Material Support to Designated Foreign 8 Terrorist Organizations.—Section 2339B(a)(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— 10 (1) by striking "10" and inserting "15"; and 11 (2) by striking the period after "or both" and 12 inserting "and, if the death of any person results, 13 shall be imprisoned for any term of years or for 14 life.". 15 (e) Destruction of National-Defense Mate-RIALS.—Section 2155(a) of title 18, United States Code, 17 is amended— 18 (1) by striking "ten" and inserting "20"; and 19 (2) by striking the period at the end and inserting ", and, if death results to any person, shall be 20 21 imprisoned for any term of years or for life.". 22 (f) Sabotage of Nuclear Facilities or Fuel.— 23 Section 236 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2284), is amended—

1	(1) by striking "ten" each place it appears and
2	inserting "20";
3	(2) in subsection (a), by striking the period at
4	the end and inserting ", and, if death results to any
5	person, shall be imprisoned for any term of years or
6	for life."; and
7	(3) in subsection (b), by striking the period at
8	the end and inserting ", and, if death results to any
9	person, shall be imprisoned for any term of years or
10	for life.".
11	(g) Special Aircraft Jurisdiction of the
12	United States.—Section 46505(c) of title 49, United
13	States Code, is amended—
14	(1) by striking "15" and inserting "20"; and
15	(2) by striking the period at the end and insert-
16	ing ", and, if death results to any person, shall be
17	imprisoned for any term of years or for life.".
18	(h) Damaging or Destroying an Interstate Gas
19	OR HAZARDOUS LIQUID PIPELINE FACILITY.—Section
20	60123(b) of title 49, United States Code, is amended—
21	(1) by striking "15" and inserting "20"; and
22	(2) by striking the period at the end and insert-
23	ing ", and, if death results to any person, shall be
24	imprisoned for any term of years or for life.".

1	SEC. 812. PENALTIES FOR TERRORIST CONSPIRACIES.
2	(a) Arson.—Section 81 of title 18, United States
3	Code, is amended in the first undesignated paragraph—
4	(1) by striking ", or attempts to set fire to or
5	burn''; and
6	(2) by inserting "or attempts or conspires to do
7	such an act," before "shall be imprisoned".
8	(b) KILLINGS IN FEDERAL FACILITIES.—
9	(1) Section 930(c) of title 18, United States
10	Code, is amended—
11	(A) by striking "or attempts to kill";
12	(B) by inserting "or attempts or conspires
13	to do such an act," before "shall be punished";
14	and
15	(C) by striking "and 1113" and inserting
16	"1113, and 1117".
17	(2) Section 1117 of title 18, United States
18	Code, is amended by inserting "930(c)," after "sec-
19	tion".
20	(c) Communications Lines, Stations, or Sys-
21	TEMS.—Section 1362 of title 18, United States Code, is
22	amended in the first undesignated paragraph—
23	(1) by striking "or attempts willfully or mali-
24	ciously to injure or destroy"; and
25	(2) by inserting "or attempts or conspires to do
26	such an act," before "shall be fined".

- 1 (d) Buildings or Property Within Special
- 2 Maritime and Territorial Jurisdiction.—Section
- 3 1363 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
- 4 (1) by striking "or attempts to destroy or in-
- 5 jure"; and
- 6 (2) by inserting "or attempts or conspires to do
- 7 such an act," before "shall be fined" the first place
- 8 it appears.
- 9 (e) Wrecking Trains.—Section 1992 of title 18,
- 10 United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
- 11 following:
- 12 "(c) A person who conspires to commit any offense
- 13 defined in this section shall be subject to the same pen-
- 14 alties (other than the penalty of death) as the penalties
- 15 prescribed for the offense, the commission of which was
- 16 the object of the conspiracy.".
- 17 (f) Material Support to Terrorists.—Section
- 18 2339A of title 18, United States Code, is amended by in-
- 19 serting "or attempts or conspires to do such an act," be-
- 20 fore "shall be fined".
- 21 (g) TORTURE.—Section 2340A of title 18, United
- 22 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 23 lowing:
- 24 "(c) Conspiracy.—A person who conspires to com-
- 25 mit an offense under this section shall be subject to the

same penalties (other than the penalty of death) as the penalties prescribed for the offense, the commission of 3 which was the object of the conspiracy.". 4 (h) Sabotage of Nuclear Facilities or Fuel.— Section 236 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2284), is amended— 6 7 (1) in subsection (a)— (A) by striking ", or who intentionally and 8 9 willfully attempts to destroy or cause physical 10 damage to"; 11 (B) in paragraph (4), by striking the pe-12 riod at the end and inserting a comma; and 13 (C) by inserting "or attempts or conspires to do such an act," before "shall be fined"; and 14 15 (2) in subsection (b)— (A) by striking "or attempts to cause"; 16 17 and 18 (B) by inserting "or attempts or conspires 19 to do such an act," before "shall be fined". 20 (i) Interference with Flight Crew Members 21 AND ATTENDANTS.—Section 46504 of title 49, United 22 States Code, is amended by inserting "or attempts or con-23 spires to do such an act," before "shall be fined". 24 (j) SPECIAL AIRCRAFT JURISDICTION OF THE United States.—Section 46505 of title 49, United

- 1 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 2 lowing:
- 3 "(e) Conspiracy.—If two or more persons conspire
- 4 to violate subsection (b) or (c), and one or more of such
- 5 persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy,
- 6 each of the parties to such conspiracy shall be punished
- 7 as provided in such subsection.".
- 8 (k) Damaging or Destroying an Interstate Gas
- 9 OR HAZARDOUS LIQUID PIPELINE FACILITY.—Section
- 10 60123(b) of title 49, United States Code, is amended—
- 11 (1) by striking ", or attempting to damage or
- destroy,"; and
- 13 (2) by inserting ", or attempting or conspiring
- to do such an act," before "shall be fined".
- 15 SEC. 813. POST-RELEASE SUPERVISION OF TERRORISTS.
- 16 Section 3583 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 17 amended by adding at the end the following:
- 18 "(j) Supervised Release Terms for Terrorism
- 19 Predicates.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), the au-
- 20 thorized term of supervised release for any offense listed
- 21 in section 2332b(g)(5)(B), the commission of which re-
- 22 sulted in, or created a foreseeable risk of, death or serious
- 23 bodily injury to another person, is any term of years or
- 24 life.".

1	SEC. 814. INCLUSION OF ACTS OF TERRORISM AS RACKET-
2	EERING ACTIVITY.
3	Section 1961(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
4	amended—
5	(1) by striking "or (F)" and inserting "(F)";
6	and
7	(2) by inserting before the semicolon at the end
8	the following: ", or (G) any act that is indictable as
9	an offense listed in section 2332b(g)(5)(B)".
10	SEC. 815. DETERRENCE AND PREVENTION OF
11	CYBERTERRORISM.
12	(a) Clarification of Protection of Protected
13	Computers.—Section 1030(a)(5) of title 18, United
14	States Code, is amended—
15	(1) by inserting "(i)" after (A)";
16	(2) by redesignating subparagraphs (B) and
17	(C) as clauses (ii) and (iii), respectively;
18	(3) by adding "and" at the end of clause (iii),
19	as so redesignated; and
20	(4) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(B) caused (or, in the case of an at-
22	tempted offense, would, if completed, have
23	caused) conduct described in clause (i), (ii), or
24	(iii) of subparagraph (A) that resulted in—
25	"(i) loss to 1 or more persons during
26	any 1-year period (including loss resulting

1	from a related course of conduct affecting
2	1 or more other protected computers) ag-
3	gregating at least \$5,000 in value;
4	"(ii) the modification or impairment,
5	or potential modification or impairment, of
6	the medical examination, diagnosis, treat-
7	ment, or care of 1 or more individuals;
8	"(iii) physical injury to any person;
9	"(iv) a threat to public health or safe-
10	ty; or
11	"(v) damage affecting a computer sys-
12	tem used by or for a Government entity in
13	furtherance of the administration of jus-
14	tice, national defense, or national secu-
15	rity;".
16	(b) Penalties.—Section 1030(c) of title 18, United
17	States Code is amended—
18	(1) in paragraph (2)—
19	(A) in subparagraph (A) —
20	(i) by inserting "except as provided in
21	subparagraph (B)," before "a fine";
22	(ii) by striking " $(a)(5)(C)$ " and in-
23	serting "(a)(5)(A)(iii)"; and
24	(iii) by striking "and at the end;

1	(B) in subparagraph (B), by inserting "or
2	an attempt to commit an offense punishable
3	under this subparagraph," after "subsection
4	(a)(2)," in the matter preceding clause (i); and
5	(C) in subparagraph (C), by striking
6	"and" at the end;
7	(2) in paragraph (3)—
8	(A) by striking ", $(a)(5)(A)$, $(a)(5)(B)$,"
9	both places it appears; and
10	(B) by striking "and" at the end; and
11	(3) by striking " $(a)(5)(C)$ " and inserting
12	"(a)(5)(A)(iii)"; and
13	(4) by adding at the end the following new
14	paragraphs:
15	"(4)(A) a fine under this title, imprisonment
16	for not more than 10 years, or both, in the case of
17	an offense under subsection $(a)(5)(A)(i)$, or an at-
18	tempt to commit an offense punishable under that
19	subsection;
20	"(B) a fine under this title, imprisonment
21	for not more than 5 years, or both, in the case
22	of an offense under subsection (a)(5)(A)(ii), or
23	an attempt to commit an offense punishable
24	under that subsection:

1	"(C) a fine under this title, imprisonment
2	for not more than 20 years, or both, in the case
3	of an offense under subsection $(a)(5)(A)(i)$ or
4	(a)(5)(A)(ii), or an attempt to commit an of-
5	fense punishable under either subsection, that
6	occurs after a conviction for another offense
7	under this section.".
8	(c) Definitions.—Subsection (e) of section 1030 of
9	title 18, United States Code is amended—
10	(1) in paragraph (2)(B), by inserting ", includ-
11	ing a computer located outside the United States"
12	before the semicolon;
13	(2) in paragraph (7), by striking "and" at the
14	end;
15	(3) by striking paragraph (8) and inserting the
16	following new paragraph (8):
17	"(8) the term 'damage' means any impairment
18	to the integrity or availability of data, a program, a
19	system, or information;";
20	(4) in paragraph (9), by striking the period at
21	the end and inserting a semicolon; and
22	(5) by adding at the end the following new
23	paragraphs:
24	"(10) the term 'conviction' shall include a con-
25	viction under the law of any State for a crime pun-

1	ishable by imprisonment for more than 1 year, an
2	element of which is unauthorized access, or exceed-
3	ing authorized access, to a computer;
4	"(11) the term 'loss' includes any reasonable
5	cost to any victim, including the cost of responding
6	to an offense, conducting a damage assessment, and
7	restoring the data, program, system, or information
8	to its condition prior to the offense, and any revenue
9	lost, cost incurred, or other consequential damages
10	incurred because of interruption of service;
11	"(12) the term 'person' means any individual,
12	firm, corporation, educational institution, financial
13	institution, governmental entity, or legal or other en-
14	tity;".
15	(d) Damages in Civil Actions.—Subsection (g) of
16	section 1030 of title 18, United States Code is amended—
17	(1) by striking the second sentence and insert-
18	ing the following new sentences: "A suit for a viola-
19	tion of subsection (a)(5) may be brought only if the
20	conduct involves one of the factors enumerated in
21	subsection (a)(5)(B). Damages for a violation involv-
22	ing only conduct described in subsection $(a)(5)(B)(i)$
23	are limited to economic damages."; and
24	(2) by adding at the end the following: "No ac-
25	tion may be brought under this subsection for the

1	negligent	design	or	manufacture	of	computer	hard-
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- ware, computer software, or firmware.".
- 3 (e) Amendment of Sentencing Guidelines Re-
- 4 LATING TO CERTAIN COMPUTER FRAUD AND ABUSE.—
- 5 Pursuant to its authority under section 994(p) of title 28,
- 6 United States Code, the United States Sentencing Com-
- 7 mission shall amend the Federal sentencing guidelines to
- 8 ensure that any individual convicted of a violation of sec-
- 9 tion 1030 of title 18, United States Code, can be subjected
- 10 to appropriate penalties, without regard to any mandatory
- 11 minimum term of imprisonment.
- 12 SEC. 816. ADDITIONAL DEFENSE TO CIVIL ACTIONS RELAT-
- 13 ING TO PRESERVING RECORDS IN RESPONSE
- 14 TO GOVERNMENT REQUESTS.
- 15 Section 2707(e)(1) of title 18, United States Code,
- 16 is amended by inserting after "or statutory authorization"
- 17 the following: "(including a request of a governmental en-
- 18 tity under section 2703(f) of this title)".
- 19 SEC. 817. DEVELOPMENT AND SUPPORT OF
- 20 CYBERSECURITY FORENSIC CAPABILITIES.
- 21 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall estab-
- 22 lish such regional computer forensic laboratories as the
- 23 Attorney General considers appropriate, and provide sup-
- 24 port to existing computer forensic laboratories, in order

1	that all such computer forensic laboratories have the
2	capability—
3	(1) to provide forensic examinations with re-
4	spect to seized or intercepted computer evidence re-
5	lating to criminal activity (including cyberterrorism);
6	(2) to provide training and education for Fed-
7	eral, State, and local law enforcement personnel and
8	prosecutors regarding investigations, forensic anal-
9	yses, and prosecutions of computer-related crime (in-
10	cluding cyberterrorism);
11	(3) to assist Federal, State, and local law en-
12	forcement in enforcing Federal, State, and local
13	criminal laws relating to computer-related crime;
14	(4) to facilitate and promote the sharing of
15	Federal law enforcement expertise and information
16	about the investigation, analysis, and prosecution of
17	computer-related crime with State and local law en-
18	forcement personnel and prosecutors, including the
19	use of multijurisdictional task forces; and
20	(5) to carry out such other activities as the At-
21	torney General considers appropriate.
22	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—
23	(1) Authorization.—There is hereby author-
24	ized to be appropriated in each fiscal year

1	\$50,000,000 for purposes of carrying out this sec-
2	tion.
3	(2) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts appropriated pur-
4	suant to the authorization of appropriations in para-
5	graph (1) shall remain available until expended.
6	TITLE IX—IMPROVED
7	INTELLIGENCE
8	SEC. 901. RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL
9	INTELLIGENCE REGARDING FOREIGN INTEL-
10	LIGENCE COLLECTED UNDER FOREIGN IN-
11	TELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.
12	Section 103(c) of the National Security Act of 1947
13	(50 U.S.C. 403–3(c)) is amended—
14	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (6) and (7) as
15	paragraphs (7) and (8), respectively; and
16	(2) by inserting after paragraph (5) the fol-
17	lowing new paragraph (6):
18	"(6) establish requirements and priorities for
19	foreign intelligence information to be collected under
20	the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978
21	(50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), and provide assistance to
22	the Attorney General to ensure that information de-
23	rived from electronic surveillance or physical
24	searches under that Act is disseminated so it may be
25	used efficiently and effectively for foreign intel-

1	ligence purposes, except that the Director shall have
2	no authority to direct, manage, or undertake elec-
3	tronic surveillance operations pursuant to that Act
4	unless otherwise authorized by statute or executive
5	order;".
6	SEC. 902. INCLUSION OF INTERNATIONAL TERRORIST AC-
7	TIVITIES WITHIN SCOPE OF FOREIGN INTEL-
8	LIGENCE UNDER NATIONAL SECURITY ACT
9	OF 1947.
10	Section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50
11	U.S.C. 401a) is amended—
12	(1) in paragraph (2), by inserting before the pe-
13	riod the following: ", or international terrorist activi-
14	ties''; and
15	(2) in paragraph (3), by striking "and activities
16	conducted" and inserting ", and activities con-
17	ducted,".
18	SEC. 903. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE ESTABLISHMENT
19	AND MAINTENANCE OF INTELLIGENCE RELA-
20	TIONSHIPS TO ACQUIRE INFORMATION ON
21	TERRORISTS AND TERRORIST ORGANIZA-
22	TIONS.
23	It is the sense of Congress that officers and employ-
24	ees of the intelligence community of the Federal Govern-
25	ment, acting within the course of their official duties,

- 1 should be encouraged, and should make every effort, to
- 2 establish and maintain intelligence relationships with any
- 3 person, entity, or group for the purpose of engaging in
- 4 lawful intelligence activities, including the acquisition of
- 5 information on the identity, location, finances, affiliations,
- 6 capabilities, plans, or intentions of a terrorist or terrorist
- 7 organization, or information on any other person, entity,
- 8 or group (including a foreign government) engaged in har-
- 9 boring, comforting, financing, aiding, or assisting a ter-
- 10 rorist or terrorist organization.
- 11 SEC. 904. TEMPORARY AUTHORITY TO DEFER SUBMITTAL
- 12 TO CONGRESS OF REPORTS ON INTEL-
- 13 LIGENCE AND INTELLIGENCE-RELATED MAT-
- 14 TERS.
- 15 (a) AUTHORITY TO DEFER.—The Secretary of De-
- 16 fense, Attorney General, and Director of Central Intel-
- 17 ligence each may, during the effective period of this sec-
- 18 tion, defer the date of submittal to Congress of any cov-
- 19 ered intelligence report under the jurisdiction of such offi-
- 20 cial until February 1, 2002.
- 21 (b) Covered Intelligence Report.—Except as
- 22 provided in subsection (c), for purposes of subsection (a),
- 23 a covered intelligence report is as follows:
- 24 (1) Any report on intelligence or intelligence-re-
- 25 lated activities of the United States Government

- that is required to be submitted to Congress by an element of the intelligence community during the ef-
- 3 fective period of this section.
- 4 (2) Any report or other matter that is required
- 5 to be submitted to the Select Committee on Intel-
- 6 ligence of the Senate and Permanent Select Com-
- 7 mittee on Intelligence of the House of Representa-
- 8 tives by the Department of Defense or the Depart-
- 9 ment of Justice during the effective period of this
- section.
- 11 (c) Exception for Certain Reports.—For pur-
- 12 poses of subsection (a), any report required by section 502
- 13 or 503 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.
- 14 413a, 413b) is not a covered intelligence report.
- 15 (d) Notice to Congress.—Upon deferring the date
- 16 of submittal to Congress of a covered intelligence report
- 17 under subsection (a), the official deferring the date of sub-
- 18 mittal of the covered intelligence report shall submit to
- 19 Congress notice of the deferral. Notice of deferral of a re-
- 20 port shall specify the provision of law, if any, under which
- 21 the report would otherwise be submitted to Congress.
- 22 (e) Extension of Deferral.—(1) Each official
- 23 specified in subsection (a) may defer the date of submittal
- 24 to Congress of a covered intelligence report under the ju-
- 25 risdiction of such official to a date after February 1, 2002,

- 1 if such official submits to the committees of Congress
- 2 specified in subsection (b)(2) before February 1, 2002, a
- 3 certification that preparation and submittal of the covered
- 4 intelligence report on February 1, 2002, will impede the
- 5 work of officers or employees who are engaged in
- 6 counterterrorism activities.
- 7 (2) A certification under paragraph (1) with respect
- 8 to a covered intelligence report shall specify the date on
- 9 which the covered intelligence report will be submitted to
- 10 Congress.
- 11 (f) Effective Period.—The effective period of this
- 12 section is the period beginning on the date of the enact-
- 13 ment of this Act and ending on February 1, 2002.
- 14 (g) Element of the Intelligence Community
- 15 Defined.—In this section, the term "element of the intel-
- 16 ligence community" means any element of the intelligence
- 17 community specified or designated under section 3(4) of
- 18 the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)).
- 19 SEC. 905. DISCLOSURE TO DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTEL-
- 20 LIGENCE OF FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE-RE-
- 21 LATED INFORMATION WITH RESPECT TO
- 22 CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS.
- 23 (a) In General.—Title I of the National Security
- 24 Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 402 et seq.) is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating subsection 105B as section
2	105C; and
3	(2) by inserting after section 105A the fol-
4	lowing new section 105B:
5	"DISCLOSURE OF FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE ACQUIRED IN
6	CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS; NOTICE OF CRIMINAL
7	INVESTIGATIONS OF FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE
8	SOURCES
9	"Sec. 105B. (a) Disclosure of Foreign Intel-
10	LIGENCE.—(1) Except as otherwise provided by law and
11	subject to paragraph (2), the Attorney General, or the
12	head of any other department or agency of the Federal
13	Government with law enforcement responsibilities, shall
14	expeditiously disclose to the Director of Central Intel-
15	ligence, pursuant to guidelines developed by the Attorney
16	General in consultation with the Director, foreign intel-
17	ligence acquired by an element of the Department of Jus-
18	tice or an element of such department or agency, as the
19	case may be, in the course of a criminal investigation.
20	"(2) The Attorney General by regulation and in con-
21	sultation with the Director of Central Intelligence may
22	provide for exceptions to the applicability of paragraph (1)
23	for one or more classes of foreign intelligence, or foreign
24	intelligence with respect to one or more targets or matters,
25	if the Attorney General determines that disclosure of such
26	foreign intelligence under that paragraph would jeopardize

- 1 an ongoing law enforcement investigation or impair other
- 2 significant law enforcement interests.
- 3 "(b) Procedures for Notice of Criminal Inves-
- 4 TIGATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of
- 5 enactment of this section, the Attorney General, in con-
- 6 sultation with the Director of Central Intelligence, shall
- 7 develop guidelines to ensure that after receipt of a report
- 8 from an element of the intelligence community of activity
- 9 of a foreign intelligence source or potential foreign intel-
- 10 ligence source that may warrant investigation as criminal
- 11 activity, the Attorney General provides notice to the Direc-
- 12 tor of Central Intelligence, within a reasonable period of
- 13 time, of his intention to commence, or decline to com-
- 14 mence, a criminal investigation of such activity.
- 15 "(c) Procedures.—The Attorney General shall de-
- 16 velop procedures for the administration of this section, in-
- 17 cluding the disclosure of foreign intelligence by elements
- 18 of the Department of Justice, and elements of other de-
- 19 partments and agencies of the Federal Government, under
- 20 subsection (a) and the provision of notice with respect to
- 21 criminal investigations under subsection (b).".
- 22 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents
- 23 in the first section of that Act is amended by striking the
- 24 item relating to section 105B and inserting the following
- 25 new items:

- "Sec. 105B. Disclosure of foreign intelligence acquired in criminal investigations; notice of criminal investigations of foreign intelligence sources.
- "Sec. 105C. Protection of the operational files of the National Imagery and Mapping Agency.".

1 SEC. 906. FOREIGN TERRORIST ASSET TRACKING CENTER.

- 2 (a) Report on Reconfiguration.—Not later than
- 3 February 1, 2002, the Attorney General, the Director of
- 4 Central Intelligence, and the Secretary of the Treasury
- 5 shall jointly submit to Congress a report on the feasibility
- 6 and desirability of reconfiguring the Foreign Terrorist
- 7 Asset Tracking Center and the Office of Foreign Assets
- 8 Control of the Department of the Treasury in order to
- 9 establish a capability to provide for the effective and effi-
- 10 cient analysis and dissemination of foreign intelligence re-
- 11 lating to the financial capabilities and resources of inter-
- 12 national terrorist organizations.
- 13 (b) Report Requirements.—(1) In preparing the
- 14 report under subsection (a), the Attorney General, the
- 15 Secretary, and the Director shall consider whether, and
- 16 to what extent, the capacities and resources of the Finan-
- 17 cial Crimes Enforcement Center of the Department of the
- 18 Treasury may be integrated into the capability con-
- 19 templated by the report.
- 20 (2) If the Attorney General, Secretary, and the Direc-
- 21 tor determine that it is feasible and desirable to undertake
- 22 the reconfiguration described in subsection (a) in order to
- 23 establish the capability described in that subsection, the

- 1 Attorney General, the Secretary, and the Director shall
- 2 include with the report under that subsection a detailed
- 3 proposal for legislation to achieve the reconfiguration.

4 SEC. 907. NATIONAL VIRTUAL TRANSLATION CENTER.

- 5 (a) Report on Establishment.—(1) Not later
- 6 than February 1, 2002, the Director of Central Intel-
- 7 ligence shall, in consultation with the Director of the Fed-
- 8 eral Bureau of Investigation, submit to the appropriate
- 9 committees of Congress a report on the establishment and
- 10 maintenance within the intelligence community of an ele-
- 11 ment for purposes of providing timely and accurate trans-
- 12 lations of foreign intelligence for all other elements of the
- 13 intelligence community. In the report, the element shall
- 14 be referred to as the "National Virtual Translation Cen-
- 15 ter".
- 16 (2) The report on the element described in paragraph
- 17 (1) shall discuss the use of state-of-the-art communica-
- 18 tions technology, the integration of existing translation ca-
- 19 pabilities in the intelligence community, and the utilization
- 20 of remote-connection capacities so as to minimize the need
- 21 for a central physical facility for the element.
- 22 (b) RESOURCES.—The report on the element required
- 23 by subsection (a) shall address the following:
- 24 (1) The assignment to the element of a staff of
- 25 individuals possessing a broad range of linguistic

- 1 and translation skills appropriate for the purposes of 2 the element.
 - (2) The provision to the element of communications capabilities and systems that are commensurate with the most current and sophisticated communications capabilities and systems available to other elements of intelligence community.
- 8 (3) The assurance, to the maximum extent 9 practicable, that the communications capabilities and 10 systems provided to the element will be compatible 11 with communications capabilities and systems uti-12 lized by the Federal Bureau of Investigation in se-13 curing timely and accurate translations of foreign 14 language materials for law enforcement investiga-15 tions.
- 16 (4) The development of a communications in-17 frastructure to ensure the efficient and secure use of 18 the translation capabilities of the element.
- 19 (c) SECURE COMMUNICATIONS.—The report shall in-20 clude a discussion of the creation of secure electronic com-21 munications between the element described by subsection 22 (a) and the other elements of the intelligence community.
- 23 (d) Definitions.—In this section:
- 24 (1) FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.—The term "for-25 eign intelligence" has the meaning given that term

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1	in section 3(2) of the National Security Act of 1947					
2	(50 U.S.C. 401a(2)).					
3	(2) Element of the intelligence commu-					
4	NITY.—The term "element of the intelligence com-					
5	munity" means any element of the intelligence com-					
6	munity specified or designated under section 3(4) of					
7	the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.					
8	401a(4)).					
9	SEC. 908. TRAINING OF GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS REGARD					
10	ING IDENTIFICATION AND USE OF FOREIGN					
11	INTELLIGENCE.					
12	(a) Program Required.—The Attorney General					
13	shall, in consultation with the Director of Central Intel-					
14	ligence, carry out a program to provide appropriate train-					
15	ing to officials described in subsection (b) in order to as-					
16	sist such officials in—					
17	(1) identifying foreign intelligence information					
18	in the course of their duties; and					
19	(2) utilizing foreign intelligence information in					
20	the course of their duties, to the extent that the uti-					
21	lization of such information is appropriate for such					
22	duties.					
23	(b) Officials.—The officials provided training					
24	under subsection (a) are, at the discretion of the Attorney					
25	General and the Director, the following:					

1	(1) Officials of the Federal Government who					
2	are not ordinarily engaged in the collection, dissem					
3	nation, and use of foreign intelligence in the per					
4	formance of their duties.					
5	(2) Officials of State and local governments					
6	who encounter, or may encounter in the course of a					
7	terrorist event, foreign intelligence in the perform-					
8	ance of their duties.					
9	(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is					
10	hereby authorized to be appropriated for the Department					
11	of Justice such sums as may be necessary for purposes					
12	2 of carrying out the program required by subsection (a).					
	Passed the Senate October 11, 2001.					
	Attest:					

Secretary.

 $^{107\text{TH CONGRESS}}_{1\text{ST Session}}$ S. 1510

AN ACT

To deter and punish terrorist acts in the United States and around the world, to enhance law enforcement investigatory tools, and for other purposes.